

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

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Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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Datasheet

LCP2 recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone SLP76Y128-3F8 (PE)

Catalog Number: RAB02946

Regulatory Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Rabbit recombinant monoclonal

antibody raised against human LCP2.

Clone Name: SLP76Y128-3F8

Immunogen: A synthetic phospho-peptide

corresponding to residues surrounding Tyr128 of human

phospho SLP-76

Antibody Species: Rabbit

Protocols: See our web site at

http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp or product

page for detailed protocols

Form: Liquid

Conjugation: PE

Purification: Protein A purification, Protein G

purification

Isotype: IgG

Recommend Usage: Flow Cytometry

The optimal working dilution should be determined by

the end user.

Storage Buffer: 1X PBS, 0.09% Sodium azide, 0.2%

BSA

Storage Instruction: Store at 4°C. Do not freeze.

Entrez GenelD: 3937

ib. 5557

Gene Symbol: LCP2

Gene Alias: SLP-76, SLP76

Gene Summary: SLP-76 was originally identified as a substrate of the ZAP-70 protein tyrosine kinase following T cell receptor (TCR) ligation in the leukemic T cell line Jurkat. The SLP-76 locus has been localized to human

chromosome 5q33 and the gene structure has been partially characterized in mice. The human and murine cDNAs both encode 533 amino acid proteins that are 72% identical and comprised of three modular domains. The NH2-terminus contains an acidic region that includes a PEST domain and several tyrosine residues which are phosphorylated following TCR ligation. SLP-76 also contains a central proline-rich domain and a COOH-terminal SH2 domain. A number of additional proteins have been identified that associate with SLP-76 both constitutively and inducibly following receptor ligation, supporting the notion that SLP-76 functions as an adaptor or scaffold protein. Studies using SLP-76 deficient T cell lines or mice have provided strong evidence that SLP-76 plays a positive role in promoting T cell development and activation as well as mast cell and platelet function. [provided by RefSeq]