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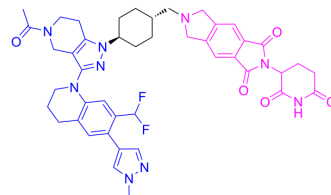
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CBPD-268

Cat. No.:	HY-161369
Molecular Formula:	C ₄₄ H ₄₇ F ₂ N ₉ O ₅
Molecular Weight:	819.9
Target:	Histone Acetyltransferase; PROTACs
Pathway:	Epigenetics; PROTAC
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	CBPD-268 is a potent and orally active CBP/p300 PROTAC degrader with an DC ₅₀ value of ≤ 0.03 nM. CBPD-268 induces CBP/p300 degradation and inhibits cell growth. CBPD-268 shows antitumor activity. CBPD-268 has the potential for the research of AR-positive prostate cancer (Structure Note: Red, Androgen receptor degrader (HY-W248665A); Blue, CBP/p300 ligand (HY-161483); Black, Linker) ^[1] .																				
In Vitro	<p>CBPD-268 (4, 24 h) shows high degradation efficiency for CBP and p300 protein with DC₅₀s of 0.01, 0.03 nM at 4 h in 22Rv1 cells^[1].</p> <p>CBPD-268 shows degradation by binding to both CBP/p300 and CRBN protein^[1].</p> <p>CBPD-268 (0-1000 nM; 4 days) inhibits cell growth with IC₅₀s of 3.7, 10.3, 4.6 nM for 22Rv1, LNCaP, VCaP cells, respectively^[1]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Cell Viability Assay^[1]</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>22Rv1, LNCaP, VCaP cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>0-1000 nM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>4 days</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Inhibited cell growth with IC₅₀s OF 3.7, 10.3, 4.6 Nm for 22Rv1, LNCaP, VCaP cells, respectively.</td> </tr> </table>	Cell Line:	22Rv1, LNCaP, VCaP cells	Concentration:	0-1000 nM	Incubation Time:	4 days	Result:	Inhibited cell growth with IC ₅₀ s OF 3.7, 10.3, 4.6 Nm for 22Rv1, LNCaP, VCaP cells, respectively.												
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In Vivo	<p>CBPD-268 (0.3, 1, 3, 10, 30 mg/kg; p.o.; once) induces depletion of both CBP and p300 proteins in tumor tissues with a single oral administration at 0.3-3 mg/kg^[1].</p> <p>CBPD-268 (1, 3 mg/kg; p.o.; twice a week for 1 mg/kg or 3 mg/kg weekly for 4-weeks) shows antitumor activity^[1].</p> <p>Pharmacokinetic Parameters^[1].</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Species</th> <th>IV (mg/kg)</th> <th>T_{1/2} (h)</th> <th>V_{1/2}(L/kg)</th> <th>CL (mL/min/kg)</th> <th>PO(mg/kg)</th> <th>T_{1/2} (h)</th> <th>C_{max} (ng/ml)</th> <th>AUC(h*ng/mL)</th> <th>F(%)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Rats</td> <td>1</td> <td>1.9</td> <td>4.9</td> <td>34.6</td> <td>3</td> <td>1.3</td> <td>220.6</td> <td>936.9</td> <td>67</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Species	IV (mg/kg)	T _{1/2} (h)	V _{1/2} (L/kg)	CL (mL/min/kg)	PO(mg/kg)	T _{1/2} (h)	C _{max} (ng/ml)	AUC(h*ng/mL)	F(%)	Rats	1	1.9	4.9	34.6	3	1.3	220.6	936.9	67
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Mice 1 3.4 1.6 6.0 3 3.1 724.7 4190.4 60

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	male CB17 SCID mice (VCaP xenograft tumor) ^[1]
Dosage:	0.3, 1, 3, 10, 30 mg/kg
Administration:	P.o.; once
Result:	Induced depletion of both CBP and p300 proteins in the VCaP tumor tissue in a dose-dependent manner.

Animal Model:	male CB17 SCID mice (VCaP xenograft tumor model) ^[1]
Dosage:	1, 3 mg/kg
Administration:	P.o.; twice a week for 1 mg/kg or 3 mg/kg weekly for 4-weeks
Result:	Inhibited tumor growth and shows little effect on animal body weight.

Animal Model:	female BALB/c mice ^[1]
Dosage:	3, 10, 30 mg/kg
Administration:	P.o.; twice weekly for 5-6 weeks
Result:	Induced no weight loss or other signs of toxicity at both 3 and 10 mg/kg dose-levels in both male and female mice.

Animal Model:	Female Sprague–Dawley (SD) rats ^[1]
Dosage:	1-10 mg/kg
Administration:	P.o.; twice a week for 5 weeks
Result:	Did not cause animal body weight loss during the entire experiment and did not induce any signs of toxicity during the entire experiment.

REFERENCES

[1]. Chen Z, et al. Discovery of CBPD-268 as an Exceptionally Potent and Orally Efficacious CBP/p300 PROTAC Degradable Capable of Achieving Tumor Regression. *J Med Chem.* 2024 Apr 11;67(7):5275-5304.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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