

# Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



# Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

# Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

# SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic in



# **PRODUCT INFORMATION**



## 12-hydroxy Lauric Acid

Item No. 28494

CAS Registry No.: 505-95-3

Formal Name: 12-hydroxy-dodecanoic acid

Synonyms: ω-hydroxy Lauric Acid, NSC 159293,

NSC 664211

MF:  $C_{12}H_{24}O_3$ 216.3 FW: **Purity:** ≥95% (NMR) Supplied as: A solid

Storage: -20°C Stability: ≥2 vears

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.



12-hydroxy Lauric acid is supplied as a solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the 12-hydroxy lauric acid in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. 12-hydroxy Lauric acid is soluble in organic solvents such as ethanol, DMSO, and dimethyl formamide. The solubility of 12-hydroxy lauric acid in these solvents is approximately 15, 10, and 3 mg/ml, respectively.

12-hydroxy Lauric acid is sparingly soluble in aqueous buffers. For maximum solubility in aqueous buffers, 12-hydroxy lauric acid should first be dissolved in ethanol and then diluted with the aqueous buffer of choice. 12-hydroxy Lauric acid has a solubility of approximately 0.16 mg/ml in a 1:5 solution of ethanol: PBS (pH 7.2) using this method. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

### Description

12-hydroxy Lauric acid is a hydroxylated fatty acid that has been found in honey bee royal jelly. It is active against S. aureus, B. subtilis, B. cereus, E. coli, and P. aeruginosa bacteria (MICs = 6.25-125 µg/ml) and the fungus C. albicans (MIC =  $15.63 \mu g/ml$ ).

### Reference

1. Isidorov, W., Witkowski, S., Zambrzycka, M., et al. Royal jelly aliphatic acids contribute to antimicrobial activity of honey. J. Apic. Sci. 62(1), 111-123 (2018).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

## WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

Buyer agrees to purchase the material subject to Cayman's Terms and Conditions. Complete Terms and Conditions including Warranty and Limitation of Liability information can be found on our website.

Copyright Cayman Chemical Company, 12/17/2019

СООН

### **CAYMAN CHEMICAL**

1180 EAST ELLSWORTH RD ANN ARBOR, MI 48108 · USA PHONE: [800] 364-9897

[734] 971-3335

**FAX:** [734] 971-3640 CUSTSERV@CAYMANCHEM.COM WWW.**CAYMANCHEM**.COM