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- Expressversand

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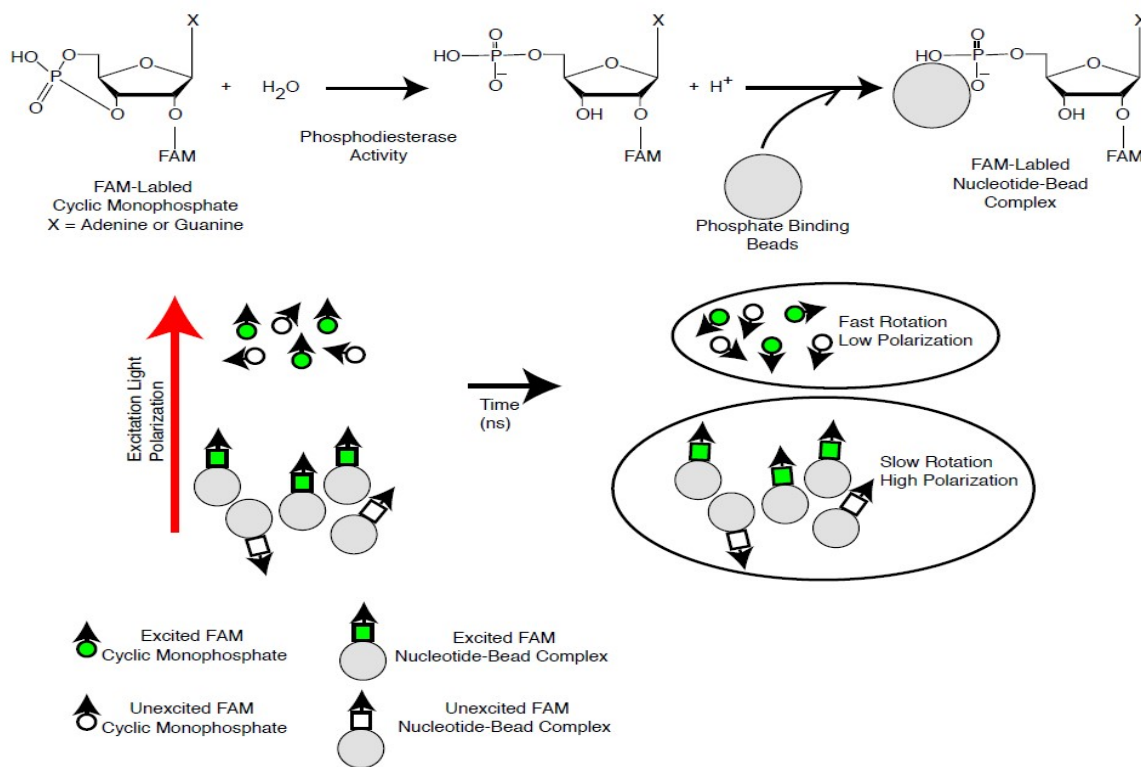
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## Data Sheet **PDE1C Assay Kit** Catalog # 60312

**DESCRIPTION:** Phosphodiesterases (PDEs) play an important role in dynamic regulation of cAMP and cGMP signaling. PDE1C is a calmodulin-dependent PDE that is expressed principally in human myocardium. The *PDE1C Assay Kit* is designed for identification of PDE1C inhibitors using fluorescence polarization. The assay is based on the binding of a fluorescent nucleotide monophosphate generated by PDE1C to the binding agent.

Phosphodiesterases catalyze the hydrolysis of the phosphodiester bond in dye-labeled cyclic monophosphates. Beads selectively bind the phosphate group in the nucleotide product. This increases the size of the nucleotide relative to unreacted cyclic monophosphate. In the polarization assay, dye molecules with absorption transition vectors parallel to the linearly-polarized excitation light are selectively excited. Dyes attached to the rapidly-rotating cyclic monophosphates will obtain random orientations and emit light with low polarization. Dyes attached to the slowly-rotating nucleotide-bead complexes will not have time to reorient and therefore will emit highly polarized light.



