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SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic



PRODUCT INFORMATION



COX-1 Monoclonal Antibody (Clone CX111)

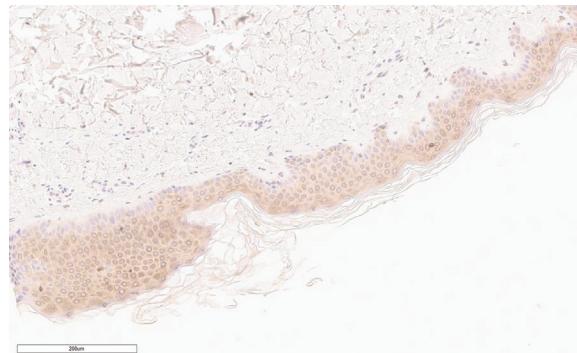
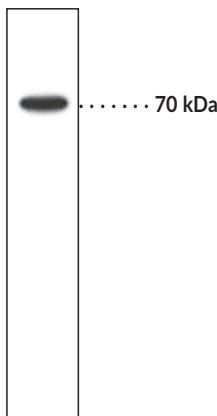
Item No. 160110

Overview and Properties

Contents:	This vial contains 500 µg of purified monoclonal antibody.
Synonyms:	Cyclooxygenase 1, Prostaglandin Endoperoxide Synthase 1, Prostaglandin G/H Synthase 1, Prostaglandin H2 Synthase 1, PGHS-1
Immunogen:	Purified ovine COX-1
Cross Reactivity:	(+) Human, ovine COX-2; (-) Mouse COX-2
Species Reactivity:	(+) Human, mouse, rat, bovine; (-) Other species not tested
Uniprot No.:	P05979
Form:	Liquid
Storage:	-20°C (as supplied)
Stability:	≥3 years
Storage Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.2, with 0.01% sodium azide
Clone:	CX111
Host:	Mouse
Isotype:	IgG2b
Applications:	Immunohistochemistry (IHC) and Western blot (WB); the recommended starting dilution is 1:200. Other applications were not tested, therefore optimal working concentration/dilution should be determined empirically.

Images

1



Lane 1: Ovine COX-1 (microsomal fraction)

Immunohistochemistry analysis of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded (FFPE) human skin tissue after heat induced antigen retrieval in pH 6.0 citrate buffer. After incubation with COX-1 Monoclonal Antibody (Clone CX111) (Item No. 160110) at a 1:200 dilution, slides were incubated with biotinylated secondary antibody, followed by alkaline phosphatase-streptavidin and chromogen (DAB).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

SAFETY DATA

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

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CAYMAN CHEMICAL

1180 EAST ELLSWORTH RD
ANN ARBOR, MI 48108 - USA

PHONE: [800] 364-9897
[734] 971-3335

FAX: [734] 971-3640

CUSTSERV@CAYMANCHEM.COM
WWW.CAYMANCHEM.COM

PRODUCT INFORMATION



Description

Cyclooxygenase 1 (COX-1) is a bifunctional enzyme that exhibits both COX and peroxidase activities.^{1,2} It is composed of an N-terminal signal peptide, an EGF-like domain, a membrane binding domain, a catalytic domain, and a C-terminal tail.³ COX-1 is constitutively expressed in the gastrointestinal tract, kidney, spleen, liver, and lung and localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum.^{4,5} The COX component converts arachidonic acid (Item Nos. 90010 | 90010.1 | 10006607) to a hydroperoxy endoperoxide prostaglandin G₂ (PGG₂; Item No. 17010) and the peroxidase component reduces the endoperoxide to the corresponding alcohol PGH₂ (Item No. 17020), the precursor of PGs, thromboxanes, and prostacyclins.^{1,2} COX-1 is the target of many non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and is responsible for the undesirable gastrointestinal and renal side effects, such as ulcer formation and reductions in the glomerular filtration rate, respectively.^{6,7} Cayman's COX-1 Monoclonal Antibody (Clone CX111) can be used for immunohistochemistry (IHC) and Western blot (WB) applications.

References

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