



SZABO SCANDIC

Part of Europa Biosite

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

[linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic](https://www.linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic) 

Datasheet

AGER recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone 2A11

Catalog Number: RAB03775

Regulatory Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Mouse recombinant monoclonal antibody raised against human RAGE protein.

Clone Name: 2A11

Immunogen: Original antibody is raised against recombinant protein corresponding to human RAGE protein

Antibody Species: Mouse

Protocols: See our web site at <http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp> or product page for detailed protocols

Form: Liquid

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Concentration: batch dependent

Isotype: IgG1 kappa

Recommend Usage: ELISA

Flow cytometry

Immunofluorescence

Immunohistochemistry

Surface Plasma Resonance

Western Blot

The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer: In PBS with 0.02% Proclin 300

Storage Instruction: Store at 4°C for 3 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GeneID: 177

Gene Symbol: AGER

Gene Alias: MGC22357, RAGE

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily of cell surface molecules. It is a receptor for various molecules, including the amyloidogenic form of serum amyloid A, amyloid-beta protein, members of the S100/calgranulin superfamily and advanced glycation end products. The gene lies within the major histocompatibility complex (MHC) class III region on chromosome 6. Alternative splicing results in two transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq]