

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic in





9F, No. 108, Jhouzih St.,Taipei, Taiwan Tel: + 886-2-8751-1888 Fax: + 886-2-6602-1218 E-mail: sales@abnova.com

Datasheet

PLAU (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog Number: P9803

Regulation Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Human PLAU (P00749-1, Ser21-Leu431) partial recombinant protein with His tag

at C-terminus expressed in HEK293 cells.

Sequence: Ser21-Leu431

Host: Human

Theoretical MW (kDa): 47.5

Protocols: See our web site at

http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp or product

page for detailed protocols

Form: Lyophilized

Preparation Method: Mammalian cell (HEK293)

expression system

Purity: > 95% as determined by Tris-Bis PAGE; > 95%

as determined by HPLC

Endotoxin Level: < 1 EU per 1 ug of protein

(determined by LAL method)

Activity: The EC₅₀ was 2.4 ng/mL, messured by ELISA

at 0.5 ug/mL.

Recommend Usage: Biological Activity

ELISA SDS-PAGE

The optimal working dilution should be determined by

the end user.

Storage Buffer: Lyophilized from sterile distilled Water

is > 100 ug/mL

Storage Instruction: Store at 2°C to 8°C for 1 week. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C to

Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GenelD: 5328

Gene Symbol: PLAU

Gene Alias: ATF, UPA, URK, UROKINASE, u-PA

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a serine protease involved in degradation of the extracellular matrix and possibly tumor cell migration and proliferation. A specific polymorphism in this gene may be associated with lateonset Alzheimer's disease and also with decreased affinity for fibrin-binding. This protein converts plasminogen to plasmin by specific cleavage of an Arg-Val bond in plasminogen. Plasmin in turn cleaves this protein at a Lys-Ile bond to form a two-chain derivative in which a single disulfide bond connects the aminoterminal A-chain to the catalytically active, carboxyterminal B-chain. This two-chain derivative is also called HMW-uPA (high molecular weight uPA). HMW-uPA can be further processed into LMW-uPA (low molecular weight uPA) by cleavage of chain A into a short chain A (A1) and an amino-terminal fragment. LMW-uPA is proteolytically active but does not bind to the uPA receptor. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq]