

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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Datasheet

CR1 recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone 4D4

Catalog Number: RAB07680

Regulatory Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Rabbit recombinant monoclonal

antibody raised against human CR1.

Clone Name: 4D4

Immunogen: Original antibody is raised against a synthetic peptide corresponding to human CR1.

Antibody Species: Rabbit

Protocols: See our web site at

http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp or product

page for detailed protocols

Form: Liquid

Purification: Affinity chromatography purification

Isotype: IgG

Recommend Usage: ELISA

Immunohistochemistry(1:50-1:200)

The optimal working dilution should be determined by

the end user.

Storage Buffer: In PBS, pH7.4 (150 mM NaCl, 0.02%

sodium azide and 50% glycerol)

Storage Instruction: Store at -20°C or -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GenelD: 1378

Gene Symbol: CR1

Gene Alias: C3BR, CD35, KN

Gene Summary: This gene is a member of the receptors of complement activation (RCA) family and is located in the 'cluster RCA' region of chromosome 1. The gene encodes a monomeric single-pass type I membrane glycoprotein found on erythrocytes, leukocytes, glomerular podocytes, and splenic follicular

dendritic cells. The Knops blood group system is a system of antigens located on this protein. The protein mediates cellular binding to particles and immune complexes that have activated complement. Decreases in expression of this protein and/or mutations in its gene have been associated with gallbladder carcinomas, mesangiocapillary glomerulonephritis, systemic lupus erythematosus and sarcoidosis. Mutations in this gene have also been associated with a reduction in Plasmodium falciparum rosetting, conferring protection against severe malaria. Alternate allele-specific splice variants, encoding different isoforms, have been characterized. Additional allele specific isoforms, including a secreted form, have been described but have not been fully characterized. [provided by RefSeq]