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Produktinformation



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Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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Datasheet

AKT1 (phospho S473) recombinant monoclonal antibody

Catalog Number: RAB02743

Regulatory Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody raised against AKT1.

Immunogen: Original antibody is raised against recombinant AKT1.

Theoretical MW (kDa): 60

Antibody Species: Rabbit

Protocols: See our web site at <http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp> or product page for detailed protocols

Specificity: This antibody detects endogenous levels of AKT1 only when phosphorylated at Ser473. This antibody also recognizes AKT2 and AKT3 when phosphorylated at the corresponding residues.

Form: Liquid

Purification: Protein A purification

Isotype: IgG

Recommend Usage: Immunocytochemistry (1:50-1:200)

Immunofluorescence (1:50-1:200)

Immunohistochemistry (1:50-1:200)

Western Blot (1:1000-1:2000)

The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer: In PBS, pH7.2 (50% glycerol and 0.02% sodium azide)

Storage Instruction: Store at 4°C short term.

Aliquot and store at -20°C long term.

Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Entrez GeneID: 207

Gene Symbol: AKT1

Gene Alias: AKT, MGC99656, PKB, PKB-ALPHA, PRKBA, RAC, RAC-ALPHA

Gene Summary: The serine-threonine protein kinase encoded by the AKT1 gene is catalytically inactive in serum-starved primary and immortalized fibroblasts. AKT1 and the related AKT2 are activated by platelet-derived growth factor. The activation is rapid and specific, and it is abrogated by mutations in the pleckstrin homology domain of AKT1. It was shown that the activation occurs through phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase. In the developing nervous system AKT is a critical mediator of growth factor-induced neuronal survival. Survival factors can suppress apoptosis in a transcription-independent manner by activating the serine/threonine kinase AKT1, which then phosphorylates and inactivates components of the apoptotic machinery. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq]