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SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

[linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic](https://www.linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic) 

(FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. DO NOT USE IT IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSIS !)

Human Hepatitis B Virus PreS1 (HBV-PreS1) Antigen ELISA Kit

Catalog No: E-HD-E119

96T/96T*2

This manual must be read attentively and completely before using this product.

If you have any problems, please contact our Technical Service Center for help.

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017

Email: techsupport@elabscience.com

Website: www.vetassay-elab.com

Please kindly provide us the lot number (on the outside of the box) of the kit for more efficient service.

Test principle

This ELISA kit uses Sandwich-ELISA as the method to detect the Hepatitis B Virus PreS1 (HBV-PreS1) antigen in human serum or plasma. The ELISA Microtiter plate provided in this kit has been pre-coated with anti-HBV-PreS1 antibody. Add samples to the ELISA Microtiter plate wells, The HBV-PreS1 antigen in samples will be combined with the anti-HBV-PreS1 antibody. Free components are washed away. Then add HRP conjugated anti-HBs, the combined HBV-PreS1 antigen will then specifically combine with the HRP conjugated anti-HBs. The substrate reagent is added to initiate the color developing reaction. The presence of HBV-PreS1 antigen can be determined according to the absorbance value by using a microplate reader with 450 nm (630 nm) wavelength.

Kit components

Item	Specifications
ELISA Microtiter plate	96 wells
HRP Conjugate	6 mL
20×Concentrated Wash Buffer	50 mL
Substrate Reagent A	6 mL
Substrate Reagent B	6 mL
Stop Solution	6 mL
Positive Control	1 mL
Negative Control	1 mL
Plate Sealer	3 pieces
Sealed Bag	1 piece
Manual	1 copy

Note: All reagent bottle caps must be tightened to prevent evaporation and microbial pollution.

Experimental instrument

Microplate Reader with 450 nm wavelength filter or dual-wavelength (450/630 nm)

High-precision transferpette, EP tubes and disposable pipette tips

37°C Incubator or water bath

Deionized water

Absorbent paper

Notes

1. Please read the manual carefully before use, changes of operation may result in unreliable results.
2. Wear gloves and work clothes during experiment, and the disinfection and isolation system should be strictly executed. All the waste should be handled as contaminant.
3. The stop solution is corrosive, it should be avoided to contact with skin and clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water if contact it carelessly.
4. The ELISA Microtiter plate obtained from cold storage conditions should be adjusted to room temperature before use. The unused plate should be kept in a sealed bag with desiccant.
5. Concentrated washing liquid at low temperature condition is easy to crystallization, it should be adjusted to room temperature in order to dissolve completely before use.
6. The results shall depend on the readings of the micro-plate Reader.
7. **Each reagent is optimized for use in the E-HD-E119. Do not substitute reagents from any other manufacturer into the test kit. Do not combine reagents from other E-HD-E119 with different lot numbers.**
8. All the samples and waste material should be treated as infective material according to the relevant rules of biosafety.

Storage and expiry date

Store at 2-8°C. Avoid freeze.

Please store the opened plate at 2-8°C, the shelf life of the opened kit is up to 1 month.

Expiry date: expiration date is on the packing box.

Sample preparation

1. **Serum/plasma:** Fresh collected serum samples should be fully centrifuged, then take clear liquid for test. Suspended fibrous protein may cause a false positive. Samples can be stored at 2~8°C for one week and stored at -20 °C for more than a week. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles. Freezing samples should be mixed fully before test.
2. Anticoagulant (EDTA, sodium citrate and heparin sodium) in samples do not affect the result of the experiment in general. Endogenous interference substances in serum such as blood fat, cholerythrin, and hemoglobin will not affect the results. Positive samples like HCV, HEV may not affect the results in general.
3. **Wash Buffer:** The **20×Concentrated Wash Buffer** should be adjusted to room temperature to make the sediment dissolved fully before use, and then dilute it with deionized water at 1:19.

Assay procedure

Restore all reagents and samples to room temperature (25°C) before use. All the reagents should be mixed thoroughly by gently swirling before pipetting. Avoid foaming. The unused ELISA Microtiter plate should be sealed as soon as possible and stored at 2-8°C.

1. **Number:** number the sample and standard in order (multiple well), and keep a record of standard wells and sample wells. Set 1 well for blank control, 2 wells for negative control and 2 wells for positive control. **Samples need test in duplicate** (Blank well is not necessary for dual-wavelength detection).
2. **Add sample:**
 - (1) Add 50 µL of **Positive/Negative Control** respectively to **Positive/Negative Control** wells, keep the blank control well empty.
 - (2) Add 50 µL of **Serum/plasma** into sample well, mix fully.
3. **Incubate:** cover the plate with plate sealer, mix fully. Incubate at **37°C** for 30 min in shading light.
4. **Wash:** remove the plate sealer and aspirate the liquid of each well. Repeat the washing procedure for 5 times with **Wash Buffer** and immerse for 30-60s each time. Invert the plate and pat it against thick clean absorbent paper (If bubbles exist in the wells, clean tips can be used to prick them).
5. **HRP conjugate:** add 50 µL of **HRP Conjugate** to each well except the blank control well. Cover the plate with plate sealer. Incubate at **37°C** for 30 min in shading light.
6. **Wash:** repeat step 4.
7. **Color Development:** add 50 µL of **Substrate Reagent A** and 50 µL of **Substrate Reagent B** to each well. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing. Cover with a new plate sealer. Incubate at **37°C** for 15 min in shading light.
8. **Stop reaction:** add 50 µL of **Stop Solution** to each well, gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
9. **OD Measurement:** set the microplate reader wavelength at 450 nm (it is recommended to set the dual wavelength at 450 nm/630 nm) to detect A value of each well. Blank well is not needed when using dual wavelength 450 nm/630 nm for detection. **Note: Read the results within 10 min.**

Reference value

Normally, blank well (just substrate agent and stop solution) absorbance: $A_{450} \leq 0.08$;
positive control (PC): $A_{450} > 0.30$ and average A value of negative control (NC): $A_{450} < 0.10$.

Interpretation of the results

Cut Off(C.O) = 0.10 + average A value of negative control (NC) (when average A_{450} of NC < 0.05 , calculate at 0.05; while average A value of NC ≥ 0.05 , calculate at the actual value).

1. Positive result: average A value of sample \geq Cut Off.
2. Negative result: average A value of sample $<$ Cut Off.

Limitations of this test method

1. This test is only used as the qualitative detection of HBV-PreS1-Ag in serum and plasma of human.
2. The detection results of this kit are only for reference. For confirmation of the result, please combine the symptoms and other methods of detection, this detection cannot be used as the only criteria for result.