



**SZABO  
SCANDIC**

Part of Europa Biosite

## Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!  
See the following pages for more information!



### Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

### Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

### SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

[mail@szabo-scandic.com](mailto:mail@szabo-scandic.com)

[www.szabo-scandic.com](http://www.szabo-scandic.com)

[linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic](http://linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic)



## Alirocumab

Cat. No.:	HY-P9928
CAS No.:	1245916-14-6
Target:	Ser/Thr Protease
Pathway:	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Alirocumab (REGN 727) is a human monoclonal antibody inhibitor of PCSK9. Alirocumab is a monoclonal antibody. Alirocumab has anti-inflammatory, antiangiogenic and antioxidant effects. Alirocumab can be used in the study of hypercholesterolemia <sup>[1][2][3][4][5]</sup> .								
In Vitro	<p>Alirocumab (0.01, 0.1, 1, 2 and 10 µM, 24-72 h) does not affect cell viability and function in hiPSC-CMs and hESC-CMs, and can be used to evaluate drug safety in lipid-lowering cardiovascular cells<sup>[3]</sup>. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p><b>Cell Viability Assay<sup>[3]</sup></b></p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>hiPSC-CMs, hESC-CMs</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>0.01, 0.1, 1, 2, 10 µM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>24-72 h</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Exhibited normal cell viability and did not affect the level of LDH release.</td> </tr> </table>	Cell Line:	hiPSC-CMs, hESC-CMs	Concentration:	0.01, 0.1, 1, 2, 10 µM	Incubation Time:	24-72 h	Result:	Exhibited normal cell viability and did not affect the level of LDH release.
Cell Line:	hiPSC-CMs, hESC-CMs								
Concentration:	0.01, 0.1, 1, 2, 10 µM								
Incubation Time:	24-72 h								
Result:	Exhibited normal cell viability and did not affect the level of LDH release.								
In Vivo	<p>Alirocumab (3 or 10 mg/kg, subcutaneous injection weekly for 18 weeks) inhibits atherosclerosis, improves the plaque morphology, and enhances the effects of a statin<sup>[4]</sup>. Alirocumab (10 mg/kg, intraperitoneal injection at day 0, 10, 20) inhibits PCSK9 in rats and improves systemic oxidative stress and hyperlipidemia in BDL-induced cirrhosis rats<sup>[5]</sup>. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>CETP mice model<sup>[4]</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>3 or 10 mg/kg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>s.c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Decreased total cholesterol dose-dependently. Increased hepatic LDL receptor protein levels but did not affect hepatic cholesterol and TG content. Decreased atherosclerotic lesion size and improved plaque morphology.</td> </tr> </table>	Animal Model:	CETP mice model <sup>[4]</sup>	Dosage:	3 or 10 mg/kg	Administration:	s.c.	Result:	Decreased total cholesterol dose-dependently. Increased hepatic LDL receptor protein levels but did not affect hepatic cholesterol and TG content. Decreased atherosclerotic lesion size and improved plaque morphology.
Animal Model:	CETP mice model <sup>[4]</sup>								
Dosage:	3 or 10 mg/kg								
Administration:	s.c.								
Result:	Decreased total cholesterol dose-dependently. Increased hepatic LDL receptor protein levels but did not affect hepatic cholesterol and TG content. Decreased atherosclerotic lesion size and improved plaque morphology.								

Animal Model:	Rat model (240-280 g) [5]
Dosage:	10 mg/kg
Administration:	i.p.
Result:	Elevated ammonia, total cholesterol, LDL and ox-LDL levels. Decreased plasma levels of total cholesterol, LDL, and oxidative stress markers.

## REFERENCES

- [1]. Tavori H, et al. Alirocumab: PCSK9 inhibitor for LDL cholesterol reduction. *Expert Rev Cardiovasc Ther.* 2014 Oct;12(10):1137-44.
- [2]. Ni X, et al. Establishment of an in vitro safety assessment model for lipid-lowering drugs using same-origin human pluripotent stem cell-derived cardiomyocytes and endothelial cells. *Acta Pharmacol Sin.* 2022 Jan;43(1):240-250.
- [3]. Kühnast S, et al. Alirocumab inhibits atherosclerosis, improves the plaque morphology, and enhances the effects of a statin. *J Lipid Res.* 2014 Oct;55(10):2103-12.
- [4]. Huang HC, et al. Effects of PCSK-9 Inhibition by Alirocumab Treatments on Biliary Cirrhotic Rats. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2022 Jul 2;23(13):7378.
- [5]. Markham A. Alirocumab: First Global Approval. *Drugs.* 2015;75(14):1699-1705.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: [tech@MedChemExpress.com](mailto:tech@MedChemExpress.com)

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA