

# Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



## Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

## Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

### SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic in





### **GSK-J4 hydrochloride**

Cat. No.: HY-15648F

CAS No.: 1797983-09-5 Molecular Formula:  $C_{24}H_{28}CIN_5O_2$ 

Molecular Weight:

Target: Histone Demethylase

Pathway: **Epigenetics** 

4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture Storage:

453.96

\* In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)

**Product** Data Sheet

### **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro

DMSO: 62.5 mg/mL (137.68 mM; Need ultrasonic)

H<sub>2</sub>O: 3.33 mg/mL (7.34 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 80°C)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.2028 mL	11.0142 mL	22.0284 mL
	5 mM	0.4406 mL	2.2028 mL	4.4057 mL
	10 mM	0.2203 mL	1.1014 mL	2.2028 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.58 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.58 mM); Clear solution

### **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

Description GSK-J4 hydrochloride is a potent dual inhibitor of H3K27me3/me2-demethylases JMJD3/KDM6B and UTX/KDM6A with IC50s

of 8.6 and 6.6 μM, respectively. GSK-J4 hydrochloride inhibits LPS-induced TNF-α production in human primary

macrophages with an IC  $_{50}$  of 9  $\mu$ M. GSK-J4 hydrochloride is a cell permeable proagent of GSK-J1  $^{[1][2][3]}$ .

IC<sub>50</sub> & Target KDM6

In Vitro GSK-J4 Hydrochloride has cellular activity in Flag-JMJD3-transfected HeLa cells, in which GSK-J4 prevents the JMJD3induced loss of nuclear H3K27me3 immunostaining. Administration of GSK-J4 increases total nuclear H3K27me3 levels in untransfected cells. GSK-J4 significantly reduces the expression of 16 of 34 LPS-driven cytokines, including tumour-necrosis

factor- $\alpha$  (TNF- $\alpha$ )<sup>[1]</sup>.

GSK-J4 Hydrochloride (5  $\mu$ M; 48 hours) causes a more than 3-fold increase in mouse podocyte H3K27me3 content. H3K27me3 levels in cultured podocytes, GSK-J4 reduces Jagged-1 mRNA and Jagged-1 protein levels. Correspondingly, when exposed podocytes to the inducer of dedifferentiation TGF- $\beta$ 1, pretreatment with GSK-J4 preventes both the increase in intracellular N1-ICD levels and the increase in  $\alpha$ -SMA and the decrease in podocin mRNA levels<sup>[2]</sup>.

GSK-J4 Hydrochloride (10, 25 nM) acts upon DCs promoting the differentiation of Treg cells, improving Treg stability and suppressive capacities, without affecting the differentiation of Th1 and Th17 cells<sup>[3]</sup>.

GSK-J4 Hydrochloride inhibits JMJD3 expression that is induced by TGF-β1<sup>[4]</sup>.

GSK-J4 Hydrochloride inhibits H3K4 demethylation at Xist, Nodal, and HoxC13 in female embryonic stem cells<sup>[5]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### In Vivo

GSK-J4 Hydrochloride (10 mg/kg; i.p.; thrice-weekly for 10 weeks) attenuates the development of kidney disease in diabetic mice<sup>[2]</sup>.

GSK-J4 Hydrochloride (0.5 mg/kg, i.p.) significantly reduces the severity and delays the onset of the disease of the mouse model of experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis<sup>[3]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Eight-week-old male db/m and db/db mice on a BKS background <sup>[2]</sup>	
Dosage:	10 mg/kg	
Administration:	i.p.; thrice-weekly for 10 weeks	
Result:	Attenuated the development of kidney disease in diabetic mice.	

### **CUSTOMER VALIDATION**

- Nat Commun. 2023 Jan 20;14(1):336.
- J Clin Invest. 2018 Jan 2;128(1):483-499.
- Adv Sci (Weinh). 2023 Jun 17;e2206798.
- Sci Adv. 2021 Mar 5;7(10):eabe7853.
- Cell Death Dis. 2023 Aug 15;14(8):520.

See more customer validations on www.MedChemExpress.com

#### REFERENCES

- [1]. Kruidenier L, et al. A selective jumonji H3K27 demethylase inhibitor modulates the proinflammatory macrophage response. Nature. 2012 Aug 16;488(7411):404-8.
- [2]. Majumder S, et al. Shifts in podocyte histone H3K27me3 regulate mouse and human glomerular disease. J Clin Invest. 2018 Jan 2;128(1):483-499.
- [3]. Donas C, et al. The histone demethylase inhibitor GSK-J4 limits inflammation through the induction of a tolerogenic phenotype on DCs. J Autoimmun. 2016 Dec;75:105-
- [4]. Yapp C, et al. H3K27me3 demethylases regulate in vitro chondrogenesis and chondrocyte activity in osteoarthritis. Arthritis Res Ther. 2016 Jul 7;18(1):158
- [5]. Kamikawa YF, et al. Histone demethylation maintains Prdm14 and Tsix expression and represses xlst in embryonic stem cells. PLoS One. 2015 May 20;10(5):e0125626
- $\hbox{[6]. Heinemann B, et al. Inhibition of demethylases by GSK-J1/J4. Nature. 2014 Oct 2;} 514 (7520): E1-2000 E1-2000$

 $\label{lem:caution:Product} \textbf{Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.}$ 

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA

Page 3 of 3 www.MedChemExpress.com