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Lieferung & Zahlungsart

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Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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LIS1/RARA FISH Probe

Catalog # : FA0650

規格 : [200 uL]

List All

Specification

Product Description:	Made to order FISH probes for identification of gene amplification using Fluorescent In Situ Hybridization Technique. (Technology)
Supplied Product:	DAPI Counterstain (150 ng/mL) 250 uL
Storage Instruction:	Store at 4°C in the dark.
Origin:	Human
Source:	Genomic DNA
Notice:	We strongly recommend the customer to use FFPE FISH PreTreatment Kit 1 (Catalog #: KA2375 or KA2691) for the pretreatment of Formalin-Fixed Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE) tissue sections.
Regulation Status:	For research use only (RUO)

Application Image

Fluorescent In Situ Hybridization (Cell)

Applications

Fluorescent In Situ Hybridization (Cell)

 [Protocol Download](#)

[PAFAH1B1](#) [RARA](#)

Gene Information

Entrez GeneID: [5048](#)

Gene Name: PAFAH1B1

Gene Alias: LIS1, LIS2, MDCR, MDS, PAFAH

Gene Description: platelet-activating factor acetylhydrolase, isoform Ib, alpha subunit 45kDa

Omim ID: [247200](#), [601545](#), [607432](#)

Gene Ontology: [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary: This locus was identified as encoding a gene that when mutated or lost caused the lissencephaly associated with Miller-Dieker lissencephaly syndrome. This gene encodes the non-catalytic alpha subunit of the intracellular Ib isoform of platelet-activating factor acetylhydrolase, a heterotrimeric enzyme that specifically catalyzes the removal of the acetyl group at the SN-2 position of platelet-activating factor (identified as 1-O-alkyl-2-acetyl-sn-glycerol-3-phosphorylcholine). Two other isoforms of intracellular platelet-activating factor acetylhydrolase exist: one composed of multiple subunits, the other, a single subunit. In addition, a single-subunit isoform of this enzyme is found in serum.

[provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations: Platelet-activating factor acetylhydrolase, isoform 1B, alpha subunit,lissencephaly 1 protein,platelet-activating factor acetylhydrolase, isoform 1b, alpha subunit

Gene Information

Entrez GeneID: [5914](#)

Gene Name: RARA

Gene Alias: NR1B1,RAR

Gene Description: retinoic acid receptor, alpha

Omim ID: [180240](#)

Gene Ontology: [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary: Retinoid signaling is transduced by 2 families of nuclear receptors, retinoic acid receptor (RAR) and retinoid X receptor (RXR; see MIM 180245), which form RXR/RAR heterodimers. In the absence of ligand, DNA-bound RXR/RARA represses transcription by recruiting the corepressors NCOR1 (MIM 600849), SMRT (NCOR2; MIM 600848), and histone deacetylase (see MIM 601241). When ligand binds to the complex, it induces a conformational change allowing the recruitment of coactivators, histone acetyltransferases (see MIM 603053), and the basic transcription machinery. Translocations that always involve rearrangement of the RARA gene are a cardinal feature of acute promyelocytic leukemia (APL; MIM 612376). The most frequent translocation is t(15,17)(q21;q22), which fuses the RARA gene with the PML gene (MIM 102578) (Vitoux et al., 2007 [PubMed 17468032]). [supplied by OMIM]

Other Designations: OTTHUMP00000164454,OTTHUMP00000164456,Retinoic acid receptor, alpha polypeptide,nucleophosmin-retinoic acid receptor alpha fusion protein NPM-RAR long form

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