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Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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General guidelines

- Reaction volume depends on sample size and should be sufficient to cover the entire sample area. A volume of approximately 40 µl/cm² is recommended. For example, for an FFPE tissue section that covers an area of 5 cm² on a slide, we recommend you use a reaction volume of 200 µl/slide.
- Use best practices when pipetting to minimize reagent consumption.
- Thoroughly defrost all buffers at room temperature. Vortex well before use.
- Centrifuge vials before pipetting.
- Spin down Enzymes 1 and 2 before use.
- Keep enzymes on ice or on a frozen cooling block.
- Add enzymes right before adding reaction mix to sample.
- Detection reagent is light-sensitive. Always keep it protected from light.
- Remove excess washing buffer from samples before adding the reagent mix.
- Do not allow slides/samples to dry.
- Preheat humidity chamber before each step.
- Incubation times or assay temperatures other than those specified may negatively impact results. Warm washing buffer is only required for step 4.4, additional warm washing steps may lead to signal deterioration.
- As with any product derived from biological sources, proper handling procedures should be used.
- Wear appropriate personal protective equipment to avoid contact of reagents with eyes and skin.
- Unused solutions should be disposed of according to local regulations.

Important:

Appropriate precautions should be taken to avoid antibody cross-contamination. Cross-contamination is the primary source of unspecific background due to the high sensitivity of the assay.

Avoid bulk washing methods when different primary antibody pairs are used, or when washing different technical controls.

Kit components

Box 1:

Storage: 4 to 8°C



Material	Art.no	Amount
Block (1X)	NT.1.100.01	4 ml
Diluent (1X)	NB.1.100.02	8 ml
Navenibody M1 (80X)	NB.1.100.06	100 µl
Navenibody R2 (80X)	NB.1.100.07	100 µl
Post-block (1X)	NB.1.100.02	4 ml

Box 2:

Storage: -25 to -15°C. Protect from light!



Material	Art.no	Amount
PD1 antibody (40x) based on clone EH33 CST	PPI.2.01	100 µl
PD-L1 antibody (40x) based on clone SP142 Abcam	PPI.2.02	100 µl
Buffer 1 (5X)	NB.2.100.17	800 µl
Enzyme 1 (40X)	NF.2.100.11	100 µl
Buffer 2 (5X)	NT.2.100.01	800 µl
Enzyme 2 (40X)	NF.2.100.15	100 µl
Post-block supplement (40X)	NT.2.100.04	100 µl
Detection reagent (5X), Atto647N	NT.2.100.03	800 µl

When stored as directed, the product is stable for at least 3 months after receipt.

REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Tris-EDTA antigen retrieval buffer (pH 9.0)
- Wash buffers
- DAPI or other nuclear stain
- Mounting medium



Distributed by:
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Protocol

1. Pre-treatment and wash buffer preparation (reagents not provided)

- 1.1. Deparaffinize samples and perform heat-induced epitope retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).
- 1.2. Where applicable, use a hydrophobic barrier pen around sample to prevent spillage and sample drying.
- 1.3. Prepare two bottles of 1X TBS-T*, pre-warm one bottle to 37°C together with required number of staining jars (warm wash is required after Navenibody incubation at Step 4.4).

*TBS-T (Tris-buffered saline supplemented with 0.05% Tween 20).

2. Blocking

- 2.1 Add **Block** solution to the entire sample area.
- 2.2 Incubate for 60 min at 37 °C in a preheated humidity chamber.

3. Primary antibody incubation (for an example calculation for a total reaction volume of 200 µl, sufficient for a sample area of ~5 cm², see table in 3.1).

- 3.1. Use the provided **Diluent** to dilute the antibodies **PD1** and **PD-L1** down to working concentration (dilute each antibody 1:40).

Reagent for 5 cm ² sample area	Volume
Diluent (1X)	190 µl
PD1 antibody (40x) clone EH33	5 µl
PD-L1 antibody (40x) clone SP142	5 µl
Total volume:	200 µl

- 3.2. Decant the **Block** solution from the slides and add sufficient volume of the antibody working solution from step 3.1 to cover the sample area.
- 3.3. Incubate for 60 min at 37 °C or overnight at 4 °C in a humidity chamber.
- 3.4. Decant the antibody solution, wash slides 2x 10 sec and 1x 15 min with 1X TBS-T in a staining jar under gentle agitation. Wash controls separately.

