

## Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien
Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial
Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik
Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

### Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

#### SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

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#### VEGFR-2-IN-47

Cat. No.:	HY-163747	
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>22</sub> N <sub>6</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	
Molecular Weight:	446.46	. 0
Target:	VEGFR	
Pathway:	Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK	N N N O
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.	

Product Data Sheet

<b>BIOLOGICAL ACTIV</b>			
Description	VEGFR-2-IN-47 (compound 7g) is a potent VEGFR-2 inhibitor with an IC <sub>50</sub> value of 0.072 $\mu$ M. VEGFR-2-IN-47 can induce G2 / M phase cell cycle arrest, promote apoptosis, and boost immunomodulation by downregulating TNF- $\alpha$ expression and upregulating IL-2 levels in MCF-7 cells. VEGFR-2-IN-47 has the potential to be used for the research of cancer such as breast cancer and liver carcinoma <sup>[1]</sup> .		
IC₅₀ & Target	VEGFR2 0.072 μM (IC <sub>50</sub> )		
In Vitro	VEGFR-2-IN-47 (compound 7g) (48 h) exhibits highly selective antiproliferative activity against MCF-7 and HepG2 cancer cells with IC <sub>50</sub> s values of 19.35 and 27.89 μM, respectively. VEGFR-2-IN-47 displays low toxicity to a normal cell line (WI38) with an IC <sub>50</sub> value of 51.14 μM, indicating a favorable safety profile <sup>[1]</sup> . VEGFR-2-IN-47(19.35 μM; 72 h) results in MCF-7 cells reduction in G0 / G1 phase and S phase, accumulation in G2 / M phase <sup>[1]</sup> . VEGFR-2-IN-47 (19.35 μM; 72 h) can promote apoptosis by downregulating Bcl-2 expression and upregulating Bax levels, and boost immunomodulation by downregulating TNF-α expression and upregulating IL-2 levels in MCF-7 cells <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. Cell Cycle Analysis <sup>[1]</sup>		
	Cell Line:	MCF-7 cells	
	Concentration:	19.35 μM	
	Incubation Time:	72 hours	
	Result:	Increased the cell population at the G2 / M phase compared to untreated cells from 16.41 to 24.89 %. Induced a decrease in the cell population at the G0 - G1 phase (from 59.04 to 54.51 %) and S phase (from 24.55 to 20.60 %).	
	Apoptosis Analysis <sup>[1]</sup>		
	Cell Line:	MCF-7 cells	
	Concentration:	19.35 μΜ	
	Incubation Time:	72 hours	

# RedChemExpress

Result:	Showed a significant increase in early and late apoptosis (17.65 and 7.21 %, respectivel compared to untreated cells (0.43 and 1.71 %, respectively).
Real Time qPCR <sup>[1]</sup>	
Cell Line:	MCF-7 cells
Concentration:	19.35 μΜ
Incubation Time:	72 hours
Result:	Upregulated the expression of Bax by more than 4.5 times and downregulated Bcl-2 by more than 6 times. Exhibited a strong suppressive effect on the TNF-a (2.5 fold) and stimulatory effect on the IL-2 (3.3 fold) compared to the control cells.

#### REFERENCES

[1]. Jingyi Liu, et al. Identification of 3-(9H-carbazol-9-yl)-2-(1,3-dioxoisoindolin-2-yl)propanoic acids as promising DNMT1 inhibitors. Eur J Med Chem. 2024 Aug 5;274:116538.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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