



# SZABO SCANDIC

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## Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



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Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

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### Lieferung & Zahlungsart

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### Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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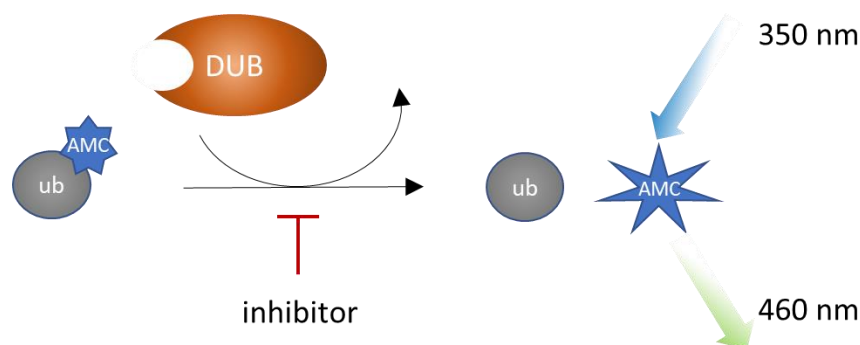
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### Description

The USP22 Inhibitor Screening Assay Kit is a fluorogenic assay kit designed to measure the activity of the deubiquitinating (DUB) enzyme USP22 (ubiquitin specific peptidase 22) for screening and profiling applications. The kit contains enough purified USP22, Ubiquitinated-AMC substrate, and assay buffer for 100 reactions.

To determine the effect of an inhibitor on USP22 activity, the enzyme should be preincubated with or without the test inhibitor prior to adding the Ub-AMC substrate to the reaction. The assay was functionally validated using Ub-Aldehyde, a potent inhibitor of the DUB subfamilies Ubiquitin C-terminal Hydrolases (UCHs), Ubiquitin-Specific Proteases (USPs), Ovarian Tumor Proteases (OTU), and Machado-Josephin Domain (MJD) proteases.



*Figure 1: Illustration of the assay principle.*

Ubiquitin-AMC is a fluorogenic substrate for ubiquitin hydrolases, with a C-terminus derivatization of ubiquitin with 7-amido-4-methylcoumarin (AMC). In the conjugated form, the energy emitted from fluorochrome AMC is quenched. Upon proteolysis, AMC is no longer quenched and emits fluorescence with an  $\lambda_{excitation}/\lambda_{emission}$  maxima of 350/460 nm. The increase in fluorescence is proportional to the DUB activity.

### Background

USP22 (ubiquitin-specific peptidase 22) is a member of the USP DUBs (deubiquitinases) protein group. Deubiquitinases play a role in several cellular processes including transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression or innate immunity. In humans, USP22 is ubiquitously expressed. Overexpression of this protein has been linked to cancer, diabetes, neurological disorders and male infertility. In the context of cancer, USP22 overexpression levels correlate with patient prognosis. In prostate cancer, USP22 promotes the activity of AR (androgen receptor). In addition, as part of the transcription regulatory histone acetylation (HAT) complex SAGA (Spt-Ada-Gcn5 acetyl transferase complex) it catalyzes the deubiquitination of both histones H2A and H2B. It can also induce cell cycle progression by stabilizing cyclin B and TRF1 (telomeric repeat binding factor 1) and inhibit apoptosis. In view of all its role as a tumor promoter, targeting USP22 has become an attractive cancer therapeutic option, with the discovery of highly selective USP22 small molecule inhibitors being one of the main challenges.

### Applications

Enzyme kinetics studies and screening small molecule inhibitors for drug discovery and high-throughput screening (HTS) applications.

**Supplied Materials**

Catalog #	Name	Amount	Storage
102309	USP22, His-FLAG-Tag*	10 µg	-80°C
81150	Ub-AMC Substrate	5 µl	-80°C
79274	10x PR-01 Assay Buffer	3 x 1 ml	-80°C
82735	0.5 M DTT	200 µl	-20°C
79685	96-well black microplate	1	Room Temp

\* The concentration of protein is lot-specific and will be indicated on the tube containing the protein.

**Materials Required but Not Supplied**

- Adjustable micropipettor and sterile tips
- Fluorimeter capable of excitation at  $\lambda=350-380$  nm and detection at  $\lambda=440-460$  nm

**Stability**

This assay kit will perform optimally for up to **6 months** from date of receipt when the materials are stored as directed.

**Safety**

This product is for research purposes only and not for human or therapeutic use. This product should be considered hazardous and is harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin, eyes, clothing, and if swallowed. If contact occurs, wash thoroughly.

**Contraindications**

- The final concentration of DMSO in the assay should not exceed 1%.
- Compounds that are fluorescent may interfere with the results, depending on their spectral excitation and emission properties.
- It is recommended that the compound alone is tested to determine any potential interference of the compound with the assay results.

**Assay Protocol**

- All samples and controls should be performed in duplicate.
- The assay should include “Negative Control”, “Positive Control,” and “Test Inhibitor” conditions.
- We recommend maintaining the diluted protein on ice during use.
- For detailed information on protein handling please refer to [Protein FAQs \(bpsbioscience.com\)](https://www.bpsbioscience.com/protein-faqs).
- We recommend using Ub-Aldehyde as internal control. If not running a dose response curve for the control inhibitor, we recommend running the control inhibitor at 0.1X, 1X and 10X the IC<sub>50</sub> value shown in the validation data below.



**Protect Ub-AMC from direct exposure to light.**

1. Thaw **10x PR 01 Assay Buffer** and **0.5 M DTT**.
2. Dilute 0.5 M DTT 100-fold in 10x PR-01 Assay Buffer to reach a 5 mM DTT solution.

