

Produktinformation



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PRODUCT INFORMATION



Thioredoxin 1 (mouse) Polyclonal Antibody

Item No. 11540

Overview and Properties

This vial contains 100 µg of affinity-purified polyclonal antibody. Contents:

Synonyms: Immunogen: Mouse Trx1

Species Reactivity: (+) Mouse, rat; other species not tested

Form: Liquid

-20°C (as supplied) Storage:

Stability: ≥3 years

PBS, pH 7.0, with 50% glycerol and 0.02% sodium azide Storage Buffer:

Host:

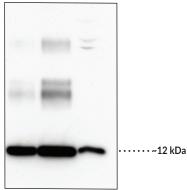
Applications: Western blot (WB); the recommended starting dilution is 1:1,000. Other applications

were not tested, therefore optimal working concentration/dilution should be

determined empirically.

Image





Lane 1: Thioredoxin 1 (Item No. 11540) (50 ng) Lane 2: Thioredoxin 1 (Item No. 11540) (200 ng)

Lane 3: MCF-7 (50 µg)

WARNING THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

Buyer agrees to purchase the material subject to Cayman's Terms and Conditions. Complete Terms and Conditions including Warranty and Limitation of Liability information can be found on our website.

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PRODUCT INFORMATION



Description

Thioredoxin 1 (Trx1) is a thiol-disulfide oxidoreductase and part of the antioxidant thioredoxin system that is involved in the maintenance of cellular thiol redox homeostasis.¹⁻³ It is ubiquitously expressed, localizes primarily to the cytoplasm with some nuclear localization, and is upregulated in and released from cells under conditions of oxidative stress.^{1,2,4} Trx1 contains two active site cysteine residues at positions 32 and 35, with additional cysteines at positions 62, 69, and 73.² During the catalytic cycle, the active site cysteines are oxidized to a disulfide upon reduction of oxidized protein disulfide substrates and are subsequently restored to their reduced state by thioredoxin reductase (TrxR) and NADPH.^{1,2} It regulates redox-sensitive transcription factors including NF-κB, p53, and the glucocorticoid receptor, as well as inhibits apoptosis through redox-sensitive binding and regulation of apoptosis signal-regulating kinase 1 (ASK1).^{2,4} Homozygous disruption of the gene encoding Trx1, Txn1, is embryonic lethal in mice.^{1,5} Cayman's Thioredoxin 1 (mouse) Polyclonal Antibody can be used for Western blot (WB) applications.

References

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- 3. Berndt, C., Lillig, C.H., and Holmgren, A. Thiol-based mechanisms of the thioredoxin and glutaredoxin systems: Implications for diseases in the cardiovascular system. *Am. J. Physiol. Heart Circ. Physiol.* **292(3)**, H1227-H1236 (2007).
- 4. Raffel, J., Bhattacharyya, A.K., Gallegos, A., et al. Increased expression of thioredoxin-1 in human colorectal cancer is associated with decreased patient survival. J. Lab. Clin. Med. 142(1), 46-51 (2003).
- 5. Matsui, M., Oshima, M., Oshima, H., et al. Early embryonic lethality caused by targeted disruption of the mouse thioredoxin gene. *Dev. Biol.* **178(1)**, 179-185 (1996).

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