

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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(FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY, DO NOT USE IT IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTICS!)

Catalog No: E-CL-R0034

Product size: 96T/48T/24T/96T*5

Elabscience[®] Rat MMP-12 (Matrix Metalloproteinase 12) CLIA Kit

This manual must be read attentively and completely before using this product.

If you have any problems, please contact our Technical Service Center for help (info in the header of each page).

Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017

Email: techsupport@elabscience.com

Website: www.elabscience.com

Please refer to specific expiry date from label outside of box.

Please kindly provide us with the lot number (on the outside of the box) of the kit for more efficient service.

Intended use

This CLIA kit applies to the in vitro quantitative determination of Rat MMP-12 concentrations in serum, plasma and other biological fluids.

Character

| Item | | | |
|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Sensitivity | 9.38 pg/mL | | |
| Detection Range | 15.63-1000 pg/mL | | |
| Specificity | This kit recognizes Rat MMP-12 in samples. No significant cross-reactivity or interference between Rat MMP-12 and analogues was observed | | |
| Repeatability | Coefficient of variation is < 10% | | |

Test principle

This CLIA kit uses the Sandwich-CLIA principle. The micro CLIA plate provided in this kit has been pre-coated with an antibody specific to Rat MMP-12. Samples or Standards are added to the micro CLIA plate wells and combined with the specific antibody. Then a biotinylated detection antibody specific for Rat MMP-12 and Avidin-Horseradish Peroxidase (HRP) conjugate are added successively to each micro plate well and incubated. Free components are washed away. The substrate solution is added to each well. Only those wells that contain Rat MMP-12, biotinylated detection antibody and Avidin-HRP conjugate will appear luminescence. The Relative light unit (RLU) value is measured by the Chemiluminescence immunoassay analyzer at 425nm. The RLU value is positively associated with the concentration of Rat MMP-12. You can calculate the concentration of Rat MMP-12 in the samples by comparing the RLU value of the samples to the standard curve.

Kit components & Storage

An unopened kit can be stored at 2-8°C for 1 month. If the kit is not supposed to be used within 1 month, store the items separately according to the following conditions once the kit is received.

| Item | Specifications | Storage | |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Micro CLIA Plate (Dismountable) | 96T: 8 wells ×12 strips 48T: 8 wells ×6 strips 24T: 8 wells ×3 strips 96T*5: 5 plates, 96T | | |
| Reference Standard | 96T: 2 vials 48T/24T: 1 vial 96T*5: 10 vials | -20°C, 6 months | |
| Concentrated Biotinylated Detection Ab(100×) | 96T: 1 vial, 120 μL 48T/24T: 1 vial, 60 μL 96T*5: 5 vials, 120 μL | | |
| Concentrated HRP Conjugate (100×) | 96T: 1 vial, 120 μL 48T/24T: 1 vial, 60 μL 96T*5: 5 vials, 120 μL | -20°C (Protect from light), 6 months | |
| Reference Standard & Sample Diluent | 96T/48T/24T: 2 vials, 20 mL 96T*5: 10 vials, 20 mL | | |
| Biotinylated Detection Ab Diluent | 96T/48T/24T: 1 vial, 14 mL 96T*5: 5 vials, 14 mL | 2-8°C. 6 months | |
| HRP Conjugate Diluent | 96T/48T/24T: 1 vial, 14 mL 96T*5: 5 vials, 14 mL | 2-8 C, 6 months | |
| Concentrated Wash Buffer(25×) | 96T/48T/24T: 1 vial, 30 mL 96T*5: 5 vials, 30 mL | | |
| Substrate Reagent A | 96T/48T/24T: 1 vial, 5 mL 96T*5: 5 vials, 5 mL | 2-8°C(Protect from light) | |
| Substrate Reagent B | 96T/48T/24T: 1 vial, 5 mL 96T*5: 5 vials, 5 mL | | |
| Plate Sealer | 96T/48T/24T: 5 pieces 96T*5: 25 pieces | | |
| Product Description | 1 copy | | |
| Certificate of Analysis | 1 copy | | |

Note: All reagent bottle caps must be tightened to prevent evaporation and microbial pollution. The volume of reagents in partial shipments is a little more than the volume marked on the label, please use accurate measuring equipment instead of directly pouring into the vial(s).

