



SZABO SCANDIC

Part of Europa Biosite

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

[linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic](https://www.linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic) 

PRODUCT INFORMATION



9(S)-HODE cholesteryl ester

Item No. 38411

CAS Registry No.: 143442-54-0
Formal Name: 9S-hydroxy-10E,12Z-octadecadienoic acid, cholesteryl ester

MF: C₄₅H₇₆O₃

FW: 665.1

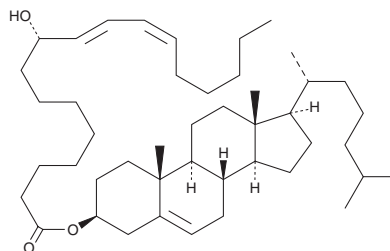
Purity: ≥98%

UV/Vis.: λ_{max}: 234 nm ε: 23,000

Supplied as: A solution in ethanol

Storage: -20°C

Stability: As supplied, 1 year from the QC date provided on the Certificate of Analysis, when stored properly



Laboratory Procedures

9(S)-HODE cholesteryl ester is supplied as a solution in ethanol. To change the solvent, simply evaporate the ethanol under a gentle stream of nitrogen and immediately add the solvent of choice. Solvents such as ethanol, DMSO, and dimethyl formamide purged with an inert gas can be used. The solubility of 9(S)-HODE cholesteryl ester in these solvents is approximately 50 mg/ml.

9(S)-HODE cholesteryl ester is sparingly soluble (<20 µg/ml in PBS pH 7.2) in aqueous buffers. Therefore, further dilutions of the organic solvent solution into aqueous buffers or isotonic saline should be made prior to performing biological experiments. Ensure that the residual amount of organic solvent is insignificant, since organic solvents may have physiological effects at low concentrations. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

9(S)-HODE cholesteryl ester was originally extracted from atherosclerotic lesions.¹ It remains uncertain whether the oxidized fatty acid portion of the molecule results from enzymatic lipoxygenation or from random lipid peroxidation.² 9(S)-HODE cholesteryl ester can be used as a standard for analysis of chiral HODE cholesteryl esters.

References

1. Brooks, C.J.W., Harland, W.A., Steel, G., *et al.* Lipids of human atheroma: Isolation of hydroxyoctadecadienoic acids from advanced aortal lesions. *Biochim. Biophys. Acta* **202**, 563-566 (1970).
2. Belkner, J., Wiesner, R., Kühn, H., *et al.* The oxygenation of cholesterol esters by the reticulocyte lipoxygenase. *FEBS Lett.* **279**, 110-114 (1991).

WARNING

THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

SAFETY DATA

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

Buyer agrees to purchase the material subject to Cayman's Terms and Conditions. Complete Terms and Conditions including Warranty and Limitation of Liability information can be found on our website.

Copyright Cayman Chemical Company, 03/02/2017

CAYMAN CHEMICAL

1180 EAST ELLSWORTH RD
ANN ARBOR, MI 48108 · USA

PHONE: [800] 364-9897

[734] 971-3335

FAX: [734] 971-3640

CUSTSERV@CAYMANCHEM.COM
WWW.CAYMANCHEM.COM