

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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Datasheet

LEP (Human) Recombinant protein

Catalog Number: P8867

Regulation Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Human LEP (P41159) recombinant protein expressed in *Escherichia Coli*.

Host: Escherichia coli

Theoretical MW (kDa): 16

Protocols: See our web site at

http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp or product

page for detailed protocols

Form: Lyophilized

Preparation Method: Escherichia coli expression

system

Purity: > 95% by SDS-PAGE.

> 95% by SEC-HPLC.

Activity: Biological Activity is evidenced by inducing proliferation of BAF/3 cells stably transfected with the

long form of human leptin receptor.

Storage Buffer: Lyophilized from 0.0045mM NaHCO3

Storage Instruction: Lyophilized although stable at room temperature for 3 weeks. should be stored desiccated below -20°C. Upon reconstitution should be stored at 4°C between 2-7 days and for future use below

-20°C.

Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GenelD: 3952

Gene Symbol: LEP

Gene Alias: FLJ94114, OB, OBS

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a protein that is secreted by white adipocytes, and which plays a major role in the regulation of body weight. This protein, which acts through the leptin receptor, functions as part of a signaling pathway that can inhibit food intake and/or regulate energy expenditure to maintain constancy of the

adipose mass. This protein also has several endocrine functions, and is involved in the regulation of immune and inflammatory responses, hematopoiesis, angiogenesis and wound healing. Mutations in this gene and/or its regulatory regions cause severe obesity, and morbid obesity with hypogonadism. This gene has also been linked to type 2 diabetes mellitus development. [provided by RefSeq]