Other supplies required

Chemiluminescence immunoassay analyzer
High-precision transfer pipette, EP tubes and disposable pipette tips
Incubator capable of maintaining 37°C
Deionized or distilled water
Absorbent paper
Loading slot

Sample collection

Serum: Allow samples to clot for 1 hour at room temperature or overnight at $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}$ before centrifugation for 20 min at $1000 \times \text{g}$ at $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}$. Collect the supernatant to carry out the assay. **Plasma:** Collect plasma using EDTA-Na₂ as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge samples for 15 min at $1000 \times \text{g}$ at $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}$ within 30 min of collection. Collect the supernatant to carry out the assay.

Tissue homogenates: It is recommended to get detailed references from the literature before analyzing different tissue types. For general information, hemolyzed blood may affect the results, so the tissues should be minced into small pieces and rinsed in ice-cold PBS (0.01M, pH=7.4) to remove excess blood thoroughly. Tissue pieces should be weighed and then homogenized in PBS (tissue weight (g): PBS (mL) volume=1:9) with a glass homogenizer on ice. To further break down the cells, you can sonicate the suspension with an ultrasonic cell disrupter or subject it to freeze-thaw cycles. The homogenates are then centrifuged for 5-10 min at $5000 \times g$ at $2-8 \,^{\circ}$ C to get the supernatant. **Cell lysates:** For adherent cells, gently wash the cells with moderate amount of pre-cooled PBS and dissociate the cells using trypsin. Collect the cell suspension into a centrifuge tube and centrifuge for 5 min at $1000 \times g$. Discard the medium and wash the cells 3 times with pre-cooled PBS. For each 1×10^6 cells, add $150-250 \, \mu$ L of pre-cooled PBS to keep the cells suspended. Repeat the freeze-thaw process several times or use an ultrasonic cell disrupter until the cells are fully lysed. Centrifuge for 10 min at $1500 \times g$ at $2-8 \,^{\circ}$ C. Remove the cell fragments, collect the supernatant to carry out the assay.

Cell culture supernatant or other biological fluids: Centrifuge samples for 20 min at $1000 \times g$ at 2-8 °C. Collect the supernatant to carry out the assay.

Recommended reagents for sample preparation: 10×EDTA Anticoagulant (Cat No. E-EL-SR003), PMSF Protease Inhibitor (Cat No. E-EL-SR002), 0.25% Trypsin Solution (Cat No. EP-CM-L0043).

Note

■ Note for kit

- 1) For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.
- 2) Please wear lab coats, eye protection and latex gloves for protection. Please perform the experiment following the national security protocols of biological laboratories, especially when detecting blood samples or other bodily fluids.
- 3) A freshly opened CLIA plate may appear a water-like substance, which is normal and will not have any impact on the experimental results. Return the unused wells to the foil pouch and store according to the conditions suggested in the above table.
- 4) Do not reuse the reconstituted standard, biotinylated detection Ab working solution, concentrated HRP conjugate working solution. The unspent undiluted concentrated biotinylated detection Ab (100×) and other stock solutions should be stored according to the storage conditions in the above table.
- 5) Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
- 6) Change pipette tips in between adding of each standard level, between sample adding and between reagent adding. Also, use separate reservoirs for each reagent.
- 7) The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label.

■ Note for sample

- Tubes for blood collection should be disposable and be non-endotoxin. Samples with high hemolysis or much lipid are not suitable for CLIA assay.
- 2) Samples should be assayed within 7 days when stored at 2-8°C, otherwise samples must be divided up and stored at -20°C (≤1 month) or -80°C (≤3 months). Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Prior to assay, the frozen samples should be slowly thawed and centrifuged to remove precipitates.
- 3) Please predict the concentration before assaying. If the sample concentration is not within the range of the standard curve, users must determine the optimal sample dilutions for their particular experiments.
- If the sample type is not included in the manual, a preliminary experiment is suggested to verify the validity.
- 5) If a lysis buffer is used to prepare tissue homogenates or cell lysates, there is a possibility of causing a deviation due to the introduced chemical substance.
- 6) Some recombinant protein may not be detected due to a mismatching with the coated antibody or detection antibody.