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The PDE1C inhibitor screening assay kit comes in a convenient 96-well format, including purified PDE1C enzyme, fluorescently labeled PDE1C substrate (cAMP), binding agent, and PDE assay buffer for 100 enzyme reactions. The key to the *PDE1C Assay Kit* is the specific binding agent. Using this kit, only two simple steps on a microtiter plate are required for PDE1C reactions. First, the fluorescently labeled cAMP is incubated with a sample containing PDE1C for 1 hour. Second, a binding agent is added to the reaction mix to produce a change in fluorescent polarization that can then be measured using a fluorescence reader.

#### COMPONENTS:

Catalog #	Component	Amount	Storage	
60013	PDE1C recombinant enzyme	1 µg	-80°C	<b>(Avoid freeze/thaw cycles!)</b>
60200	FAM-Cyclic-3', 5'-AMP: 20 µM	50 µl	-80°C	
60393	PDE assay buffer	25 ml	-20°C	
60390	Binding Agent	100 µl	+4°C	
60391	Binding Agent Diluent cAMP	10 ml	+4°C	
79685	Black, low binding, microtiter plate	1	Room temp.	

#### MATERIALS OR INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED:

Fluorescent microplate reader capable of measuring fluorescence polarization

**APPLICATIONS:** Great for studying enzyme kinetics and screening small molecular inhibitors for drug discovery and HTS applications.

**STABILITY:** 6 months from date of receipt when stored as directed.

**REFERENCE(S):** Vandeput. F., *et al. J. Biol. Chem.* 2007; **282(45)**: 32749-32757.

#### ASSAY PROTOCOL:

All samples and controls should be tested in duplicate.

##### Step 1:

- 1) Dilute 20 µM FAM-Cyclic-3',5'-AMP substrate stock solution 100-fold with PDE buffer to make a 200 nM solution. Make only a sufficient quantity needed for the assay; store remaining stock solution in aliquots at -20°C.
- 2) Add 25 µl of FAM-Cyclic-3',5'-AMP (200 nM) to each well designated "Substrate Control", "Positive Control", and "Test Inhibitor". Add 25 µl of PDE assay buffer to each well designated "Blank".
- 3) Add 5 µl of inhibitor solution to each well designated "Test Inhibitor". Add 5 µl of the same solution without inhibitor (inhibitor buffer) to the "Blank", "Substrate Control" and "Positive Control".

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- 4) Add 20  $\mu$ l of PDE assay buffer to the wells designated as the "Blank" and "Substrate Control".
- 5) Thaw PDE1C on ice. Upon first thaw, briefly spin tube containing enzyme to recover the full contents of the tube. Aliquot PDE1C enzyme into single-use aliquots. Store remaining undiluted enzyme in aliquots at  $-70^{\circ}\text{C}$  immediately. *Note: PDE1C is very sensitive to freeze/thaw cycles. Do not re-use thawed aliquots or diluted enzyme.*
- 6) Dilute PDE1C in PDE buffer to 0.5 pg/ $\mu$ l (10 pg/reaction) in PDE buffer\*. Initiate reaction by adding 20  $\mu$ l of diluted PDE1C to the wells designated for the "Positive Control" and "Test Inhibitor". Discard any remaining diluted enzyme after use. *\*Note: optimal enzyme concentration may vary with the specific activity of the enzyme.*
- 7) Incubate at room temperature for 1 hour.

	Blank	Substrate Control	Positive Control	Test Inhibitor
FAM-Cyclic-3',5'-AMP (200 nM)	-	25 $\mu$ l	25 $\mu$ l	25 $\mu$ l
PDE assay buffer	45 $\mu$ l	20 $\mu$ l	-	-
Test Inhibitor	-	-	-	5 $\mu$ l
Inhibitor Buffer (no inhibitor)	5 $\mu$ l	5 $\mu$ l	5 $\mu$ l	-
PDE1C (0.5 pg/ $\mu$ l)	-	-	20 $\mu$ l	20 $\mu$ l
<b>Total</b>	<b>50 <math>\mu</math>l</b>	<b>50 <math>\mu</math>l</b>	<b>50 <math>\mu</math>l</b>	<b>50 <math>\mu</math>l</b>

