

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien
Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial
Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik
Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0 F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7 <u>mail@szabo-scandic.com</u> www.szabo-scandic.com





for the Science of Tomorrow™

Affinity Purified Rat anti-Mouse Pan Macrophages

CL89170AP CL89170AP-S Lot: 01PO1009

DESCRIPTION:

This antibody recognizes the F4/80 antigen on major subpopulations of resident tissue macrophages. The antigen expression increases upon maturation of macrophage precursors in bone marrow and blood as well as in ontogeny. CL89170AP is the only macrophage marker that is able to distinguish non-destructive from destructive inflammation processes in the pancreas, it has also been shown to be a unique histological marker of the progression from peri-insulitis to β-cell destruction and diabetes in a mouse diabetes model.

SPECIFICITY:

Detects major subpopulation of resident tissue macrophage in mice, and cross reacts with human heart macrophages.

PRESENTATION:

This product is presented as 25 µg (CL89170AP-S) or 100 µg (CL89170AP) lyophilized from phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2 containing 10 mg/ml0.05% BSA as a stabilizer and sodium azide (NaN₃) as a preservative. Reconstitute with 0.5 ml distilled water.

CLONE: BM8

ISOTYPE: Rat IgG2a

APPLICATIONS: Immunohistochemistry on frozen and paraffin embedded sections (acetone, glutraldehyde, formaldehyde or paraffin fixed), and FACS.

WORKING DILUTIONS: We recommend a starting dilution of 1:1000 (0.4 µg/ml), freshly prepared or frozen sections. This product requires proteinase treatment of paraffin sections.

* For optimal results in various applications it is recommended that investigators determine dilutions appropriate for individual use.

Continued Overleaf....



An ISO 9001:2015 and ISO 13485:2016 registered company.

In CANADA: Toll Free: 1-800-268-5058

4410 Paletta Court, Burlington, ON L7L 5R2 ph: (289) 288-0001, fax: (289) 288-0020 e-mail: general@cedarlanelabs.com

In the USA: Toll Free: 1-800-721-1644 1210 Turrentine Street, Burlington, NC 27215 ph: (336) 513-5135, fax: (336) 513-5138 e-mail: service@cedarlanelabs.com

<u>STORAGE/STABILITY</u>: This product is stable for up to one year at 4°C. For longer storage, aliquots of this antibody may be stored at -20° C. Stable for one year after reconstitution at -20° C. Do not freeze working dilutions.

Biochemistry:

This antigen is a 125kD extracellular membrane protein sensitive to 2-mercaptoethanol.

Antigen Distribution:

Isolated Cells:

This antigen is expressed *in vitro* on over 80% of M-CSF stimulated bone marrow derived macrophages after a few days of culture. It is absent from granulocytes, lymphocytes and thrombocytes.

Tissue Sections:

This antigen is detected on tissue fixed macrophages in all organs tested so far (spleen, lymph nodes, thymus, liver, skin). It is also present in Langerhans cells in the skin and Kupffer cells in the liver. In granulomas induced by Complete Freund's Adjuvant the antigen is expressed by inflammatory macrophages but is absent from epitheloid cells.

Comparison of different mature macrophage markers:

	CL89170AP (BM8)	CL89154 (MOMA-2)
Monocytes	+	+
Kupffer cells	+	+
Langerhans cells	+	+/-
Tingible body macrophages	-	+
Interdigitating cells	-	+/-
Dendritic cells	-	+/-
Microglial cells		-
Marginal zone macrophages	-	-
Marginal metallophilic cells	-	-
Pneumocytes type II		
Alveolar lavage cells	66%	
Resident peritoneal cells (PCs)	51%	
Thioglycollate elicited PCs)		
Time after injection: 4 hours	81%	
Time after injection: 8 hours	28%	
Bone Marrow (BM) cells	37%	14%
BM cells after 7 days with M-CSF	96%	30%

References:

- 1. Schaller, E. et al.: Inactivation of the F4/80 glycoprotien in the mouse germ line. Mol. Cell Biol. 22:8035-43 (2002).
- 2. Rosmalen, J.G.M. et al.: Subsets of Macrophages and Dendritic Cells in Nonobese Diabetic Mouse Pancreatic Inflammatory Infiltrates. Lab. Invest. 80:23-30 (2000)
- Leenen, P.J.M. et al.: Markers of mouse macrophage development detected by monoclonal antibodies. J. Immunol. Methods, 174: 5-19 (994).
- 4. Kraal et al. (1987) modified and P.J.M. Leenan. Personal communication.
- 5. Smit, M.J. et al.: infection of mice with lactate dehydrogenase-elevating virus destroys the subpopulation of Kupffer cells.Hepatology 12: 1192-1199 (1990).
- 6. Kraal, G. et al.: Macrophages in T and B Cell compartments and Other Tissue Macrophages Recognized by Monoclonal Antibody MOMA-2. Scand. J. Immunol. 23, 653-661 (1987).
- 7. Malorny, U. et al.: A monoclonal antibody against an antigen present on mouse macrophages and absent from monocytes. Cell Tissue Res. 243, 421-428 (1986).

FOR RESEARCH ONLY

MW 06/22/16