



# SZABO SCANDIC

Part of Europa Biosite

## Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!  
See the following pages for more information!



### Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

### Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

### SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

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## Datasheet

### KLKB1 recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone 9F6

**Catalog Number:** RAB04104

**Regulatory Status:** For research use only (RUO)

**Product Description:** Rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody raised against human KLKB1.

**Clone Name:** 9F6

**Immunogen:** Original antibody is raised against recombinant protein corresponding to full length human KLKB1.

**Antibody Species:** Rabbit

**Protocols:** See our web site at <http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp> or product page for detailed protocols

**Form:** Liquid

**Purification:** Affinity chromatography

**Isotype:** IgG

**Recommend Usage:** ELISA  
Immunohistochemistry (1:50-1:200)  
The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

**Storage Buffer:** In PBS, pH7.4 (150mM NaCl, 50% glycerol and 0.02% sodium azide)

**Storage Instruction:** Store at -20 °C or -80 °C.  
Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

**Entrez GeneID:** 3818

**Gene Symbol:** KLKB1

**Gene Alias:** KLK3, PPK

**Gene Summary:** Plasma prekallikrein is a glycoprotein that participates in the surface-dependent activation of blood coagulation, fibrinolysis, kinin generation and inflammation. It is synthesized in the liver and secreted into the blood as a single polypeptide chain. Plasma

prekallikrein is converted to plasma kallikrein by factor XIIa by the cleavage of an internal Arg-Ile bond. Plasma kallikrein therefore is composed of a heavy chain and a light chain held together by a disulphide bond. The heavy chain originates from the amino-terminal end of the zymogen and contains 4 tandem repeats of 90 or 91 amino acids. Each repeat harbors a novel structure called the apple domain. The heavy chain is required for the surface-dependent pro-coagulant activity of plasma kallikrein. The light chain contains the active site or catalytic domain of the enzyme and is homologous to the trypsin family of serine proteases. Plasma prekallikrein deficiency causes a prolonged activated partial thromboplastin time in patients. [provided by RefSeq]