

Produktinformation



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Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial
Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik
Laborgeräte & Service

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Lieferung & Zahlungsart siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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Datasheet

TNFSF11 (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog Number: P9871

Regulation Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Human TNFSF11 (O14788-2, Gly63-Asp244) partial recombinant protein expressed in HEK293 cells.

Sequence: Gly63-Asp244

Host: Human

Theoretical MW (kDa): 20.5

Protocols: See our web site at http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp or product page for detailed protocols

Form: Lyophilized

Preparation Method: Mammalian cell (HEK293) expression system

Purity: > 90% as determined by Tris-Bis PAGE; > 90% as determined by HPLC

Endotoxin Level: < 1 EU per 1 ug of protein (determined by LAL method)

Activity: The EC_{50} was 13.6 ng/mL, messured by ELISA at 2 ug/mL. The affinity constant of 0.030 nM as determined in SPR assay (Biacore T200).

Recommend Usage: Biological Activity ELISA SDS-PAGE SPR The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer: Lyophilized from sterile distilled Water is > 100 ug/mL

Storage Instruction: Store at 2°C to 8°C for 1 week. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Entrez GenelD: 8600

Gene Symbol: TNFSF11

Gene Alias: CD254, ODF, OPGL, OPTB2, RANKL, TRANCE, hRANKL2, sOdf

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) cytokine family which is a ligand for osteoprotegerin and functions as a key factor for osteoclast differentiation and activation. This protein was shown to be a dentritic cell survival factor and is involved in the regulation of T cell-dependent immune response. T cell activation was reported to induce expression of this gene and lead to an increase of osteoclastogenesis and bone loss. This protein was shown to activate antiapoptotic kinase AKT/PKB through a signaling complex involving SRC kinase and tumor necrosis factor receptor-associated factor (TRAF) 6, which indicated this protein may have a role in the regulation of cell apoptosis. Targeted disruption of the related gene in mice led to severe osteopetrosis and a lack of osteoclasts. The deficient mice exhibited defects in early differentiation of T and B lymphocytes, and failed to form lobulo-alveolar mammary structures during pregnancy. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found. [provided by RefSeq]