

# Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



# Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

# Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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## Product datasheet

# Mouse anti CD45, conjugated to FITC

mordicmubio.com/products/Mouse-anti-CD45-conjugated-to-FITC/GM-4062

Catalog number: GM-4062

Clone	VIT200
Isotype	lgG2a
Product Type	Primary Antibodies
Units	2ml (100 Tests)
Host	Mouse
Species Reactivity	Human
Application	Direct Immunofluorescence Flow Cytometry Immunofluoresence

#### Background

The CD45 molecule is typically expressed at high levels on all hematopoietic cells. CD45 is a major component of the glycocalix of these cells and can be expressed in different isoforms. Antibody VIT200 recognizes a pan CD45 epitope, which is expressed on all hematopoietic cells. The VIT200 antibody permits the identification and enumeration of human leukocytes using flow cytometry. Results must be interpreted by a certified professional before final interpretation. Analyses performed with this antibody should be paralleled by positive and negative controls. If unexpected results are obtained which cannot be attributed to differences in laboratory procedures, please contact us.

#### **Product**

2 ml of FITC-conjugated anti CD45 (clone VIT200) in PBS pH 7.2, 1% BSA, and 0.05% NaN3, approximately 100 tests.

Product Form: FITC

Formulation: PBS pH 7.2, 1% BSA, 0.05% NaN3

### **Specificity**

The CD45 mAb (clone VIT200) recognizes a pan CD45 epitope. The sensitivity of VIT200 mAb is determined by staining well-definted blood samples from representative donors with serial-fold mAb dilutions to obtain a titration curve that allows relating the mAb concentration to the percentage of stained cells and geometric MFI (mean fluorescence intensity). For this purpose, a mAb-concentration range is selected to include both the saturation point (i.e. the mAb dilution expected to bind all epitopes on the target cell) and the detection threshold (i.e. the mAb dilution expected to represent the least amount of mAb needed to detect an identical percentage of cells). In practice, 50 µl of leukocytes containing 10^7 cells/ml are stained with 20 µl mAb of various dilutions to obtain a titration curve and to identify the saturation point and detection threshold. The final concentration of the product is then adjusted to be at least 3-fold above the detection threshold. In addition and to control lot-to-lot variation, the given lot is compared and adjusted to fluorescence standards with defined intensity.

### **Applications**

Direct Immunofluorescence (Staining Procedure) Nordic-MUbio fluorochrome labeled antibodies are designed for use with either whole blood or isolated mononuclear cell (MNC) preparations. Proposed staining procedure for whole blood in short: - For each sample add 50 µl of EDTA anti-coagulated blood to a 3-5 ml tube - Add 20 µl of the appropriate Nordic-MUbio monoclonal antibody conjugate - Incubate the tube for 15 minutes at 4°C or at room temperature in the dark - Add 100 µl NM-LYSE (Cat.No. GAS-003) to each tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature - Add 3-4 ml of destilled water and vortex, incubate for 5-10 minutes at room temperature - Centrifuge tube for 5 minutes at 300 g - Aspirate supernatant and resuspend pellet in 0.3 ml of sheath fluid - Analyze immediately or store samples at 2-8° C in the dark and analyze within 24 hours For "No-Wash" protocol please refer to www.nordicmubio.com Proposed staining procedure for MNC in short: - Carefully add 20 µl antibody conjugate and 50-100 µI MNC to the bottom of a tube - Vortex at low speed for 1-2 seconds - Incubate for 15-30 minutes at 2-8°C or at room temperature - Centrifuge tubes for 5 minutes at 300 g -Remove supernatant, resuspend cells in 2-5 ml of phosphate buffered saline (PBS) and centrifuge cells again for 5 minutes at 300 g - Remove supernatant and resuspend cells in sheath fluid for immediate analysis or resuspend cells in 0.5 ml 1 % formaldehyde and store them at 2-8°C in the dark. Analyze fixed cells within 24 hours Indirect Immunofluorescence (Staining Procedure) - Mix 20 µl Nordic-MUbio purified antibody with 50 µl whole blood or MNC suspension - Incubate for 15 minutes at 2-8°C - Wash cells with phosphate buffered saline (PBS) - Add to cell pellet 20 µl of affinity purified. fluorochrome labeled F(ab')2 anti mouse Ig antibodies - Incubate for 15 minutes at 2-8°C - Wash cells with phosphate buffered saline (PBS) or proceed as described for direct staining

#### Storage

Nordic-MUbio monoclonal antibody reagents contain optimal concentrations of affinity-purified antibody. For stability reasons this monoclonal antibody solution contains sodium

azide. These reagents should be stored at 2-8°C (DO NOT FREEZE!) and protected from prolonged exposure to light. If a slight precipitation occurs upon storage, this should be removed by centrifugation. It will not affect the performance or the concentration of the product. Stability of the reagent: Please refer to the expiry date printed onto the vial. The use of the reagent after the expiration date is not recommended.

#### Caution

This product is intended FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY, and FOR TESTS IN VITRO, not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures involving humans or animals. It may contain hazardous ingredients. Please refer to the Safety Data Sheets (SDS) for additional information and proper handling procedures. Dispose product remainders according to local regulations. This datasheet is as accurate as reasonably achievable, but Exalpha Biologicals accepts no liability for any inaccuracies or omissions in this information.

#### References

1. Battifora, H. & Trowbridge, I. S. (1983) Cancer 51, 816-21. 2. Brocklebank, A. M. & Sparrow, R. L. (2001) Cytometry 46, 254-61. 3. Cobbold, S., Hale, G. & Waldmann, H. (1987) In Leukocyte Typing III (Oxford University Press, Oxford-New York-Tokyo) p788-803. 4. Dalchau, R., Kirkley, J. & Fabre, J. W. (1980) Eur J Immunol 10, 737-44. 5. Nicholson, J. K., Hubbard, M. & Jones, B. M. (1996) Cytometry 26, 16-21. 6. Omary, M. B., Trowbridge, I. S. & Battifora, H. A. (1980) J Exp Med 152, 842-52 7. Schraven, B., Roux, M., Hutmacher, B. & Meuer, S. C. (1989) Eur J Immunol 19, 397-403. 8. Sugita, K., Majdic, O., Stockinger, H., Holter, W., Burger, R. & Knapp, W. (1987) Transplantation 43, 570-4. 9. Sun, T., Sangaline, R., Ryder, J., Gibbens, K., Rollo, C., Stewart, S. & Rajagopalan, C. (1997) Am J Clin Pathol 108, 152-7. 10. Thomas, M. L. (1989) Annu Rev Immunol 7, 339-69.

#### **Warranty**

The products sold hereunder are warranted only to conform to the quantity and contents stated on the label at the time of delivery to the customer. There are no warranties, expressed or implied, that extend beyond the description on the label of the product. Exalpha's sole liability is limited to either replacement of the products or refund of the purchase price. Exalpha is not liable for property damage, personal injury, or economic loss caused by the product.

## **Safety Datasheet(s) for this product:**

NM Sodium Azide