Dilution method

Please predict the concentration range of samples in advance, and determine the dilution ratio through preliminary experiments or technical support recommendations.

If your test sample needs dilution, please refer to the dilution method as follows:

For 100 fold dilution: One-step dilution. Add 5 μL sample to 495 μL sample diluent to yield 100 fold dilution.

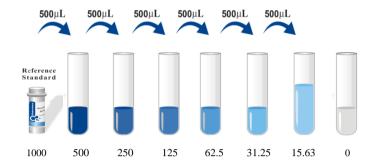
For 1000 fold dilution: Two-step dilution. Add 5 μ L sample to 95 μ L sample diluent to yield 20 fold dilution, then add 5 μ L 20 fold diluted sample to 245 μ L sample diluent, after this, the neat sample has been diluted at 1000 fold successfully.

For 100000 fold dilution: Three-step dilution. Add 5 μ L sample to 195 μ L sample diluent to yield 40 fold dilution, then add 5 μ L 40 fold diluted sample to 245 μ L sample diluent to yield 50 fold dilution, and finally add 5 μ L 2000 fold diluted sample to 245 μ L sample diluent, after this, the neat sample has been diluted at 100000 fold successfully.

Reagent preparation

- Bring all reagents to room temperature (18-25°C) before use. If the kit will not be used
 up in one assay, please only take out the necessary strips and reagents for present
 experiment, and store the remaining strips and reagents at required condition.
- 2. Wash Buffer: Dilute 30 mL of Concentrated Wash Buffer with 720 mL of deionized or distilled water to prepare 750 mL of Wash Buffer. Note: if crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm it in a 40°C water bath and mix it gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.
- 3. Standard working solution: Centrifuge the standard at 10,000×g for 1 min. Add 1mL of Reference Standard &Sample Diluent, let it stand for 10 min and invert it gently several times. After it dissolves fully, mix it thoroughly with a pipette. This reconstitution produces a working solution of 1000 pg/mL (or add 1 mL of Reference Standard &Sample Diluent, let it stand for 1-2 min and then mix it thoroughly with a vortex meter of low speed. Bubbles generated during vortex could be removed by centrifuging at a relatively low speed). Then make serial dilutions as needed. The recommended dilution gradient is as follows: 1000、500、250、125、62.5、31.25、15.63、0 pg/mL.

Dilution method: Take 7 EP tubes, add 500 μ L of Reference Standard & Sample Diluent to each tube. Pipette 500 μ L of the 1000 pg/mL working solution to the first tube and mix up to produce a 500 pg/mL working solution. Pipette 500 μ L of the solution from the former tube into the latter one according to this step. The illustration on the next page is for reference. Note: the last tube is regarded as a blank. Don't pipette solution into it from the former tube. Gradient diluted standard working solution should be prepared just before use.



- 4. Biotinylated Detection Ab working solution: Calculate the required amount before the experiment (100 μL/well). In preparation, slightly more than calculated should be prepared. Centrifuge the Concentrated Biotinylated Detection Ab at 800 ×g for 1 min, then dilute the 100 × Concentrated Biotinylated Detection Ab to 1 × working solution with Biotinylated Detection Ab Diluent (Concentrated Biotinylated Detection Ab: Biotinylated Detection Ab Diluent= 1: 99). The working solution should be prepared just before use.
- 5. HRP Conjugate working solution: HRP Conjugate is HRP conjugated avidin. Calculate the required amount before the experiment (100 μL/well). In preparation, slightly more than calculated should be prepared. Centrifuge the Concentrated HRP Conjugate at 800 ×g for 1 min, then dilute the 100 × Concentrated HRP Conjugate to 1 × working solution with HRP Conjugate Diluent (Concentrated HRP Conjugate: HRP Conjugate Diluent= 1: 99). The working solution should be prepared just before use.
- 6. **Substrate Mixture Solution:** Calculate the required amount before the experiment ($100 \, \mu L/well$). In preparation, slightly more than calculated should be prepared. Mix the Substrate Reagent A and B with equal volumes before use. Note: don't open the vial until you need it. The working solution should be prepared just before use.

