

Produktinformation



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Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial
Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik
Laborgeräte & Service

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Lieferung & Zahlungsart siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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Datasheet

AXL (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog Number: P9797

Regulation Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Human AXL (NP_068713.2, Glu33-Ser442) partial recombinant protein with His tag at C-terminus expressed in HEK293 cells.

Sequence: Glu33-Ser442

Host: Human

Theoretical MW (kDa): 45.4

Protocols: See our web site at http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp or product page for detailed protocols

Form: Lyophilized

Preparation Method: Mammalian cell (HEK293) expression system

Purity: > 95% as determined by Tris-Bis PAGE; > 95% as determined by HPLC

Endotoxin Level: < 1 EU per 1 ug of protein (determined by LAL method)

Activity: The EC_{50} was 10.0 ng/mL, messured by ELISA at 1 ug/mL.

Recommend Usage: Biological Activity ELISA SDS-PAGE The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer: Lyophilized from sterile distilled Water is > 100 ug/mL

Storage Instruction: Store at 2°C to 8°C for 1 week. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C.

Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GenelD: 558

Gene Symbol: AXL

Gene Alias: JTK11, UFO

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the receptor tyrosine kinase subfamily. Although it is similar to other receptor tyrosine kinases, this protein represents a unique structure of the extracellular region that juxtaposes IgL and FNIII repeats. It transduces signals from the extracellular matrix into the cytoplasm by binding growth factors like vitamin K-dependent protein growth-arrest-specific gene 6. It is involved in the stimulation of cell proliferation and can also mediate cell aggregation by homophilic binding. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq]