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Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

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See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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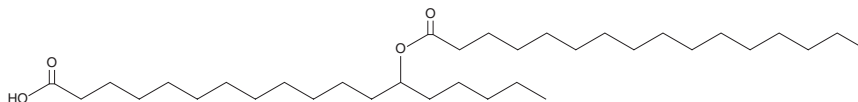
PRODUCT INFORMATION



13-PAHSA

Item No. 17044

Formal Name: 13-(palmitoyloxy)octadecanoic acid
MF: C₃₄H₆₆O₄
FW: 538.9
Purity: ≥95%
Stability: ≥1 year at -20°C
Supplied as: A solution in methyl acetate



Laboratory Procedures

For long term storage, we suggest that 13-PAHSA be stored as supplied at -20°C. It should be stable for at least one year.

13-PAHSA is supplied as a solution in methyl acetate. To change the solvent, simply evaporate the methyl acetate under a gentle stream of nitrogen and immediately add the solvent of choice. Solvents such as ethanol, DMSO, and dimethyl formamide (DMF) purged with an inert gas can be used. The solubility of 13-PAHSA in ethanol and DMF is approximately 20 mg/ml and approximately 15 mg/ml in DMSO.

13-PAHSA is sparingly soluble in aqueous buffers. For maximum solubility in aqueous buffers, the ethanolic solution of 13-PAHSA should be diluted with the aqueous buffer of choice. 13-PAHSA has a solubility of approximately 0.5 mg/ml in a 1:1 solution of ethanol:PBS (pH 7.2) using this method. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

Branched fatty acid esters of hydroxy fatty acids (FAHFAs) are newly identified endogenous lipids regulated by fasting and high-fat feeding and associated with insulin sensitivity.¹ Structurally, these esters are comprised of a C-16 or C-18 fatty acid (e.g., palmitoleic, palmitic, oleic, or stearic acid) linked to either a C-16 or C-18 hydroxy substituent. 13-PAHSA is a FAHFA in which palmitic acid (Item No. 10006627) is esterified to 13-hydroxy stearic acid. Among the FAHFA family members, PAHSAs are the most abundant in the adipose tissue of glucose tolerant AG4OX mice, which overexpress the Glut4 glucose transporter specifically in adipose tissue.¹ As other FAHFAs improve glucose tolerance, stimulate insulin secretion, and have anti-inflammatory effects, 13-PAHSA may be a bioactive lipid with roles in metabolic syndrome and inflammation.¹

Reference

1. Yore, M.M., Syed, I., Moraes-Vieira, P.M., *et al.* Discovery of a class of endogenous mammalian lipids with anti-diabetic and anti-inflammatory effects. *Cell* **159**(2), 318-332 (2014).

WARNING

THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

SAFETY DATA

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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