



# SZABO SCANDIC

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## Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



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### Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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### Description

The Xenobiotic response element (XRE) Luciferase Reporter Lentiviruses are replication incompetent, HIV-based, VSV-G pseudotyped lentiviral particles that are ready to transduce most types of mammalian cells, including primary and non-dividing cells. The particles contain a firefly luciferase gene driven by three copies of an XRE located upstream of the minimal TATA promoter (Figure 1), and an antibiotic selection gene (puromycin) for the selection of stable clones. After transduction, the activation of aryl hydrocarbon receptor (AhR) in the target cells can be monitored by measuring the luciferase activity.

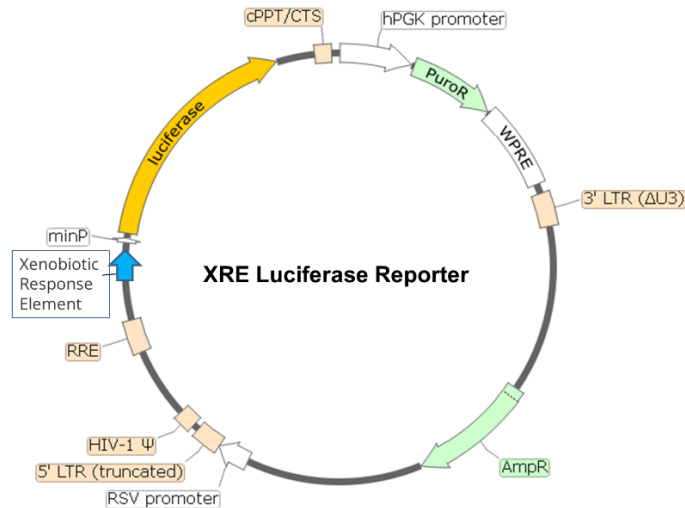


Figure 1. Schematic of the lenti-vector used to generate the XRE luciferase reporter lentivirus.

### Background

The aryl hydrocarbon receptor (AhR) functions as a sensor of xenobiotic chemicals, notably aromatic hydrocarbons, natural plant flavonoids, and plant polyphenolics, and it regulates stress pathways in eukaryotic cells. It is a cytosolic transcription factor that is normally kept inactive by binding to co-chaperones such as heat shock protein 90 (HSP90). Upon binding to xenobiotic chemicals, the chaperone dissociates from AhR, which results in AhR translocating into the nucleus and dimerizing with AhR nuclear translocator (ARNT). The heterodimer binds to a canonical XRE, regulating the transcription of target genes.

### Application(s)

- Screen for activators or inhibitors of the AhR signaling pathway.
- Generate a XRE luciferase reporter stable cell line (puromycin resistant) following puromycin selection and limiting dilution

### Formulation

The lentivirus particles were produced from HEK293T cells. They are supplied in cell culture medium containing 90% DMEM + 10% FBS.

### Titer

Two vials (500  $\mu$ l x 2) of lentivirus at a titer  $>10^7$  TU/ml. The titer will vary with each lot; the exact value is provided with each shipment.

**Storage**

Lentiviruses are shipped with dry ice. For long-term storage, it is recommended to store the lentiviruses at -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Titers can drop significantly with each freeze-thaw cycle.

**Biosafety**

The lentiviruses are produced with SIN (self-inactivation) lentivector which ensures self-inactivation of the lentiviral construct after transduction and integration into the genomic DNA of the target cells. None of the HIV genes (gag, pol, rev) will be expressed in the transduced cells, as they are expressed from packaging plasmids lacking the packing signal and are not present in the lentivirus particle. Although the pseudotyped lentiviruses are replication-incompetent, they require the use of a Biosafety Level 2 facility. BPS Bioscience recommends following all local federal, state, and institutional regulations and using all appropriate safety precautions.

**Materials Used for Validation but Not Supplied**

These materials are not supplied with this lentivirus but were used to follow the protocol described in the “Transduction Protocol” section. Media, reagents, and luciferase assay buffers used at BPS Bioscience are all validated and optimized for use with this lentivirus and are highly recommended for best results.

Name	Ordering Information
HepG2	ATCC #HB-8065
Thaw Medium 1	<a href="#">BPS Bioscience #60187</a>
Assay Medium 1C	<a href="#">BPS Bioscience #78674</a>
96-well tissue culture, clear-bottom, white plate	Corning #3610
ONE-Step™ Luciferase Assay System	<a href="#">BPS Bioscience #60690</a>
Luminometer	

**Assay Protocol**

The following protocol was used to transduce HepG2 cells using the XRE luciferase reporter lentivirus. The optimal transduction conditions (e.g. MOI, concentration of polybrene, time of assay development) should be optimized according to the cell type and the assay requirements. In most cell types, the expression of the reporter gene can be measured approximately 72 hours after transduction. For cell types with low transduction efficacy, it may be necessary to select the cells stably expressing the reporter gene with puromycin prior to carrying out the reporter assays.

- Day 1: Seed HepG2 cells at a density of 5,000-10,000 cells per well into white, clear bottom 96-well microplate in 90 µl of Thaw Medium 1 (BPS Bioscience #60187).

To each well, add 2 µl of XRE luciferase reporter lentivirus.

