

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic in



(FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. DO NOT USE IT IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTICS!)

Elabscience® Water-soluble Long-arm Biotin Labeling Kit

Catalog No: E-LK-B008A

Product size: 1 Reaction/3 Reactions/10 Reactions

This manual must be read attentively and completely before using this product. If you have any problems, please contact our Technical Service Center for help.

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623

Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017

Email: techsupport@elabscience.com

Web: www.elabscience.com

Please refer to specific expiry date from label outside of box.

Please kindly provide us with the lot number (on the outside of the box) of the kit for more efficient service.

Introduction

Elabscience[®] Water-soluble Long-arm Biotin Labeling Kit provides all the reagents required for labeling, which can label proteins containing primary amino-group (-NH₂) molecules simply and effectively.

Characteristic

- ✓ **Fast**: The whole process takes only 90 min.
- ✓ **Convenient**: The Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin has been activated and can be used directly. Filtration tube desalts without dialysis.
- ✓ **Flexible use**: It can be used for both micro-labeling and large-scale labeling, and can label 0.1-1 mg proteins each time.
- ✓ Water-soluble long arm: Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin is a water-soluble long arm in this kit, which increases the spatial distance between the biotin group and the protein, reduces the spatial binding hindrance, and may be more effective for the binding of streptavidin. At the same time, protein can be labeled at a higher concentration or molar ratio in aqueous solution.

Essential Information

| Structural formula | No of North Andrews An |
|--------------------|--|
| Molecular weight | 669.75 |

Labeling Principle

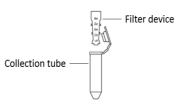
Within a certain pH range, Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin specifically reacts with primary amino groups (N-terminal and lysine residue side chains) to form a stable amide bond, so as to realize the coupling of Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin with protein.

Components

| Cat. | Products | 1 Reaction | 3 Reactions | 10 Reactions | Storage |
|-----------|------------------------|------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|
| E-LK-B08L | Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin | 0.2 4 | 0.2 mg ×3 | 0.2 mg×10 | -20°C, shading |
| E-LK-BU8L | (NHS ester) | 0.2 mg×1 | | | light |
| E-LK-010 | Labeling Buffer I | 10 mL | 20 mL | 20 mL×2 | 2~8°C |
| E-LK-006 | DMF | 500 μL | 500 μL | 500 μL | 2~8°C, |
| | | | | | shading light |
| E-LK-007 | 1×PBS(pH7.4) | 10 mL | 10 mL | 10 mL×2 | 2~8°C |
| E-LK-008 | 1M Tris(pH 8.7) | 500 μL | 500 μL | 500 μL×2 | 2~8°C |
| E-LK-001A | 3 KD Filtration tube* | 1 set** | 3 set | 10 set | RT |

^{*}The filtration tube is purchased from Millipore. Please refer to the appendix III for usage.

**1 set 3 KD Filtration tube (0.5 mL) consisted of one filter device and two collection tubes.



Storage

The unopened kit can be stored at 2~8°C for 1 year, and the dissolved Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin can be stored at -20°C or -80°C for 1 week.

Materials Not Supplied

- 1. Pipettor and tips $(0.5-10\mu L, 2-20\mu L, 20-200\mu L, 200-1000\mu L)$.
- 37°C incubator.
- 3. Centrifuge (centrifugal force up to 12,000×g).

Calculation of the usage amount of Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin:

The amount of Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin used in each reaction depends on the mass, concentration and molecular weight of the protein to be labeled. For the protein of 10 KD \sim 30 KD, the recommended molecular ratio of Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin and protein using this kit is 2.5 : 1 \sim 8 : 1. The molecular ratio can be adjusted according to the molecular weight, or determined through experimental exploration.

Example: Label 1 mg protein (concentration about 2 mg/mL), when the molecular ratio of Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin and protein (20 KD) is 5.32 : 1, the molar concentration of Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin is 10 mM (refer to the preparation of Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin), the calculation of the amount of Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin to be added is below:

1. Calculate the amount of substance required of Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin:

$$n_{\text{Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin}} = n_{\text{protein}} \times 5.32 = \frac{1 \, mg}{20000 mg/mmol} \times 5.32$$
$$= 0.000266 mmol$$

2. Calculate the required volume of Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin:

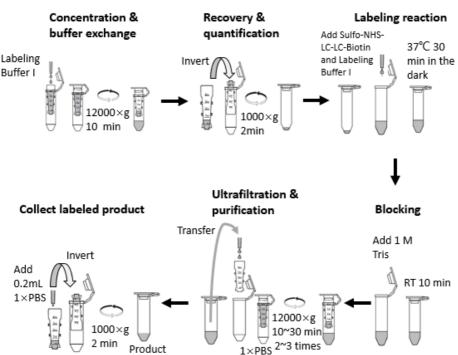
$$V_{\text{Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin}} = \frac{n_{\text{Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin}}}{C_{\text{Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin}}} = \frac{0.000266 \text{mmol}}{10 \text{ mM}} = 26.6 \ \mu L$$