4. Navenibody incubation

- 4.1. Dilute **Navenibody M1** and **Navenibody R2** 1:80 in the provided **Diluent**.
- 4.2. Add a sufficient volume of the Navenibody working solution from step 4.1 to cover the sample area.
- 4.3. Incubate for 60 min at 37 °C in a preheated humidity chamber.
- 4.4. Decant the solution and wash slides with the pre-warmed 1X TBS-T from Step 1.3. Wash for 2x 10 sec and 1x 15 min in the pre-warmed staining jar under gentle agitation. Wash controls separately.

5. Reaction 1 (for an example calculation for a total reaction volume of 200 µl, sufficient for a sample area of ~5 cm², see table in 5.2).

- 5.1. Start preparing Reaction 1 by diluting **Buffer 1** 1:5 in water. Vortex and spin down.
- 5.2. Add **Enzyme 1** so that it is diluted 1:40. Mix gently by pipetting and spin down.

Reagent for 5 cm ² sample area	Volume
H ₂ O	155 µl
Buffer 1 (5x)	40 µl
Enzyme 1 (40x)	5 µl
Total volume:	200 µl

- 5.3. Add a sufficient volume of Reaction 1 to cover the sample area.
- 5.4. Incubate for 30 min at 37 °C in a preheated humidity chamber.
- 5.5. Decant the solution, wash slides 1x 10 sec and 1x 5 min with 1X TBS-T in a staining jar under gentle agitation.

6. Reaction 2

- 6.1. Start preparing Reaction 2 by diluting **Buffer 2** 1:5 in water. Vortex and spin down.
- 6.2. Add **Enzyme 2** so that it is diluted 1:40. Mix gently by pipetting and spin down.
- 6.3. Add a sufficient volume of Reaction 2 to cover the sample area.
- 6.4. Incubate for 90 min at 37 °C in a preheated humidity chamber. Proceed to step 7.1 before the incubation is over.

7. Post-block

- 7.1. While **Reaction 2** is incubating, thaw and dilute **Post-block supplement** 1:40 in **Post-block**. Vortex and spin down.
- 7.2. After the incubation step is complete, decant **Reaction 2** and add a sufficient volume of the Post-block working solution from step 7.1 to cover the sample area.
- 7.3. Incubate for 30 min at 37 °C in a preheated humidity chamber.

8. Detection: protect from light!

- 8.1. Prepare the Detection working solution by diluting **Detection mix** 1:5 in water. If desired, it is possible to add fluorescent (FITC or Cy3) labeled antibodies for co-staining at this step.
- 8.2. Decant the Post-block solution from the slides. Do not wash at this step, but make sure the Post-block solution has been removed. Add a sufficient volume of Detection working solution from step 8.1 to cover the sample area.
- 8.3. Incubate for 60 min at 37 °C in a preheated humidity chamber.
- 8.4. Decant the solution and wash slides for 2 min with 1X TBS-T in a staining jar under gentle agitation.

9. Nuclear stain and mounting (reagents not provided; protect from light!)

- 9.1. Remove excess washing buffer from the slides.
- 9.2. Add DAPI or a nuclear stain of your choice with a similar emission spectrum diluted in PBS to a concentration recommended by the vendor. Incubate for 5 min at room temperature in a humidity chamber.
- 9.3. Decant the solution, wash slides 2x 5 min in 1X TBS-T under gentle agitation.
- 9.4. Perform a final 5 min wash in 0.1X TBS-T under gentle agitation. Dry slides in a slide centrifuge or air-dry them and mount with a coverslip using an antifade mounting medium.

10. Imaging

- 10.1. Image your slides on a fluorescence or confocal microscope using a 20x objective or higher.
- 10.2. For imaging, a filter set corresponding to your chosen nuclear stain and detection fluorophore's excitation/ emission spectra is required.

Filter set	Detecting	λ _{Excitation}	λ _{Emission}
DAPI	Nuclei		
Cy5	PD1/PD-L1 interaction	635-645 nm	665-675 nm