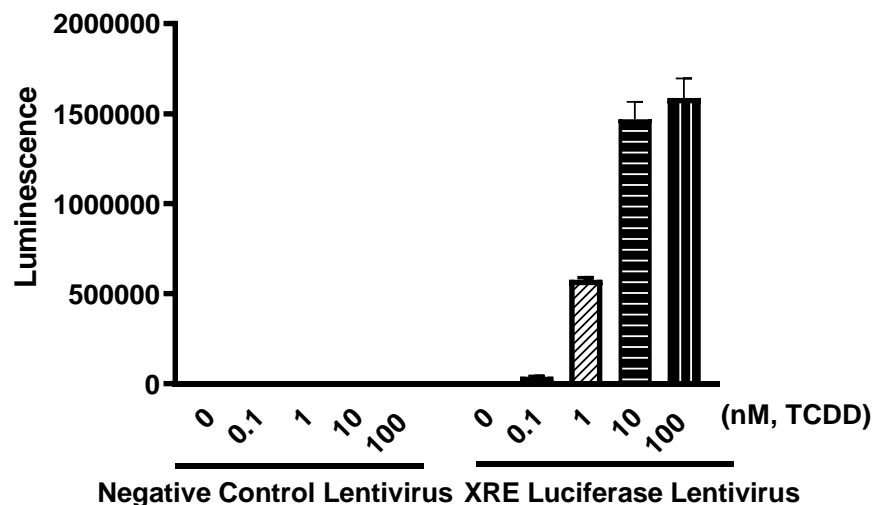
*Optional: Add polybrene to each well to a final concentration of 5 µg/ml.*

Gently swirl the plate to mix. Incubate the plate at 37°C with 5% CO<sub>2</sub> for 48 hours.

- Day 3: Remove the medium containing the lentivirus from the wells.
  - Add 100 µl of Assay Medium 1C containing the tested compound to “Stimulated cells.”

- Add 100  $\mu$ l of Assay Medium 1C to the “Control untreated” cells (to determine the luminescence from the transduced HepG2 cells).
  - Add 100  $\mu$ l of Assay Medium 1C to cell-free control wells (for determine the background luminescence).
  - Incubate the plate at 37°C with 5% CO<sub>2</sub> overnight.
3. Day 4: Perform the ONE-Step™ Luciferase assay (BPS Bioscience #60690) as per recommended protocol (100  $\mu$ l/well). Incubate the plate at room temperature for ~15 to 30 minutes and measure luminescence using a luminometer.

### Validation Data



*Figure 2. Activation of XRE luciferase reporter activity in HepG2 cells.*

Approximately 8,000 HepG2 cells/well were transduced with 40,000 TU/well XRE Luciferase Reporter Lentivirus. After 48 hours of transduction, the medium was changed to Assay Medium 1C containing various concentrations of 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (TCDD Accustandard #D-404N), and the plate was incubated at 37°C with 5% CO<sub>2</sub> overnight. Results are shown as the raw luminescence reading. The Negative Control Luciferase Lentivirus (BPS Bioscience #79578) was transduced in parallel.

### Notes

1. To generate the XRE luciferase reporter stable cell line, remove the growth medium 48 hours after transduction and replace it with fresh growth medium containing the appropriate amount of puromycin for antibiotic selection of transduced cells. To determine the concentration of puromycin needed for your cell line, perform a kill curve (for more information, visit our Resources page, frequently asked questions: what is a kill curve?).
2. The following Lentivirus Reporter Controls are available from BPS Bioscience to meet your experimental needs:
  - a. Negative Control Luciferase Lentivirus (BPS Bioscience #79578): Ready-to-transduce lentiviral particles expressing firefly luciferase under the control of a minimal promoter. The negative

- control is important to establish the specificity of any treatments and to determine the background reporter activity.
- b. Renilla Luciferase Lentivirus (BPS Bioscience #79565): Ready-to-transduce lentiviral particles expressing Renilla luciferase under the CMV promoter. The Renilla Luciferase lentivirus can serve as an internal control to overcome sample-to-sample variability when performing dual-luciferase reporter assays.
  - c. Firefly Luciferase Lentivirus (BPS Bioscience #79692-G, #79692-H, #79692-P): Ready-to-transduce lentiviral particles expressing firefly luciferase under the CMV promoter. It serves as a positive control for transduction optimization studies.

### Reading Luminescence

Luminescence is the emission of light resulting from a chemical reaction. The detection of luminescence requires no wavelength selection because the method used is emission photometry and not emission spectrophotometry.

To properly read luminescence, make sure the plate reader is set for LUMINESCENCE mode. Typical integration time is 1 second, delay after plate movement is 100 msec. Do not use a filter when measuring light emission. Typical settings for the Synergy 2 BioTek plate reader: use the “hole” position on the filter wheel; Optics position: Top; Read type: endpoint. Sensitivity may be adjusted based on the luminescence of a control assay.

### Troubleshooting Guide

Visit [bpsbioscience.com/lentivirus-faq](https://bpsbioscience.com/lentivirus-faq) for detailed troubleshooting instructions. For all further questions, please email [support@bpsbioscience.com](mailto:support@bpsbioscience.com).

### Related Products

<i>Products</i>	<i>Catalog #</i>	<i>Size</i>
HRE Luciferase Reporter Lentivirus	78668	500 µl x 2
P53 Luciferase Reporter Lentivirus	78666	500 µl x 2
ARE Reporter HepG2 Cell line (Nrf2 Antioxidant Pathway)	60513	2 vials