

Produktinformation



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PRODUCT INFORMATION



5β,6β-epoxy Cholestanol

Item No. 25603

CAS Registry No.: Formal Name: Synonyms:	4025-59-6 5β,6β-epoxy-cholestan-3β-ol Cholesterol β-Epoxide, 5β,6β-Epoxycholesterol, 5β,6β-Epoxycholestan-3β-ol, NSC 148940	
MF: FW:	$C_{27}H_{46}O_2$ 402.7	HHH
Purity:	≥95%	
Supplied as:	A crystalline solid	
Storage:	-20°C	
Stability:	≥2 years	

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

Laboratory Procedures

 5β , 6β -epoxy Cholestanol is supplied as a crystalline solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the 56,66-epoxy cholestanol in the solvent of choice. 56,66-epoxy Cholestanol is soluble in organic solvents such as ethanol, DMSO, and dimethyl formamide, which should be purged with an inert gas. The solubility of 5β , 6β -epoxy cholestanol in these solvents is approximately 20, 0.1, and 2 mg/ml, respectively.

 5β , 6β -epoxy Cholestanol is sparingly soluble in aqueous buffers. For maximum solubility in aqueous buffers, 5β , 6β -epoxy cholestanol should first be dissolved in ethanol and then diluted with the aqueous buffer of choice. 56,68-epoxy Cholestanol has a solubility of approximately 0.3 mg/ml in a 1:2 solution of ethanol:PBS (pH 7.2) using this method. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

5β,6β-epoxy Cholestanol is an oxidative metabolite of cholesterol that is formed via radical and non-radical oxidation of cholesterol at the 5,6-double bond.^{1,2} It induces release of lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) and apoptosis in macrophage-differentiated U937 cells.³ 5β,6β-epoxy Cholestanol has been found in human fatty streaks and advanced atherosclerotic lesions but is not present in normal aortic tissue.⁴

References

- 1. Pulfer, M.K. and Murphy, R.C. Formation of biologically active oxysterols during ozonolysis of cholesterol present in lung surfactant. J. Biol. Chem. 279(25), 26331-26338 (2004).
- 2. Aringer, L. and Eneroth, P. Formation and metabolism in vitro of 5,6-epoxides of cholesterol and β-sitosterol. J. Lipid Res. 15(4), 389-398 (1974).
- 3 Lordan, S., O'Brien, N.M., and Mackrill, J.J. The role of calcium in apoptosis induced by 7β -hydroxycholesterol and cholesterol-5β,6β-epoxide. J. Biochem. Mol. Toxicol. 23(5), 324-332 (2009).
- 4. Garcia-Cruset, S., Carpenter, K.L., Guardiola, F., et al. Oxysterol profiles of normal human arteries, fatty streaks and advanced lesions. Free Radic. Res. 35(1), 31-41 (2001).

WARNING THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

SAFFTY DATA

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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