



# SZABO SCANDIC

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## Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

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See the following pages for more information!



### Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

### Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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# NaveniFlex Tissue GM

## General guidelines

- Reaction volume depends on sample size and should be sufficient to cover the entire sample area. A volume of approximately 40  $\mu\text{l}/\text{cm}^2$  is recommended. For example, for an FFPE tissue section that covers an area of 5  $\text{cm}^2$  on a slide, we recommend you use a reaction volume of 200  $\mu\text{l}/\text{slide}$ .
- Use best practices when pipetting to minimize reagent consumption.
- Thoroughly defrost all buffers at room temperature. Vortex well before use.
- Centrifuge vials before pipetting.
- Spin down Enzymes 1 and 2 before use.
- Keep enzymes on ice or on a frozen cooling block.
- Add enzymes right before adding reaction mix to sample.
- The recommended Navenibody NT working dilution is 1:80. Depending on target abundance, Navenibodies can be titrated up to 1:40 or down to 1:160.
- The NaveniFlex Tissue GM kit can be combined with traditional immunofluorescence (IF), provided all primary antibodies are either raised in different species, or labelled with fluorophores different from the ones used in the kit.
- Select the Detection reagent NT with the appropriate detection fluorophore for your microscope filter set. Consider fluorophore compatibility and bleed-through if performing an immunofluorescence co-stain.
- Detection reagent NT is light-sensitive. Always keep it protected from light.
- Remove excess washing buffer from samples before adding the reagent mix.
- Do not allow slides/samples to dry.
- Preheat humidity chamber before each step.
- Incubation times or assay temperatures other than those specified may negatively impact results.
- As with any product derived from biological sources, proper handling procedures should be used.
- Wear appropriate personal protective equipment to avoid contact of reagents with eyes and skin.
- Unused solutions should be disposed of according to local regulations.

## Important:



Appropriate precautions should be taken to avoid antibody cross-contamination. Cross-contamination is the primary source of unspecific background due to the high sensitivity of the assay.

Avoid bulk washing methods when different primary antibody pairs are used, or when washing different technical controls.

## Kit components

### Box 1:

Storage: 4 to 8°C



Material	Art.no	Amount
Block NT (1X)	NT.1.100.01	4 ml
Diluent 1 NT (1X)	NB.1.100.02	8 ml
Diluent 2 NT (1X)	NF.1.100.03	4 ml
Navenibody G1 NT (80X)	NB.1.100.18	100 $\mu\text{l}$
Navenibody M2 NT (80X)	NB.1.100.19	100 $\mu\text{l}$
Post-block NT (1X)	NF.1.100.01	4 ml

### Box 2:

Storage: -25 to -15°C. Protect from light!



Material	Art.no	Amount
Buffer 1 NT (5X)	NB.2.100.17	800 $\mu\text{l}$
Enzyme 1 NT (40X)	NF.2.100.11	100 $\mu\text{l}$
Buffer 2 NT (5X)	NT.2.100.01	800 $\mu\text{l}$
Enzyme 2 NT (40X)	NF.2.100.15	100 $\mu\text{l}$
Post-block supplement NT (40X)	NT.2.100.04	100 $\mu\text{l}$
Detection reagent NT** (5X), Red/Atto647N	NT.2.100.02/ NT.2.100.03	800 $\mu\text{l}$

\*When stored as directed, the product is stable for at least 3 months after receipt.

\*\*Depending on the kit you purchased, either the Red or the Atto647N Detection Reagent NT will be included.



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# Instructions of use

## 1. Pre-treatment (reagents not provided)

- 1.1 Perform the appropriate pre-treatment steps for your sample type (e.g., deparaffinization and antigen retrieval for FFPE tissues) according to your standard immunohistochemistry protocol.
- 1.2 Where applicable, use a hydrophobic barrier pen around sample to prevent spillage and sample drying.

## 2. Blocking

- 2.1 Add **Block NT** to the entire sample area.
- 2.2 Incubate for 60 min at 37 °C in a preheated humidity chamber.

## 3. Primary antibody incubation

- 3.1 Use the provided **Diluent 1 NT** to dilute your primary antibodies to working concentration. Start with a concentration optimized for/ recommended by the antibody vendor for IHC.
- 3.2 Decant the **Block NT** and add a sufficient volume of the antibody working solution from step 3.1 to cover the sample area.
- 3.3 Incubate for 60 min at 37 °C or overnight at 4 °C in a humidity chamber.
- 3.4 Decant the antibody solution, wash slides 2x 10 sec and 1x 15 min with 1X TBS-T<sup>1</sup> in a staining jar under gentle agitation. Wash controls separately.

