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Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



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Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

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See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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Datasheet

CD55 monoclonal antibody, clone JS11 (FITC)

Catalog Number: MAB13712

Regulatory Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against full length recombinant human CD55.

Clone Name: JS11

Immunogen: Recombinant protein corresponding to full length human CD55.

Host: Mouse

Theoretical MW (kDa): 60-70

Reactivity: Human

Applications: Flow Cyt

(See our web site product page for detailed applications information)

Protocols: See our web site at

<http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp> or product page for detailed protocols

Form: Liquid

Conjugation: FITC

Purification: Protein A/G purification

Purity: >90%

Isotype: IgG1

Recommend Usage: Flow Cytometry (5 μ L/ 10^6 cells)

The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer: In PBS, pH 7.4 (protein stabilizer, 0.09% sodium azide).

Storage Instruction: Store in the dark at 4°C.

Entrez GeneID: 1604

Gene Symbol: CD55

Gene Alias: CR, CROM, DAF, TC

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a protein involved in the regulation of the complement cascade. The encoded glycoprotein is also known as the decay-accelerating factor (DAF); binding of DAF to complement proteins accelerates their decay, disrupting the cascade and preventing damage to host cells. Antigens present on the DAF glycoprotein constitute the Cromer blood group system (CROM). Two alternatively spliced transcripts encoding different proteins have been identified. The predominant transcript encodes a membrane-bound protein expressed on cells exposed to plasma component proteins but an alternatively spliced transcript produces a soluble protein present at much lower levels. Additional, alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described, but their biological validity has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq]