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Lieferung & Zahlungsart

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Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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Foralumab

| | |
|-----------|---|
| Cat. No.: | HY-P99199 |
| CAS No.: | 946415-64-1 |
| Target: | CD3 |
| Pathway: | Immunology/Inflammation |
| Storage: | Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis. |

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

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|-------------------------------------|--|---------------|---|---------|-------|-----------------|--|---------|---|---------------|---|---------|---|-----------------|---|---------|---|---------------|---|
| Description | Foralumab (NI-0401) is a potent, orally active human monoclonal antibody targeting the CD3. Foralumab modulates immune responses by human cells in NSG mice that were reconstituted with human hematopoietic stem cells ^[1] . | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| IC₅₀ & Target | Target: CD3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| In Vivo | <p>Foralumab (NI-0401; 0.6-250 µg; p.o.; daily, for 5 d) delays the rejection of B6Rag2^{-/-} skin grafted onto the humanized mice^[1].</p> <p>Foralumab (0.6-250 µg; p.o. and i.h.; daily, for 5 d) prevents skin xenograft rejection in mice with human immune systems^[1].</p> <p>Foralumab (1-15 µg; p.o.; daily, for 5 d) has good bioavailability of intragastric in humanized mice^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Humanized NOD/SCID IL-2γc^{-/-} mice with Skin grafts (Humanized mice: CD34+ cells are injected intra-hepatically into irradiated (0.9 Gy) NSG pups within 48 hours of birth)^[1]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>15 µg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Oral administration; daily, for 5 days and weekly dosing</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td> Showed robust protection against graft rejection and prolongs graft survival. Reduced proliferation of CD8+ T cells and reduced release of TNF. Increased the concentration of IL-10. </td> </tr> </table> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Humanized NOD/SCID IL-2γc^{-/-} mice with Skin grafts (Humanized mice: CD34+ cells are injected intra-hepatically into irradiated (0.9 Gy) NSG pups within 48 hours of birth)^[1]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>1, 5, 15, 50, and 250 µg (p.o.), 0.6 mg/kg (i.h.)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Oral administration and subcutaneous injection; daily, for 5 days and weekly dosing</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Had tolerant to autologous skin grafts in humanized mice.</td> </tr> </table> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Humanized NOD/SCID IL-2γc^{-/-} mice with Skin grafts (Humanized mice: CD34+ cells are</td> </tr> </table> | Animal Model: | Humanized NOD/SCID IL-2γc ^{-/-} mice with Skin grafts (Humanized mice: CD34+ cells are injected intra-hepatically into irradiated (0.9 Gy) NSG pups within 48 hours of birth) ^[1] | Dosage: | 15 µg | Administration: | Oral administration; daily, for 5 days and weekly dosing | Result: | Showed robust protection against graft rejection and prolongs graft survival. Reduced proliferation of CD8+ T cells and reduced release of TNF. Increased the concentration of IL-10. | Animal Model: | Humanized NOD/SCID IL-2γc ^{-/-} mice with Skin grafts (Humanized mice: CD34+ cells are injected intra-hepatically into irradiated (0.9 Gy) NSG pups within 48 hours of birth) ^[1] | Dosage: | 1, 5, 15, 50, and 250 µg (p.o.), 0.6 mg/kg (i.h.) | Administration: | Oral administration and subcutaneous injection; daily, for 5 days and weekly dosing | Result: | Had tolerant to autologous skin grafts in humanized mice. | Animal Model: | Humanized NOD/SCID IL-2γc ^{-/-} mice with Skin grafts (Humanized mice: CD34+ cells are |
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| | injected intra-hepatically into irradiated (0.9 Gy) NSG pups within 48 hours of birth ^[1] |
| Dosage: | 0, 5, 10, and 15 µg |
| Administration: | Oral administration and subcutaneous injection; daily, for 5 days and weekly dosing |
| Result: | Increased human Ig on the surface of CD4+ and CD8+ T cells. Had free mAb in the serum of mice |

REFERENCES

[1]. Ogura M, et, al. Oral treatment with foralumab, a fully human anti-CD3 monoclonal antibody, prevents skin xenograft rejection in humanized mice. Clin Immunol. 2017 Oct;183:240-246.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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