*Note: Store excess solution in aliquots at -20°C. Do not freeze-thaw the aliquots more than once.*

3. Prepare a 10-fold dilution of 10x PR-01 Assay Buffer (containing DTT) in distilled water. This makes **1x Assay Buffer**.

*Note: Discard the unused 1x Assay Buffer at the end of the day.*

4. Thaw **USP22** on ice. Briefly spin the tube to recover its full content.
5. Dilute USP22 to 4 ng/μl with 1x Assay Buffer (you need 25 μl/well).
6. Add 25 μl of diluted USP22 to all wells except the “Negative Control”.
7. For the “Negative Control” add 25 μl of 1x Assay Buffer.
8. Prepare the Test inhibitor (5 μl/well): for a titration, prepare serial dilutions at concentrations 10-fold higher than the desired final concentrations. The final volume of the reaction is 50 μl.

8.1 If the Test Inhibitor is water-soluble, prepare serial dilutions in 1x Assay Buffer at concentrations 10-fold higher than the desired final concentrations.

For the positive and negative controls, use 1x Assay Buffer (Diluent Solution).

**OR**

8.2 If the Test inhibitor is soluble in DMSO, prepare the test inhibitor in 100% DMSO at a concentration 100-fold higher than the highest desired final concentration, then dilute the inhibitor 10-fold in 1x Assay Buffer to prepare the highest concentration of the serial dilutions. The concentration of DMSO is now 10%.

Using 1x Assay Buffer containing 10% DMSO, in order to keep the concentration of DMSO constant, prepare serial dilutions of the Test Inhibitor at 10-fold the desired final concentrations.

For positive and negative controls, prepare 10% DMSO in 1x Assay Buffer (vol/vol) so that all wells contain the same amount of DMSO (Diluent Solution).

*Note: The final concentration of DMSO in the assay should not exceed 1%.*

9. Add 5 μl of Test inhibitor to each well designated “Test Inhibitor”.
10. Add 5 μl of Diluent Solution to the “Positive Control” and “Negative Control” wells.

11. Preincubate the Test inhibitor with the diluted USP22 for 30 minutes at Room Temperature (RT) with gentle agitation.
12. Dilute **Ub-AMC Substrate** 400-fold with 1x Assay Buffer.
13. Initiate the reaction by adding 20  $\mu$ l of diluted Ub-AMC Substrate to all wells.



**Protect your samples from direct exposure to light.**

14. Incubate at RT for 30 minutes.

Component	Negative Control	Positive Control	Test Inhibitor
1x Assay Buffer	25 $\mu$ l	-	-
Diluted USP22 (4 ng/ $\mu$ l)	-	25 $\mu$ l	25 $\mu$ l
Test inhibitor	-	-	5 $\mu$ l
Diluent Solution	5 $\mu$ l	5 $\mu$ l	-
30 minutes at Room Temperature			
Ub-AMC Substrate	20 $\mu$ l	20 $\mu$ l	20 $\mu$ l
<b>Total</b>	<b>50 <math>\mu</math>l</b>	<b>50 <math>\mu</math>l</b>	<b>50 <math>\mu</math>l</b>

15. Read the fluorescence intensity of the samples ( $\lambda_{excitation}=350$  nm;  $\lambda_{emission}=460$  nm) in a fluorescence reader.

### Example Results

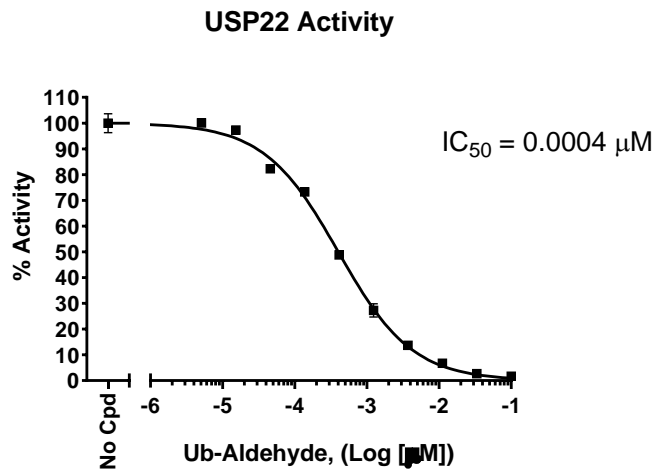


Figure 2. USP22 activity is inhibited by Ub-Aldehyde.

USP22 activity was measured in the presence of increasing concentrations of Ub-Aldehyde (South Bay Bio #PS0031). Results are expressed as percentage of activity relative to the positive control (measured in the absence of inhibitor and set at 100%).

Data shown is representative. For lot-specific information, please contact BPS Bioscience, Inc. at [support@bpsbioscience.com](mailto:support@bpsbioscience.com)

**Troubleshooting Guide**

Visit [bpsbioscience.com/assay-kits-faq](https://bpsbioscience.com/assay-kits-faq) for detailed troubleshooting instructions. For further questions, please email [support@bpsbioscience.com](mailto:support@bpsbioscience.com)

**References**

Melo-Cardenas J., *et al.*, 2016 *Oncotarget* 7(28):44848-44856.

**Related Products**

<i>Products</i>	<i>Catalog #</i>	<i>Size</i>
USP5 Inhibitor Screening Assay Kit	78832	96 reactions
USP7 Inhibitor Screening Assay Kit	79256	96 reactions
USP20 Inhibitor Screening Assay Kit	78840	96 reactions
UCHL1 Inhibitor Screening Assay Kit	78833	96 reactions

*Version 102424*