Experimental Operation

■ Experiment preparation

- 1. Read the instructions carefully.
- 2. Bring all reagents to room temperature for 20 min before use (note: the reagent components are temporarily unused are still in the refrigerator).
- 3. Infiltration of ultrafiltration tube: Add 500 μL of Labeling Buffer I into the dry filter device, stand at room temperature for 10 min, and discard Labeling Buffer I before adding the reagent to be labeled (the filter device should remain moist throughout the labeling process).
- Preparation of Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin: Dissolve 0.2 mg of Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin NHS ester with 30 μL of DMF, and stand for 10 min until it is fully dissolved. At this time, the concentration of Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin is 10 mM, and cover the tube for later use.

■ Labeling process



- Labeling procedure (This procedure is used to label 1 mg protein)
 - Concentration & buffer exchange: Put the filter device in the collection tube, add 1 mg of protein to be labeled into the filter device, add Labeling Buffer I to the final volume of 0.5 mL, cover the filter tube, centrifuge at 12,000×g for 10 min, and discard the liquid in the collection tube.
 Note:
 - a) The maximum volume of the filter device is 0.5 mL.
 - b) If the volume of 1 mg protein is greater than 0.5 mL, please add it in several times and concentrate it by centrifugation and ultrafiltration.
 - c) If the protein to be labeled contains free amino groups (Tris, amino acids or other interferents, repeat ultrafiltration with Labeling Buffer I to ensure that it is removed fully).
 - 2. **Recovery & quantification:** Invert the filter device into the collection tube, centrifuge at 1000×g for 2 min, collect the protein in the collection tube, take out the filter device, add an appropriate amount of Labeling Buffer I into the collection tube, make sure that the protein concentration is about 2 mg/mL. At the same time, add 0.5 mL Labeling Buffer I into the filter device and put it on a pipe rack for later use.
 - 3. **Labeling reaction:** Immediately add 26.6 μ L of 10 mM Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin to the protein solution, gently blow and mix fully, sealed with a lid, and incubate at 37 °C for 30 min in the dark.
 - 4. Blocking: Add 1 M Tris (pH 8.7) to stop the reaction at the ratio of 10 μL of 1 M Tris (pH 8.7) per 100 μg protein, mix fully and incubate at room temperature for 10 min.
 - 5. **Ultrafiltration & purification:** Add an appropriate amount of 1×PBS into the above reaction solution to the final volume of 0.5 mL, gently mix and transfer the reaction solution to the filter device, make sure that the Labeling Buffer I in the filter device in step 2 should be discard (if the above reaction solution exceeds 0.5 mL, it can be transferred to the

spin-dried filter device for several times after ultrafiltration), and cover the cap after matching with the collection tube, and centrifuge for $10\sim30$ min at the speed of $12,000\times g$. Discard the liquid in the collection tube, replenish $1\times PBS$ to $500~\mu L$ in the filter device, and repeat the centrifugal ultrafiltration operation for $2\sim3$ times.

6. **Collect labeled product:** Add 0.2 mL 1×PBS into the filter device and pipet gently. Invert the filter device in another collection tube and centrifuge at 1000×g for 2 min. Collect the solution in the collection tube, which is the protein labeled by Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin.

■ The storage and use of protein

Add $0.05\sim0.2\%$ Proclin 300 or 0.05% sodium azide and stabilizer protein (such as 0.1% BSA) to the labeled protein, the protein can be stored at $2\sim8$ °C in the dark for 6 months. Or add the same volume of glycerol, the protein can be stored at -20°C for 6 months.

Notes

- 1. Please select the appropriate kit according to the molecular weight of the protein to be labeled. The kit provides a 3 KD Filtration tube.
- 2. Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin is susceptible to moisture hydrolysis failure, and should be stored at -20 ℃ or -80 ℃ with the desiccant. In order to prevent water vapor from condensing into the Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin, it is necessary to equilibrate the Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin to room before the experiment.
- The kit can also be used to label other proteins containing free amino groups.
 The specific labeling ratio is determined according to the number of available amino groups in the marker or set different molar ratios for labeling.

Related Products

| Cat.No | Product | | |
|------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| E-LK-R002 | BSA Removal Kit | | |
| E-LK-B004A | Long-arm Biotin Labeling Kit | | |
| E-LK-B007A | Water-soluble Biotin Labeling Kit | | |

Declaration

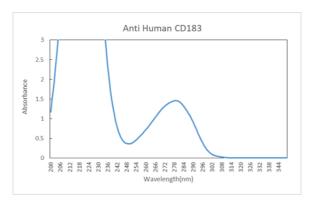
- 1. This kit is for research use only.
- 2. Please take safety precautions and follow the procedures of laboratory reagent operation.
- 3. The labeling kit can achieve good results for some common proteins such as Annexin V, protein A/G, 2019-nCov spike, NGAL, and some recombinant protein fragments, but there are many changes in different proteins, such as the solubility of the protein in different buffers, pH stability, temperature stability, protein purity, and the accessibility of the labeling site. Changes are more complex and there is a risk of labeling failure. Therefore, for the labeling of unknown proteins, it is recommended to use a small amount of labeling kit to test the feasibility of labeling.
- 4. Due to the failure of labeling, the protein is completely unavailable, this labeling kit does not carry full responsibility. We believe that our customers should be aware that the use of this labeling kit may impair the biological function of the protein in some cases.

