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Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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Datasheet

CD53 recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone HD77

Catalog Number: RAB03306

Regulatory Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Mouse recombinant monoclonal antibody raised against human CD53.

Clone Name: HD77

Immunogen: Original antibody is raised against human leukemia cells.

Antibody Species: Mouse

Protocols: See our web site at <http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp> or product page for detailed protocols

Form: Liquid

Isotype: IgG1 kappa

Recommend Usage: Flow Cytometry

Immunofluorescence

Immunohistochemistry

Immunoprecipitation

Western Blot

The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer: In PBS (0.02% Proclin 300)

Storage Instruction: Store at 4°C for 3 months. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GeneID: 963

Gene Symbol: CD53

Gene Alias: MOX44, TSPAN25

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the transmembrane 4 superfamily, also known as the tetraspanin family. Most of these members are cell-surface proteins that are characterized by the presence of four hydrophobic domains. The proteins

mediate signal transduction events that play a role in the regulation of cell development, activation, growth and motility. This encoded protein is a cell surface glycoprotein that is known to complex with integrins. It contributes to the transduction of CD2-generated signals in T cells and natural killer cells and has been suggested to play a role in growth regulation. Familial deficiency of this gene has been linked to an immunodeficiency associated with recurrent infectious diseases caused by bacteria, fungi and viruses. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding the same protein. [provided by RefSeq]