



# SZABO SCANDIC

Part of Europa Biosite

## Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!  
See the following pages for more information!



### Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

### Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

### SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

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## Datasheet

### PLAU recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone 10E5

**Catalog Number:** RAB07490

**Regulatory Status:** For research use only (RUO)

**Product Description:** Rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody raised against human PLAU.

**Clone Name:** 1000000

**Immunogen:** Original antibody is raised against a synthetic peptide corresponding to human PLAU.

**Antibody Species:** Rabbit

**Protocols:** See our web site at <http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp> or product page for detailed protocols

**Form:** Liquid

**Purification:** Affinity chromatography purification

**Isotype:** IgG

**Recommend Usage:** ELISA  
Immunohistochemistry (1:50-1:200)  
The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

**Storage Buffer:** In PBS, pH7.4 (150 mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol)

**Storage Instruction:** Store at -20°C or -80°C.  
Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

**Entrez GeneID:** 5328

**Gene Symbol:** PLAU

**Gene Alias:** ATF, UPA, URK, UROKINASE, u-PA

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes a serine protease involved in degradation of the extracellular matrix and possibly tumor cell migration and proliferation. A specific polymorphism in this gene may be associated with late-onset Alzheimer's disease and also with decreased affinity for fibrin-binding. This protein converts

plasminogen to plasmin by specific cleavage of an Arg-Val bond in plasminogen. Plasmin in turn cleaves this protein at a Lys-Ile bond to form a two-chain derivative in which a single disulfide bond connects the amino-terminal A-chain to the catalytically active, carboxy-terminal B-chain. This two-chain derivative is also called HMW-uPA (high molecular weight uPA). HMW-uPA can be further processed into LMW-uPA (low molecular weight uPA) by cleavage of chain A into a short chain A (A1) and an amino-terminal fragment. LMW-uPA is proteolytically active but does not bind to the uPA receptor. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq]