

Produktinformation



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Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



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Description

The USP10 Inhibitor Screening Assay Kit is a fluorogenic assay designed to measure the activity of the deubiquitinating (DUB) enzyme USP10 (Ubiquitin Specific Peptidase 10) for screening and profiling applications. The kit comes in a convenient 96-well format and contains enough purified recombinant human USP10 protein, Ubiquitinated-AMC substrate, and assay buffer for 100 reactions.

To determine the effect of an inhibitor on USP10 activity the enzyme should be preincubated with or without the test inhibitor prior to adding the Ub-AMC substrate to the reaction. The assay was functionally validated using Ub-Aldehyde, a potent inhibitor of DUB subfamilies Ubiquitin C-terminal Hydrolases (UCHs), Ubiquitin-Specific Proteases (USPs), Ovarian Tumor Proteases (OTU) and Machado-Josephin Domain (MJD) proteases.

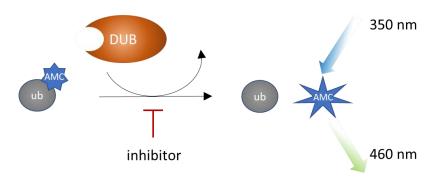


Figure 1: Illustration of the assay principle.

Ubiquitin-AMC (Ub-AMC) is a fluorogenic substrate for ubiquitin hydrolases, based on the C-terminus derivatization of ubiquitin with 7-amido-4-methylcoumarin (AMC). In the conjugated form the energy emitted from the fluorochrome AMC is quenched. Upon release from Ub, AMC emissions are no longer quenched and fluorescence with λ excitation/ λ emission maxima of 350/460 nm is emitted. The increase in fluorescence is proportional to the DUB activity.

Background

Ubiquitin specific peptidase 10 (USP10), belongs to a large group of ubiquitin-specific proteases capable of cleaving ubiquitin from other proteins. These enzymes are also referred to as deubiquitinating peptidases, deubiquitinases (DUBs), ubiquitin proteases, ubiquitin hydrolases and ubiquitin isopeptidases. They contribute to the ubiquitin signaling pathway by countering the signal induced by ubiquitin conjugases and ligases. USP10 is a cysteine protease involved in ubiquitin recycling, DNA damage response, stress granule formation and can function as a tumor suppressor or oncogene. Some of its targets include p53, CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator), SIRT6 (sirtuin 6) and NEMO (nuclear factor kappa B-essential modulator). UPS10 plays a role in cancer development, neurodegenerative diseases such as Alzheimeir's disease, cystic fibrosis and infections. The development of inhibitors for USP10 may constitute a promising avenue in the treatment of USP10 linked pathogenesis.

Applications

Study enzyme kinetics and screening small molecule inhibitors for drug discovery and high-throughput screening (HTS) applications.



Supplied Materials

Catalog #	Name	Amount	Storage
80360	USP10, FLAG-Tag*	20 μg	-80°C
81150	Ub-AMC Substrate	5 μl	-80°C
79274	10x PR-01 Assay Buffer	3 x 1 ml	-80°C
	0.5 M DTT	200 μΙ	-80°C
79685	96-well black microplate	1	Room Temp

^{*} The concentration of protein is lot-specific and will be indicated on the tube containing the protein.

Materials Required but Not Supplied

Adjustable micropipettor and sterile tips Plate reader

Stability



This assay kit will perform optimally for up to **6 months** from date of receipt when the materials are stored as directed.

Safety



This product is for research purposes only and not for human or therapeutic use. This product should be considered hazardous and is harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin, eyes, clothing, and if swallowed. If contact occurs, wash thoroughly.

Assay Protocol

- All samples and controls should be performed in duplicate.
- The assay should include "Negative Control", "Positive Control" and "Test inhibitor" conditions.
- If the assay plate is going to be used more than once, prepare enough of each reagent for this portion of the assay and aliquot the remaining undiluted reagents into single-use aliquots depending on how many times the assay plate will be used. Store the aliquots at -80°C or as recommended for each reagent.

 *Unused diluted proteins should be discarded.**



Protect Ub-AMC from direct exposure to light.