## 4. Navenibody incubation

- 4.1 Dilute **Navenibody G1 NT** and **Navenibody M2 NT** 1:80 in **Diluent 2 NT**.
- 4.2 Add a sufficient volume of the Navenibody working solution from step 4.1 to cover the sample area.
- 4.3 Incubate for 60 min at 37 °C in a preheated humidity chamber.
- 4.4 Decant the solution and wash slides 2x 10 sec and 1x 15 min with 1X TBS-T in a staining jar under gentle agitation. Wash controls separately.

## 5. Reaction 1 (for an example calculation for a total reaction volume of 200 µl, sufficient for a sample area of ~5 cm<sup>2</sup>, see table in 5.2)

- 5.1 Start preparing Reaction 1 by diluting **Buffer 1 NT** 1:5 in water. Vortex and spin down.
- 5.2 Add **Enzyme 1 NT** so that it is diluted 1:40. Mix gently by pipetting and spin down.

Reagent for 5 cm <sup>2</sup> sample area	Volume
H <sub>2</sub> O	155 µl
Buffer 1 NT (5x)	40 µl
Enzyme 1 NT (40x)	5 µl
Total volume:	200 µl

- 5.3 Add a sufficient volume of Reaction 1 to cover the sample area.
- 5.4 Incubate for 30 min at 37 °C in a preheated humidity chamber.
- 5.5 Decant the solution, wash slides 1x 10 sec and 1x 5 min with 1X TBS-T in a staining jar under gentle agitation.

## 6. Reaction 2: protect from light!

- 6.1 Start preparing Reaction 2 by diluting **Buffer 2 NT** 1:5 in water. Vortex and spin down.
- 6.2 Add **Enzyme 2 NT** so that it is diluted 1:40. Mix gently by pipetting and spin down.
- 6.3 Add a sufficient volume of Reaction 2 to cover the sample area.
- 6.4 Incubate for 90 min at 37 °C in a preheated humidity chamber. Proceed to step 7.1 before the incubation is over.

## 7. Post-block<sup>2</sup>

- 7.1 While **Reaction 2** is incubating, thaw and dilute **Post-block supplement NT** 1:40 in **Post-block NT**. Vortex and spin down.
- 7.2 After the incubation step is complete, decant **Reaction 2** and add a sufficient volume of the Post-block working solution from step 7.1 to cover the sample area.
- 7.3 Incubate for 30 min at 37 °C in a preheated humidity chamber.

## 8. Detection (protect from light!)

- 8.1 Prepare the Detection working solution by diluting **Detection reagent NT** 1:5 in water. Vortex and spin down.
- 8.2 Decant the Post-block solution. Do not wash at this step, but make sure the Post-block solution has been removed. Add a sufficient volume of Detection working solution from step 8.1 to cover the sample area.
- 8.3 Incubate for 30 min at 37 °C in a preheated humidity chamber.
- 8.4 Decant the solution and wash slides for 2 min with 1X TBS in a staining jar under gentle agitation.

## 9. Nuclear stain and mounting (reagents not provided; protect from light!)

- 9.1 Decant excess washing buffer from the slides.
- 9.2 Add DAPI or a nuclear stain of your choice with a similar emission spectrum diluted in PBS to a concentration recommended by the vendor. Incubate for 5 min at room temperature in a humidity chamber.
- 9.3 Decant the solution, wash slides 2x 10 min in 1X TBS under gentle agitation.
- 9.4 Perform a final 15 min wash in 0.1X TBS under gentle agitation. Dry slides in a slide centrifuge or air-dry them, and mount them with a coverslip using an antifade mounting medium.

## 10. Imaging

- 10.1 Image your slides on a fluorescence or confocal microscope using a 20x objective or higher.
- 10.2 For imaging, a filter set corresponding to your chosen nuclear stain and detection fluorophore's excitation/ emission spectra is required.

Filter set	Detecting	λ Excitation	λ Emission
DAPI	Nuclei		
FITC	Possible IF co-stain	480-490 nm	525-535 nm
Cy3	Possible IF co-stain	545-555 nm	575-585 nm
TexasRed	Proximity signal detected by Detection Reagent NT Red	585-595 nm	615-625 nm
Cy5	Proximity signal detected by Detection Reagent NT Atto647	635-645 nm	665-675 nm

<sup>1</sup>TBS-T (Tris-buffered saline supplemented with 0.05% Tween 20)

<sup>2</sup>If desired, it is possible to add fluorescently labelled antibodies for co-staining at this step.