Assay procedure

- 1. Determine wells for diluted standard, blank and sample. Add 100 μL each dilution of standard, blank and sample into the appropriate wells (It is recommended that all samples and standards be assayed in duplicate. It is recommended to determine the dilution ratio of samples through preliminary experiments or technical support recommendations). Cover the plate with the sealer provided in the kit. Incubate for 90 min at 37°C. Note: solutions should be added to the bottom of the micro CLIA plate well, avoid touching the inside wall and causing foaming as much as possible.
- Decant the liquid from each well, do not wash. Immediately add 100 μL of Biotinylated Detection Ab working solution to each well. Cover the plate with a new sealer. Incubate for 1 hour at 37 °C.
- 3. Decant the solution from each well, add 350 μ L of **wash buffer** to each well. Soak for 1 min and aspirate or decant the solution from each well and pat it dry against clean absorbent paper. Repeat this wash step 3 times. Note: a microplate washer can be used in this step and other wash steps. Make the tested strips in use immediately after the wash step. Do not allow wells to be dry.
- 4. Add 100 μL of **HRP Conjugate working solution** to each well. Cover the plate with a new sealer. Incubate for 30 min at 37 °C.
- Decant the solution from each well, repeat the wash process for 5 times as conducted in step 3.
- 6. Add 100 µL of **Substrate Mixture Solution** to each well. Cover with a new plate sealer. Incubate for no more than 5 min at 37 °C. Protect the plate from light.
- 7. Determine the RLU value of each well at once.

Assay Procedure Summary



1. Add 100µL standard or sample to the wells. Incubate for 90 min at 37°C



2. Discard the liquid, immediately add 100µL Biotinylated Detection Ab working solution to each well. Incubate for 60 min at 37°C



3. Aspirate and wash the plate for 3 times



4. Add 100 μ L HRP conjugate working solution. Incubate for 30 min at 37°C. Aspirate and wash the plate for 5 times



5. Add 100 μ L Substrate Mixture Solution. Incubate 5 minutes at 37 $^{\circ}$ C



6. Determine the RLU value

Calculation of results

Average the duplicate readings for each standard and samples, then subtract the average zero standard optical density. Plot a four parameter logistic curve on log-log axis, with standard concentration on the x-axis and RLU values on the y-axis.

If the RLU of the sample surpasses the upper limit of the standard curve, you should retest it with an appropriate dilution. The actual concentration is the calculated concentration multiplied by the dilution factor.

Typical data

As the RLU values of the standard curve may vary according to the conditions of the actual assay performance (e.g. operator, pipetting technique, washing technique or temperature effects), the operator should establish a standard curve for each test. Typical standard curve and data is provided below for reference only.

| pg/mL | RLU | Corrected RLU | Standard Curve |
|-------|-------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1000 | 56789 | 56752 | 10000 ¬ |
| 500 | 23126 | 23089 | · |
| 250 | 10328 | 10291 | 10000 |
| 125 | 5127 | 5090 | RED. |
| 62.5 | 2579 | 2542 | 1000 |
| 31.25 | 1335 | 1298 | 10 100 1000 10000 |
| 15.63 | 762 | 725 | Rat MMP-12 Concentration(pg/mL) |
| 0 | 37 | - | |

Performance

■ Precision

Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay): 3 samples with low, mid range and high level Rat MMP-12 were tested 20 times on one plate, respectively.

Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays): 3 samples with low, mid range and high level Rat MMP-12 were tested on 3 different plates, 20 replicates in each plate, respectively.

| | Intra-assay Precision | | | Inter-assay Precision | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------|-----------------------|--------|--------|
| Sample | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| n | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Mean(pg/mL) | 52.03 | 116.65 | 411.82 | 47.83 | 125.05 | 437.47 |
| Standard deviation | 6.56 | 11.83 | 46.49 | 4.11 | 8.89 | 32.46 |
| CV (%) | 12.61 | 10.14 | 11.29 | 8.59 | 7.11 | 7.42 |

■ Recovery

The recovery of Rat MMP-12 spiked at three different levels in samples throughout the range of the assay was evaluated in various matrices.

