

# Produktinformation



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### SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

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## NF-ĸB-IN-16

®

MedChemExpress

Cat. No.:	HY-158156	
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>35</sub> Cl <sub>3</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>10</sub> Pt	
Molecular Weight:	837.01	0
Target:	NF-κB; Apoptosis	
Pathway:	NF-κB; Apoptosis	óõ ö cı, │NH₃ H₃N Pt, cı
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.	H₃N <sup>°</sup> I, CI

BIOLOGICAL ACTIV			
Description	NF-κB-IN-16 (compound 9) is a complex (Pt(IV) complex) of NF-κB inhibitor and Cisplatin (HY-17394), which has high efficacy and low toxicity in anti-tumor activity. active. NF-κB-IN-16 can cause DNA damage, induce mitochondrial dysfunction, produce reactive oxygen species, and induce apoptosis through the mitochondrial pathway and endoplasmic reticulum stress. NF-κB-IN-16 potently inhibits the NF-κB/MAPK signaling pathway and disrupts PI3K/AKT signaling. NF-κB-IN-16 also exhibits excellent in vivo antitumor efficiency and low toxicity in A549 or A549/CDDP xenograft models. <sup>[5][1]</sup> .		
In Vitro	NF-κB-IN-16 (compound 9) (5 μM; 24 h) induces apoptosis in A549 cells, exhibited cell cycle arrest at the S phase <sup>[1]</sup> . And NF-κB-IN-16 shows cytotoxicity against human cancer cells with IC <sub>50</sub> s of 0.45 μM (HepG-2), 0.46 μM (HCT-116), 0.73 μM (MCF-7), and 0.29 μM (A549), respectively <sup>[1]</sup> . NF-κB-IN-16 (5 μM; 24 h) could induce DNA damage in A549 cells <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. Apoptosis Analysis <sup>[1]</sup>		
	Cell Line:	A549 cells	
	Concentration:	5 μΜ	
	Incubation Time:	24 h	
	Result:	Showed the strongest cell apoptosis induction rate of 39.43% among cisplatin (5 $\mu$ M), and the mixture of cisplatin and the Pt(IV) complex group.	
	Immunofluorescence <sup>[1]</sup>		
	Cell Line:	A549 cells	
	Concentration:	5 μΜ	
	Incubation Time:	24 h	
	Result:	Observed long comet tail formation in the cisplatin, cisplatin/4 mixture, and Pt(IV) complex, in comet assay Caused stronger DNA damage by Pt(IV) complex, than that caused by cisplatin (5 μM) or cotherapy, respectively.	

In Vivo	NF-κB-IN-16 (compound 9) (5, 13.9 mg/kg; ip; 21 d) showed excellent anti-tumor efficacy in the A549 xenograft nude mous model, with an inhibition rate of 36.2 at two doses. % and 63.7% <sup>[1]</sup> . NF-κB-IN-16 also showed significant inhibitory effects on the A549/CDPP xenograft nude mouse model <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
	Animal Model:	A549 xenograft nude mice models <sup>[1]</sup>	
	Dosage:	13.9 mg/kg, equal to the molar amount of cisplatin (5 mg/kg)	
	Administration:	IP; once daily for 21 days	
	Result:	Resulted stronger inhibition (72.7%) on tumor growth, than that of CDDP (60.4%) and the combination group (68.5%), respectively Showed low toxicity side effect against mouse body weight.	

#### REFERENCES

[1]. Wang M, et al. Novel NF-κB Inhibitor-Conjugated Pt(IV) Prodrug to Enable Cancer Therapy through ROS/ER Stress and Mitochondrial Dysfunction and Overcome Multidrug Resistance. J Med Chem. 2024 Apr 25;67(8):6218-6237.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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