

# Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



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### SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic in



# **Product** Data Sheet



#### CW-069

Cat. No.: HY-15857 CAS No.: 1594094-64-0 Molecular Formula:  $C_{23}H_{21}IN_{2}O_{3}$ Molecular Weight: 500.33 Target: Kinesin

Pathway: Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Cytoskeleton

Storage: Powder

-20°C 3 years 4°C 2 years

In solvent -80°C 2 years

> -20°C 1 year

#### **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro DMSO:  $\geq 52 \text{ mg/mL} (103.93 \text{ mM})$ 

\* "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	1.9987 mL	9.9934 mL	19.9868 mL
	5 mM	0.3997 mL	1.9987 mL	3.9974 mL
	10 mM	0.1999 mL	0.9993 mL	1.9987 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.16 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.16 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.16 mM); Clear solution

### **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

Description	CW-069 is an allosteric inhibitor of microtubule motor protein HSET with an IC $_{50}$ of 75 $\mu$ M.	
IC <sub>50</sub> & Target	HSET 75 μM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	
In Vitro	CW-069 is an allosteric inhibitor of HSET with an IC $_{50}$ of 75 $\mu$ M. CW-069 shows statistically significant selectivity over KSP.	

CW-069 potently suppresses N1E-115 cells, and less potently inhibits the NHDF cells, with IC $_{50}$  of 86 ± 10  $\mu$ M and 181 ± 7  $\mu$ M, respectively. CW-069 (100 or 200  $\mu$ M) causes increased multipolar spindles in N1E-115 cells with supernumerary centrosomes and shows no effect on altering bipolar spindle morphology in normal human dermal fibroblast cells. CW-069 (200  $\mu$ M) cacuses multipolar anaphase and cell death induced in N1E-115 cells via transfection with HSET siRNA, and antagonizes inhibition of KSP by monastrol, but does not exert mitotic arrest in HeLa cells<sup>[1]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### **PROTOCOL**

#### Kinase Assay [1]

The protocol is optimized for use with full-length, N-terminal, 6His-tagged HSET and KSP, and measured the MT-stimulated activity of the proteins. Inhibition of the Gsp synthetase activity of HSET/KSP is observed spectrophotometrically by coupling the hydrolysis of ATP to oxidation of NADH via pyruvate kinase/lactate dehydrogenase reactions. The assay is initiated by adding purified Gsp synthetase/amidase (12.8 nM) to an assay mixture containing the following components (final concentration): 6 nM protein, 0.07 mg/mL MTs, 1.56 mM glutathione, 10 mM spermidine, 2 mM ATP, 2.7 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 1 mM phospho(enol)-pyruvate, 0.2 mM NADH, 50  $\mu$ g/mL lactate dehydrogenase, 100  $\mu$ g/mL pyruvate kinase, and various concentrations of inhibitor (CW-069) all in 50 mM Na PIPES (pH 6.8) at 37°C. The ADP-Glo detection assay is performed. All compound additions are performed using a multidrop BioMek Nxp. Plates are read using a Pherastar microplate reader<sup>[1]</sup>. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### Cell Assay [1]

NHDF cells, HeLa cells, BT549, MCF-7 and MDA-MB-231 cells are verified by STR genotyping and all tested negative for mycoplasma. Cells are cultured in Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium (DMEM) supplemented with 10% fetal calf serum (FCS) at 37°C and 5% CO<sub>2</sub>. All compounds (CW-069) used in the Sulforhodamine B colorimetric (SRB) assay are dissolved in DMSO and diluted in culture medium to a final concentration of 0.2% DMSO. For the SRB assay and live-cell imaging, cells are seeded in 96-well plates at a density of 2,500 cells per well. After 24 hr, the cells are treated with compound (CW-069) for 72 hr, with triplicate wells for each concentration. For the SRB assay, the cells are then fixed with trichloroacetic acid (TCA) and stained with SRB. Fluorescence is quantified using an Infinite 200 PRO plate-reader at a wavelength of 545 nm. Compound (CW-069)-treated wells are compared with solvent control wells and the concentration of compound that resulted in 50% of the solvent-control cell growth is designated as the IC<sub>50</sub> concentration, calculated using Graphpad PRISM 6. At least three biological replicates are performed for each assay<sup>[1]</sup>.

### REFERENCES

[1]. Watts CA, et al. Design, synthesis, and biological evaluation of an allosteric inhibitor of HSET that targets cancer cells with supernumerary centrosomes. Chem Biol. 2013 Nov 21:20(11):1399-410.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA

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