| Sample Type | Range (%) | Average Recovery (%) |
|-------------------------|-----------|----------------------|
| Serum (n=8) | 98-117 | 106 |
| EDTA plasma (n=8) | 102-115 | 107 |
| Cell culture media(n=8) | 88-101 | 95 |

■ Linearity

Samples were spiked with high concentrations of Rat MMP-12 and diluted with Reference Standard & Sample Diluent to produce samples with values within the range of the assay.

| | | Serum (n=5) | EDTA plasma (n=5) | Cell culture media(n=5) |
|------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| 1.0 | Range (%) | 101-116 | 95-110 | 91-106 |
| 1:2 | Average (%) | 109 | 102 | 98 |
| 1.4 | Range (%) | 88-103 | 96-111 | 97-112 |
| 1:4 | Average (%) | 94 | 104 | 103 |
| 1.0 | Range (%) | 94-108 | 99-112 | 95-107 |
| 1:8 | Average (%) | 100 | 105 | 102 |
| 1:16 | Range (%) | 87-98 | 90-101 | 92-109 |
| | Average (%) | 93 | 96 | 99 |

Troubleshooting

If the results are not good enough, please take pictures and save the experimental data in time. Keep the used plate and remaining reagents. Then contact our technical support to solve the problem. Meanwhile, you could also refer to the following materials:

| Problem | Causes | Solutions | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Poor standard curve | Inaccurate pipetting | Check pipettes. | | |
| | Improper standard dilution | Ensure briefly spin the vial of standard and dissolve the powder thoroughly by gentle mixing. | | |
| | Wells are not completely aspirated | Completely aspirate wells in between steps. | | |
| | Insufficient incubation time | Ensure sufficient incubation time. | | |
| | Incorrect assay temperature | Use recommended incubation temperature. Bring substrate to room temperature before use. | | |
| Low signal | Inadequate reagent volumes | Check pipettes and ensure correct preparation. | | |
| | Improper dilution | | | |
| | HRP conjugate inactive or TMB failure | Mix HRP conjugate and TMB, rapid coloring. | | |
| Deep color | Plate reader setting | Verify the wavelength and filter setting on the Microplate reader. | | |
| but low value | is not optimal | Open the Microplate Reader ahead to pre-heat. | | |
| Large CV | Inaccurate pipetting | Check pipettes. | | |
| | Concentration of target protein is too high | Use recommended dilution factor. | | |
| High background | Plate is insufficiently washed | Review the manual for proper wash. If using a plate washer, check that all ports are unobstructed. | | |
| | Contaminated wash buffer | Prepare fresh wash buffer. | | |
| Low sensitivity | Improper storage of the CLIA kit | All the reagents should be stored according to the instructions. | | |
| | Stop solution is not added | Stop solution should be added to each well before measurement. | | |

Declaration

- Limited by current conditions and scientific technology, we can't conduct comprehensive identification and analysis on all the raw material provided. So there might be some qualitative and technical risks for users using the kit.
- This assay is designed to eliminate interference by factors present in biological samples.Until all factors have been tested in the CLIA immunoassay, the possibility of interference cannot be excluded.
- 3. The final experimental results will be closely related to the validity of products, operational skills of the operators, the experimental environments and so on. We are only responsible for the kit itself, but not for the samples consumed during the assay. The users should calculate the possible amount of the samples used in the whole test. Please reserve sufficient samples in advance.
- 4. To get the best results, please only use the reagents supplied by the manufacturer and strictly comply with the instructions.
- Incorrect results may occur because of incorrect operations during the reagents preparation and loading, as well as incorrect parameter settings of the Micro-plate reader. Please read the instructions carefully and adjust the instrument prior to the experiment.
- Even the same operator might get different results in two separate experiments. In order to get reproducible results, the operation of every step in the assay should be controlled.
- 7. Every kit has strictly passed QC test. However, results from end users might be inconsistent with our data due to some variables such as transportation conditions, different lab equipment, and so on. Intra-assay variance among kits from different batches might arise from the above reasons too.
- Kits from different manufacturers or other methods for testing the same analyte could bring out inconsistent results, since we haven't compared our products with those from other manufacturers.
- The kit is designed for research use only, we will not be responsible for any issues if the kit is applied in clinical diagnosis or any other related procedures.