

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic in





9F, No. 108, Jhouzih St.,Taipei, Taiwan Tel: + 886-2-8751-1888 Fax: + 886-2-6602-1218 E-mail: sales@abnova.com

Datasheet

CD40 monoclonal antibody, clone hCD40

Catalog Number: MAB23608

Regulation Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of human CD40.

Clone Name: hCD40

Immunogen: Activated Human B cells

Host: Mouse

Protocols: See our web site at

http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp or product

page for detailed protocols

Form: Lyophilized

Purification: Protein-A

Isotype: IgG1

Recommend Usage: For staining (10 µL/1,000,000

cells)

The optimal working dilution should be determined by

the end user.

Storage Buffer: Lyophilized from 1 mg/mL in PBS

Storage Instruction: Store at 4°C on dry atmosphere. After reconstitution with 1 mL of deionized water, store at

-20°C or lower.

Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GenelD: 958

Gene Symbol: CD40

Gene Alias: Bp50, CDW40, MGC9013, TNFRSF5, p50

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily. This receptor has been found to be essential in mediating a broad variety of immune and inflammatory responses including T cell-dependent immunoglobulin class switching, memory B cell development, and germinal center

formation. AT-hook transcription factor AKNA is reported to coordinately regulate the expression of this receptor and its ligand, which may be important for homotypic cell interactions. Adaptor protein TNFR2 interacts with this receptor and serves as a mediator of the signal transduction. The interaction of this receptor and its ligand is found to be necessary for amyloid-beta-induced microglial activation, and thus is thought to be an early event in Alzheimer disease pathogenesis. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene encoding distinct isoforms have been reported. [provided by RefSeq]