

# Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

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# Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

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# **PRODUCT INFORMATION**



# **SOAT-1/ACAT-1 Polyclonal Antibody**

Item No. 100028

### **Overview and Properties**

This vial contains 500 µl of peptide affinity-purified polyclonal antibody. Contents: Synonyms: Acyl-coenzyme A: Cholesterol Acyltransferase-1, Cholesterol Acyltransferase 1,

Sterol O-Acyltransferase 1

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide from the N-terminal region of human SOAT-1/ACAT-1

Species Reactivity: (+) Human, mouse, porcine, rat; other species not tested

**Uniprot No.:** P35610 Form: Liquid

-20°C (as supplied) Storage:

Stability: ≥3 years

Storage Buffer: PBS, pH 7.2, with 50% glycerol and 0.02% sodium azide

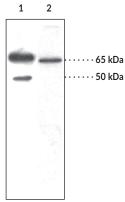
Rabbit Host:

Applications: Immunoflouresence (IF), Immunohistochemistry (IHC) and Western blot (WB); the

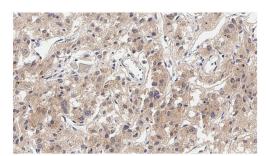
recommended starting dilution is 1:200. Other applications were not tested, therefore

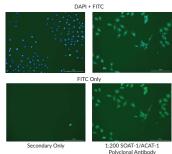
optimal working concentration/dilution should be determined empirically.

## **Images**



Lane 1: Rat liver (30 µg) Lane 2: HepG2 cell lysate (30 µg)





Polyclonal Antibody (Item No. 100028)

Immunofluorescence analysis of paraformaldehyde-fixed A549 cells. After incubation with SOAT-1/ACAT-1 Polyclonal Antibody (Item No. 100028) at a 1:200 dilution (or negative control), cells were incubated with FITC-labeled anti-rabbit IgG (Item No. 10006588), followed by DAPI nuclear stain. Images show FITC alone or both fluorescence channels to highlight nuclear staining (where applicable).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

### WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

Buyer agrees to purchase the material subject to Cayman's Terms and Conditions. Complete Terms and Conditions including Warranty and Limitation of Liability information can be found on our website

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# PRODUCT INFORMATION



### Description

Sterol O-acyltransferase 1 (SOAT-1), also known as acyl-coenzyme A:cholesterol acyltransferase-1 (ACAT-1), is an enzyme encoded by ACAT1 in humans that catalyzes the intracellular formation of cholesterol esters from cholesterol and long-chain fatty acyl-coenzyme A.<sup>1</sup> It is ubiquitously expressed and localized to the rough endoplasmic reticulum where it preferentially utilizes oleic acid (Item Nos. 90260 | 24659) or palmitic acid (Item No. 10006627) as fatty acid substrates for the synthesis of cholesterol esters, which are stored intracellularly or packaged into chylomicrons or VLDL and secreted into the blood stream. SOAT-1/ACAT-1 protein levels are increased in macrophages under various pathological conditions, including atherosclerosis. <sup>2</sup> SOAT-1/ACAT-1 activity is increased by cholesterol in vitro, and ACAT1 expression is increased by stimulation with the pro-inflammatory cytokines TNF- $\alpha$  or IFN- $\gamma$  in isolated human and THP-1 monocytes, respectively. 1,3 ACAT1 silencing in human H4 neuroglioma cells overexpressing amyloid-β precursor protein (APP) reduces secretion of soluble amyloid-β (Aβ) and Aβ42 (Item No. 20574).<sup>4</sup> Genome-wide deletion of Acat 1 reduces macrophage infiltration and neutral lipid deposition in atherosclerotic aortic lesions and decreases serum total cholesterol levels, but increases brain cholesterol deposition, in ApoE<sup>-/-</sup> mice fed a Western diet.<sup>5</sup> Cayman's SOAT-1/ACAT-1 Polyclonal Antibody can be used for immunofluoresence (IF), immunohistochemistry (IHC) and Western blot (WB) applications. The antibody recognizes the N-terminus to detect full-length SOAT-1/ACAT-1 at approximately 65 kDa from human, mouse, porcine, and rat samples.

### References

- Pramfalk, C., Eriksson, M., and Parini, P. Cholesteryl esters and ACAT. Eur. J. Lipid Sci. Technol. 114(6), 624-633 (2012).
- Sakashita, N., Miyazaki, A., Chang, C.C.Y., et al. Acyl-coenzyme A:cholesterol acyltransferase 2 (ACAT2) is induced in monocyte-derived macrophages: In vivo and in vitro studies. Lab. Invest. 83(11), 1569-1581 (2003).
- 3. Chang, T.-Y., Li, B.-L., Chang, C.Y., et al. Acyl-coenzyme A:cholesterol acyltransferases. Am. J. Physiol. Endocrinol. Metab. 297(1), E1-E9 (2009).
- 4. Huttunen, H.J., Greco, C., and Kovacs, D.M. Knockdown of ACAT-1 reduces amyloidogenic processing of APP. FEBS Lett. **581(8)**, 1688-1692 (2007).
- 5. Accad, M., Smith, S.J., Newland, D.L., *et al.* Massive xanthomatosis and altered composition of atherosclerotic lesions in hyperlipidemic mice lacking acyl CoA:cholesterol acyltransferase 1. *J. Clin. Invest.* **105(6)**, 711-719 (2000).