

# Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

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# Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

# Zuschläge

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- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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### **Amcenestrant**

Cat. No.: HY-133017 CAS No.: 2114339-57-8 Molecular Formula:  $C_{31}H_{30}Cl_2FNO_3$ 

Molecular Weight: 554

Estrogen Receptor/ERR Target:

Pathway: Vitamin D Related/Nuclear Receptor

Storage: Powder

3 years 4°C 2 years

In solvent -80°C 2 years

-20°C

-20°C 1 year

**Product** Data Sheet

### **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro

DMSO: 83.33 mg/mL (150.42 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	1.8051 mL	9.0253 mL	18.0505 mL
	5 mM	0.3610 mL	1.8051 mL	3.6101 mL
	10 mM	0.1805 mL	0.9025 mL	1.8051 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 8.33 mg/mL (15.04 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 8.33 mg/mL (15.04 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 8.33 mg/mL (15.04 mM); Clear solution

## **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

Description	SAR439859 (compound 43d) is an orally active, nonsteroidal and selective estrogen receptor degrader (SERD). SAR43		
	a potent ER antagonist and has ER degrading activity with an EC $_{50}$ of 0.2 nM for ER $\alpha$ degradation <sup>[1]</sup> . SAR439859		
	demonstrates robust antitumor efficacy and limited cross-resistance in ER <sup>+</sup> breast cancer <sup>[2]</sup> .		

IC<sub>50</sub> & Target

ΕRα

0.2 nM (EC50)

In Vitro	SAR439859 (compound 43d) induces strong in vivo antitumor activity against a variety of BC cell lines and patient-derived xenografts, including models that harbor ERα mutations <sup>[1]</sup> .  MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.			
In Vivo	displays tumor regressi SAR439859 (3 mg/kg for 1.92 L/h•kg), low to mod noticed that T <sub>1/2</sub> was va	SAR439859 (compound 43d; orally; 2.5-25 mg/kg; twice daily for 30 days) exhibits substantial tumor-growth inhibition and displays tumor regression at the dose of 25 mg/kg/BID $^{[1]}$ .  SAR439859 (3 mg/kg for iv and 10 mg/kg for po) shows a low to moderate clearance in the three animal species tested (0.03-1.92 L/h•kg), low to moderate volume of distribution ( $V_{ss}$ =0.5-6.1 L/kg), and good bioavailability (54-76%) across species. It is noticed that $T_{1/2}$ was variable across species (1.98 h in mouse, 4.13 h in rat and 9.80 h in dog) $^{[1]}$ .  MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
	Animal Model:	Nu/nu mouse with MCF7 tumor xenograft model $^{[1]}$		
	Dosage:	2.5, 5, 12.5, 25 mg/kg		
	Administration:	Orally; twice daily for 30 days		
	Result:	Exhibited substantial tumor-growth inhibition and displayed tumor regression at the dose of 25 mg/kg/BID.		
	Animal Model:	Mouse, rat and $dog^{[1]}$		
	Dosage:	3 mg/kg (iv) and 10 mg/kg (po) (Pharmacokinetic Analysis)		
	Administration:	lv or po		
	Result:	Showed a low to moderate clearance in the three animal species tested (0.03-1.92 L/h•kg), low to moderate volume of distribution (V <sub>ss</sub> =0.5-6.1 L/kg), and good bioavailability (54-76%) across species.		

### **REFERENCES**

[1]. El-Ahmad Y, et al. Discovery of 6-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-5-[4-[(3S)-1-(3-fluoropropyl)pyrrolidin-3-yl]oxyphenyl]-8,9-dihydro-7H-benzo[7]annulene-2-carboxylic acid (SAR439859), a Potent and Selective Estrogen Receptor Degrader (SERD) for the Treatment of Est

[2]. Monsif Bouaboula, et al. Abstract 943: SAR439859, an orally bioavailable selective estrogen receptor degrader (SERD) that demonstrates robust antitumor efficacy and limited cross-resistance in ER<sup>+</sup> breast cancer.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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