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Produktinformation



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Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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Datasheet

AMHR2 (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog Number: P9877

Regulation Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Human AMHR2 (Q16671-2, Pro18-Ser144) partial recombinant protein expressed in HEK293 cells.

Sequence: Pro18-Ser144

Host: Human

Theoretical MW (kDa): 14.3

Protocols: See our web site at <http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp> or product page for detailed protocols

Form: Lyophilized

Preparation Method: Mammalian cell (HEK293) expression system

Purity: > 95% as determined by Tris-Bis PAGE; > 95% as determined by HPLC

Endotoxin Level: < 1 EU per 1 ug of protein (determined by LAL method)

Activity: The EC₅₀ was 98.9 ng/mL, measured by ELISA at 0.5 ug/mL.

Recommend Usage: Biological Activity

ELISA

SDS-PAGE

The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer: Lyophilized from sterile distilled Water is > 100 ug/mL

Storage Instruction: Store at 2°C to 8°C for 1 week.

For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C.

Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GeneID: 269

Gene Symbol: AMHR2

Gene Alias: AMHR, MISR2, MISRII

Gene Summary: This gene encodes the receptor for the anti-Mullerian hormone (AMH) which, in addition to testosterone, results in male sex differentiation. AMH and testosterone are produced in the testes by different cells and have different effects. Testosterone promotes the development of male genitalia while the binding of AMH to the encoded receptor prevents the development of the mullerian ducts into uterus and Fallopian tubes. Mutations in this gene are associated with persistent Mullerian duct syndrome type II. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq]