

# Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



### Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

## Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

#### SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic in





9F, No. 108, Jhouzih St.,Taipei, Taiwan Tel: + 886-2-8751-1888 Fax: + 886-2-6602-1218 E-mail: sales@abnova.com

#### **Datasheet**

# VEGFA recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone Bevacizumab

Catalog Number: RAB01191

Regulatory Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Mouse recombinant monoclonal

antibody raised against human VEGF.

Clone Name: Bevacizumab

Immunogen: Original antibody is raised against

recombinant human VEGF.

Antibody Species: Mouse

Protocols: See our web site at

http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp or product

page for detailed protocols

Specificity: This antibody binds native and reduced

human VEGF (isoform 165).

Form: Liquid

Purification: Protein A affinity purification

Isotype: IgG2a, Kappa

Storage Buffer: In PBS with 0.02% Proclin 300

**Storage Instruction:** Store at 4°C for up to 3 months.

For longer storage, aliquot and store at -20°C.

Entrez GenelD: 7422

Gene Symbol: VEGFA

Gene Alias: MGC70609, VEGF, VEGF-A, VPF

Gene Summary: This gene is a member of the

PDGF/VEGF growth factor family and encodes a protein that is often found as a disulfide linked homodimer. This protein is a glycosylated mitogen that specifically acts on endothelial cells and has various effects, including mediating increased vascular permeability, inducing angiogenesis, vasculogenesis and endothelial cell growth, promoting cell migration, and inhibiting apoptosis. Elevated levels of this protein is linked to

POEMS syndrome, also known as Crow-Fukase syndrome. Mutations in this gene have been associated with proliferative and nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy. Alternatively spliced transcript variants, encoding either freely secreted or cell-associated isoforms, have been characterized. There is also evidence for the use of non-AUG (CUG) translation initiation sites upstream of, and in-frame with the first AUG, leading to additional isoforms. [provided by RefSeq]