### Step 2:

- 1) Shake the tube containing the binding agent to ensure it is thoroughly mixed. Mix **binding agent** thoroughly and dilute **binding agent** 1:100 with the cAMP binding agent diluent .
- 2) Add 100  $\mu$ l diluted binding agent to each well. Incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes with slow shaking.
- 3) Read the fluorescent polarization of the sample in a microtiter-plate reader capable of excitation at wavelengths ranging from  $485 \pm 5$  nm and detection of emitted light ranging from  $528 \pm 10$  nm. Blank value is subtracted from all other values.

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## CALCULATING RESULTS:

### Definition of Fluorescence Polarization:

$$P = \frac{I_{\parallel} - I_{\perp}}{I_{\parallel} + I_{\perp}}$$

where  $I_{\parallel}$  = Intensity with polarizers parallel and  $I_{\perp}$  = Intensity with polarizers perpendicular. Most instruments display fluorescence polarization in units of mP.

$$mP = \left( \frac{I_{\parallel} - I_{\perp}}{I_{\parallel} + I_{\perp}} \right) \times 1000$$

The equation above assumes that light is transmitted equally well through both parallel and perpendicular oriented polarizers. In practice, this is generally not true and a correction must be made to measure the absolute polarization state of the molecule. This correction factor is called the "G Factor".

$$mP = \left( \frac{I_{\parallel} - G(I_{\perp})}{I_{\parallel} + G(I_{\perp})} \right) \times 1000 \quad \text{OR} \quad mP = \left( \frac{G(I_{\parallel}) - I_{\perp}}{G(I_{\parallel}) + I_{\perp}} \right) \times 1000$$

The G-factor is instrument-dependent and may vary slightly depending upon instrument and conditions. Please check the manual of your instrument to obtain the information about the establishment of the G-factor.

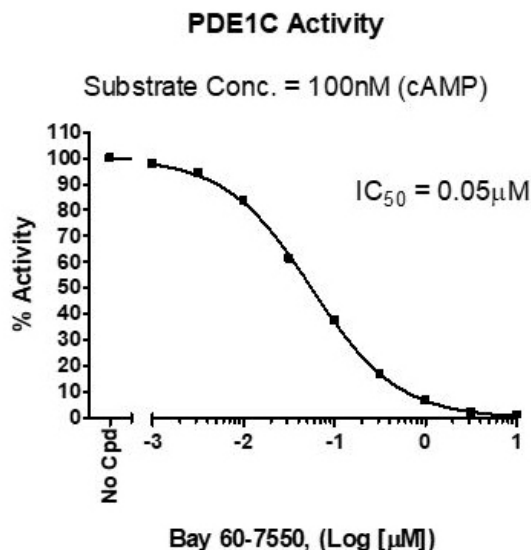
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**EXAMPLE OF ASSAY RESULTS:**



Inhibition of PDE1C by Bay 60-7550, measured using the *PDE1C Assay Kit*, BPS Bioscience # 60312. Fluorescence polarization was measured at 528 nm using a Tecan M1000 fluorescent microplate reader. *Data shown is lot-specific. For lot-specific information, please contact BPS Bioscience, Inc. at [info@bpsbioscience.com](mailto:info@bpsbioscience.com).*

**RELATED PRODUCTS :**

<u>Product</u>	<u>Catalog #</u>	<u>Size</u>
PDE1C	60013	10 µg
PDE1A1	60010	10 µg
PDE1B	60011	10 µg
PDE2A1	60020	5 µg
PDE3A	60030	10 µg
PDE1A Assay Kit	60310	96 rxns.
PDE1B Assay Kit	60311	96 rxns.
PDE2A Assay Kit	60320	96 rxns.
PDE3A Assay Kit	60330	96 rxns.
PDE4A Assay Kit	60340	96 rxns.
PDE5A Assay Kit	60350	96 rxns.
PDE10A Assay Kit	60400	96 rxns.
FAM-cAMP Substrate	60200	100 nmole.

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