



# SZABO SCANDIC

Part of Europa Biosite

## Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!  
See the following pages for more information!



### Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

### Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

### SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

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## Datasheet

### GRIN1 recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone R08-4B6

**Catalog Number:** RAB02057

**Regulatory Status:** For research use only (RUO)

**Product Description:** Rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody raised against human GRIN1.

**Clone Name:** R08-4B6

**Immunogen:** Original antibody is raised against a synthetic peptide corresponding to human GRIN1.

**Theoretical MW (kDa):** Calculated MW: 105 k

**Antibody Species:** Rabbit

**Protocols:** See our web site at <http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp> or product page for detailed protocols

**Form:** Liquid

**Purification:** Affinity purification

**Isotype:** IgG

**Recommend Usage:** Western Blot (1:500-1:1000)  
The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

**Storage Buffer:** In 50 mM Tris-Glycine, pH 7.4 (0.15 M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05% BSA)

**Storage Instruction:** Store at -20 °C.  
Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

**Entrez GeneID:** 2902

**Gene Symbol:** GRIN1

**Gene Alias:** NMDA1, NMDAR1, NR1

**Gene Summary:** The protein encoded by this gene is a critical subunit of N-methyl-D-aspartate receptors, members of the glutamate receptor channel superfamily which are heteromeric protein complexes with multiple

subunits arranged to form a ligand-gated ion channel. These subunits play a key role in the plasticity of synapses, which is believed to underlie memory and learning. Cell-specific factors are thought to control expression of different isoforms, possibly contributing to the functional diversity of the subunits. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described. [provided by RefSeq]