

## Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien
Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial
Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik
Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

#### Zuschläge

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- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

#### SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

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### Datasheet

# CD40 Biotin monoclonal antibody, clone hCD40

Catalog Number: MAB23609

Regulation Status: For research use only (RUO)

**Product Description:** Mouse Biotin monoclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of human CD40.

Clone Name: hCD40

Immunogen: Activated Human B cells

Host: Mouse

**Protocols:** See our web site at http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp or product page for detailed protocols

Form: Lyophilized

Purification: Protein-A

Isotype: IgG1

**Recommend Usage:** For staining (10 µL/1,000,000 cells)

The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer: Lyophilized from 1 mg/mL in PBS

**Storage Instruction:** Store at 4°C on dry atmosphere. After reconstitution with 1 mL of deionized water, store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GenelD: 958

Gene Symbol: CD40

Gene Alias: Bp50, CDW40, MGC9013, TNFRSF5, p50

**Gene Summary:** The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily. This receptor has been found to be essential in mediating a broad variety of immune and inflammatory responses including T cell-dependent immunoglobulin class switching,

memory B cell development, and germinal center formation. AT-hook transcription factor AKNA is reported to coordinately regulate the expression of this receptor and its ligand, which may be important for homotypic cell interactions. Adaptor protein TNFR2 interacts with this receptor and serves as a mediator of the signal transduction. The interaction of this receptor and its ligand is found to be necessary for amyloid-beta-induced microglial activation, and thus is thought to be an early event in Alzheimer disease pathogenesis. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene encoding distinct isoforms have been reported. [provided by RefSeq]