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# SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

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(FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. DO NOT USE IT IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSIS !)

# Human Echovirus (ECHO) IgG ELISA Kit

Catalog No: E-HD-E015 96T/96T\*2

This manual must be read attentively and completely before using this product.

If you have any problems, please contact our Technical Service Center for help.

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017 Email: <u>techsupport@elabscience.com</u> Website: <u>www.elabscience.com</u>

Please kindly provide us the lot number (on the outside of the box) of the kit for more efficient service.

# Test principle

This ELISA kit uses Indirect-ELISA as the principle to detect the Echovirus (ECHO) IgG in human serum. The ELISA Microtiter plate provided in this kit has been pre-coated with purified ECHO antigen. Samples are added to the ELISA Microtiter plate wells and the ECHO antibody in which will combine with the pre-coated antigen to form antigen-antibody compound. Free components are washed away. The HRP conjugated Mouse-anti-human IgG antibody is added to each well and react with the compound to form "antigen-antibody-HRP antibody" compound. The TMB substrate is added to initiate the color developing reaction. The presence of ECHO-IgG can be determined according to the OD value after colorimetric assay with the Micro-plate Reader.

# **Kit components**

Item	Specifications
ELISA Microtiter plate	96 wells
Positive Control	1 mL
Negative Control	1 mL
HRP Conjugate	12 mL
Sample Diluent	12 mL
20×Concentrated Wash Buffer	50 mL
Substrate Reagent A	6 mL
Substrate Reagent B	6 mL
Stop Solution	6 mL
Plate Sealer	3 pieces
Sealed Bag	1
Manual	1 copy

# **Experimental instrument**

Micro-plate Reader with 450 nm wavelength filter or dual-wavelength (450/630 nm)

High-precision transferpettor, EP tubes and disposable pipette tips

 $37^{\circ}$ C Incubator or water bath

Deionized water

Absorbent paper

Loading slot for Wash Buffer

#### **Sample preparation**

- 1. Fresh collected serum specimens should be fully centrifugal, then take clear liquid for test. The suspended fibrous protein may cause a false positive result if not fully precipitated.
- 2. Samples can be stored at 2~8°C for one week. If samples not tested in a week, store them below 20°C and avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

#### Assay procedure

Bring all reagents to room temperature for 30 min. Dilute the 20×Concentrated Wash Buffer for 20 times with distilled water.

- 1. Add sample:
  - a) Take out Micro-plate and mark it, reserve 1 well for blank control (empty), 3 wells for negative control, 2 wells for positive control (100  $\mu$ L control serum for each well). (Blank well is not necessary for dual-wavelength detection)
  - **b**) Dilute the tested serum with Sample Diluent at 1:100 (add 500  $\mu$ L of Sample Diluent to the reaction well, and then add 5  $\mu$ L of serum sample), mix fully.
  - c) Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
- 2. Incubate: Cover the ELISA plate with sealer. Incubate for 30 min at  $37^{\circ}$ C.
- 3. **Wash:** After incubation, remove the plate sealer and aspirate the liquid of each well. Repeat the washing procedure for 5 times with wash buffer and immerse for 30-60 sec each time.
- 4. **HRP conjugate:** Add 100 µL of HRP Conjugate working solution to each well except the blank control well.
- 5. **Incubate:** Cover the ELISA plate with sealer. Incubate for 30 min at  $37^{\circ}$ C.
- 6. **Wash:** After incubation, remove the plate sealer and aspirate the liquid of each well. Repeat the washing procedure for 5 times with wash buffer and immerse for 30-60 sec each time.
- 7. Add substrate: Add 50  $\mu$ L of Substrate Reagent A and 50  $\mu$ L of Substrate Reagent B to each well. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing. Cover with a new plate sealer. Incubate for 15 min at 37°C in dark.
- 8. **Stop reaction:** Add 50 μL of Stop Solution to each well, gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
- 9. **OD Measurement:** Set the Micro-plate Reader wavelength at 450 nm (it is recommended to set the dual wavelength at 450 nm/630 nm) to detect A value of each well. Blank well is not needed when using dual wavelength 450 nm/630 nm for detection. **Note: Read the results within 10 min.**

#### **Reference value**

#### 1. Result analysis

- (1) Use each test result independently. Determine the result according to the Cut Off value.
- (2) Calculate the Cut Off: Cut Off(C.0) = 0.10 + negative control (NC) average A value (when NC average  $A_{450} \leq 0.05$ , calculate at 0.05; while NC average  $A_{450} \geq 0.05$ , calculate at the actual value).

### 2. Quality control

- (1) Blank well (just chromogenic agent and Stop Solution) absorbance  $\leq 0.08$ .
- (2) Positive control (PC)  $A_{450} > 0.80$ .
- (3) Negative control (NC)  $A_{450} < 0.1$ .

The experimental result is valid if quality control is valid.

#### 3. Determination of results

- (1) Positive result: Sample absorbance  $\geq$  Cut Off.
- (2) Negative result: Sample absorbance < Cut Off.

# **Interpretation of test results**

- 1. Negative result indicates no ECHO-IgG antibody detected in samples, while positive result is just the opposite.
- 2. The positive result of ECHO-IgG antibody is an important index of ECHO acute infection.

# Limitations of test method

- All high sensitivity immune experiment system exists potential non-specificity. Therefore, 1. unacceptable positive results may be caused by biological false positive of ELISA method.
- 2. Any positive result should be combined with clinical information to determine the result.

#### Notes

- 1. Wear gloves and work clothes during experiment, and the disinfection and isolation system should be strictly executed. All the waste should be handled as contaminant.
- 2. The Stop Solution is corrosive, it should be avoided to contact with skin and clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water if contact it carelessly.
- 3. The ELISA plate obtained from cold storage conditions should be adjusted to room temperature before use. The unused plate should be kept in a sealed bag with desiccant.
- 4. 20×Concentrated Wash Buffer at low temperature condition is easy to crystallize, it should be adjusted to room temperature to dissolve completely before use.
- 5. Each well must be filled with liquid when washing to prevent residual free enzyme.
- 6. The tested sample should be kept fresh.
- 7. The results shall depend on the readings of the Micro-plate Reader.
- 8. Do not use components from different batches of kit.

#### Storage and shelf life

Store unopened at 2 to  $8^{\circ}$ C. Do not freeze.

Please store the opened kit at  $2\sim 8^{\circ}$ C, protect from light and moisture. The shelf life of the opened kit is up to 1 months.

Expiry date: expiration date is on the box.