Troubleshooting

| Symptoms | Causes | Comments | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| The proteins are not labeled with Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin at all. | Improper operation, such as incomplete mixing of Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin and protein, excessive ammonium ion or amino component in protein, or other improper operation. | Set a positive control. | | |
| | Improper preservation of Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin. | Before labeling, the Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin should not be mixed with water. When taking the Sulfo-NHS-LC-LC-Biotin, it should be kept at room temperature for about 5~10 min before unsealing. | | |
| | Improper use of ultrafiltration tube. | After ultrafiltration, there is les liquid in the filter device. Do no use the pipette to directly absorb the sample in the filter device. The sample should be centrifuged in an inverted state. Centrifuge speed is 12,000×g, no 12,000rpm | | |
| | Due to the difference of centrifuges, the rotation speed is too high during ultrafiltration. | | | |
| | Leakage of ultrafiltration tube. | Overload of filter to cause leakage. | | |

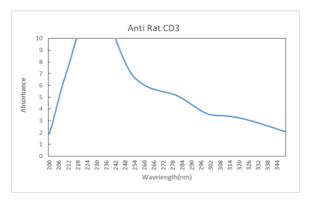
| Low recovery of protein | Protein aggregated and precipitated | Add 1M Tris to terminate the | |
|-------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|
| | during the labeling process. | reaction in time. | |
| | Excessive protein concentration during ultrafiltration. | Do not load too much protein in | |
| | | filter device, such as more than 1 | |
| | | mg of protein. | |
| | The protein cannot be completely | Choose other labeling kits. | |
| | dissolved in the labeling buffer. | | |

Appendix | : Normal absorbance curve of protein concentration (for reference only)



Description: 1 mg/mL Mouse anti human CD183, the protein type was Mouse IgG1, PBS (pH 7.2, no preservatives), measured by the Nano 100 spectrophotometer, the concentration curve was normal, and A280=1.454, in line with the labeled concentration.

Appendix || : **Abnormal absorbance curve of protein concentration** (for reference only)



Description: 0.5 mg/mL Mouse anti rat CD3, protein type Mouse IgG3, containing protein stabilizer and sodium azide ($\leq 0.09\%$), measured by Nano-100 spectrophotometer, the concentration curve was abnormal, A280=5.195, which does not meet the labeled concentration.

Appendix |||: Protein retention and concentrate recovery (from Millipore product manual)

(Cite from the User Guide of Millipore:

https://www.emdmillipore.com/US/en/product/Amicon-Ultra-0.5-Centrifugal-Filter-Unit,MM_NF-UFC500324#documentation)

For most applications, molecular weight is a convenient parameter to use in assessing retention characteristics. Merck Millipore Ltd. (Millipore) recommends using a membrane with a NMWL at least two times smaller than the molecular weight of the protein solute that one intends to concentrate. Refer to the table below.

| Marker/Concentration | Molecular Weight | Device NMWL | % Retention | Spin Time (min) |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| α -Chymotrypsinogen (1 mg/mL) | 25,000 | | >95 | 30 |
| Cytochrome C (0.25 mg/mL) | 12,400 | 3K | >95 | 30 |
| Vitamin B-12 (0.2 mg/mL) | 1,350 | | >42 | 30 |
| α -Chymotrypsinogen (1 mg/mL) | 25,000 | | >95 | 15 |
| Cytochrome C (0.25 mg/mL) | 12,400 | 10K | >95 | 15 |
| Vitamin B-12 (0.2 mg/mL) | 1,350 | | >23 | 15 |
| BSA (1 mg/mL) | 67,000 | | >95 | 10 |
| Ovalbumin (1 mg/mL) | 45,000 | 30K | >95 | 10 |
| Cytochrome C (0.25 mg/mL) | 12,400 | | <35 | 10 |
| BSA (1 mg/mL) | 67,000 | | >95 | 10 |
| Ovalbumin (1 mg/mL) | 45,000 | 50K | ~40 | 10 |
| Cytochrome C (0.25 mg/mL) | 12,400 | | <20 | 10 |
| Thyroglobulin (0.5 mg/mL) | 677,000 | | >95 | 10 |
| IgG (1 mg/mL) | 156,000 | 100K | >95 | 10 |
| Ovalbumin (1 mg/mL) | 45,000 | | <30 | 10 |

Spin Conditions: 40° fixed angle rotor, $14,000 \times g$, room temperature, $500 \mu L$ starting volume, n=12.