- 1. Thaw 10x PR-01 Assay Buffer and 0.5 M DTT.
- 2. Dilute 0.5 M DTT 100-fold in 10x PR-01 to reach a 5 mM DTT solution.
- 3. Prepare a 10-fold dilution of 10x PR-01 Assay Buffer containing 5 mM DTT with distilled water to create 1x Assay Buffer. Discard the unused 1x Assay Buffer at the end of the day.
- 4. Thaw **USP10** on ice. Briefly spin the tube to recover its full content.



5. Dilute USP10 to 8 ng/μl in 1x Assay Buffer (you need 25 μl/well).

Note: Keep the diluted protein on ice until use. Do not freeze and re-use the diluted protein.

- 6. Add 25 μl of diluted USP10 to all wells except the "Negative Control" wells.
- 7. Add 25 μ l of 1x Assay Buffer to the "Negative Control" wells.
- 8. Prepare the Test inhibitor (5 μ l/well): for a titration prepare serial dilutions at concentrations 10-fold higher than the desired final concentrations. The final volume of the reaction is 50 μ l.
 - 7.1. If the Test Inhibitor is water-soluble, prepare serial dilutions in 1x Assay Buffer at concentrations 10-fold higher than the desired final concentrations. 1x Assay Buffer is the Diluent Solution.

OR

7.2. If the Test inhibitor is soluble in DMSO, prepare the test inhibitor in 100% DMSO at a concentration 100-fold higher than the highest desired final concentration, then dilute the inhibitor 10-fold in 1x Assay Buffer to prepare the highest concentration of the serial dilutions. The concentration of DMSO is now 10%.

Using 1x Assay Buffer containing 10% DMSO to keep the concentration of DMSO constant, prepare serial dilutions of the Test Inhibitor at 10-fold the desired final concentrations.

For positive and negative controls, prepare 10% DMSO in 1x Assay Buffer (vol/vol) so that all wells contain the same amount of DMSO (Diluent Solution).

Note: The final concentration of DMSO in the assay should not exceed 1%.

- 9. Add 5 µl of Test inhibitor to each well designated "Test Inhibitor".
- 10. Add 5 µl of Diluent Solution to the "Positive Control" and "Negative Control" wells.
- 11. Preincubate the Test inhibitor with the diluted USP10 for 30 minutes at Room Temperature (RT) with gentle agitation.
- 12. Dilute **Ub-AMC Substrate** 400-fold in 1x Assay Buffer.
- 13. Add 20 µl of diluted Ub-AMC Substrate to all wells. Protect your samples from direct exposure to light.
- 14. Incubate at RT for 30 minutes.
- 15. Read the fluorescence intensity of the samples (lexcitation=350 nm; lemission=460 nm) in a fluorescence reader.



Component	Negative Control	Positive Control	Test Inhibitor		
1x Assay Buffer	25 μΙ	-	-		
Test Inhibitor	-	-	5 μΙ		
Diluent Solution	5 μΙ	5 μΙ	-		
Diluted USP10 (8 ng/μl)	-	25 μΙ	25 μΙ		
30 minutes at Room Temperature					
Diluted Ub-AMC Substrate	20 μΙ	20 μΙ	20 μΙ		
Total	50 μΙ	50 μΙ	50 μΙ		

Example Results

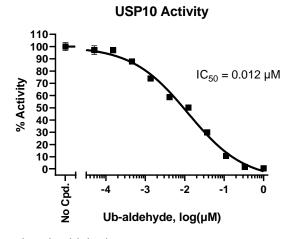


Figure 2. USP10 inhibition by Ub-Aldehyde.
USP10 activity was measured in the presence of increasing concentrations of Ub-Aldehyde (South Bay Bio #PS0031). Results are expressed as percent activity, in which the activity of USP10 in

Data shown is representative. For lot-specific information, please contact BPS Bioscience, Inc. at

Troubleshooting Guide

absence of inhibitor is set to 100%.

support@bpsbioscience.com

Visit bpsbioscience.com/assay-kits-faq for detailed troubleshooting instructions. For all further questions, please email support@bpsbioscience.com

Related Products

Products	Catalog #	Size
DUB-Freedom™ Inhibitor Screening Assay Kit	78895	96 reactions
ChooseE2-Opti™ Intrachain TR-FRET Assay Kit	78561	384 reactions
ChooseE3- Opti™ Intrachain TR-FRET Assay Kit	78560	384 reactions

