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Datasheet for 000-001-B98

DbpA Control Protein

Overview

Description:	DbpA Control Protein - 000-001-B98
Item No.:	000-001-B98
Size:	100 µg
Applications:	SDS-PAGE, WB, Biochemical Assay
Origin:	Borrelia burgdorferi
Expressed in:	E. coli

Product Details

Background:	DbpA, or Decorin Binding Protein A is from the spirochete Borrelia burgdorferi, which is carried by Ixodes ticks. DbpA from other microbial organisms such as E. coli (ATP-dependent RNA helicase DbpA) are significantly different. The spirochete migrates from the tick midgut during tick feeding to tick salivary glands and are thus transmitted to the mammal host. This transition may be facilitated by changes in expression of some B. burgdorferi genes. Spirochetal surface adhesions mediate attachment to decorin, a major component of the host extracellular matrix, enabling bacteria to colonize in mammalian tissues. It is believed that expression of the various proteins associated with the spirochete may be regulated by the changes in tick life cycle, changes in conditions during tick feeding (such as temperature, pH, and nutrients) and/or in coordination with the course of infection of the mammal host. Lyme disease proteins are ideal for researchers interested in immunology, neurology, rheumatology, coinfections, autoimmune, and neurodegenerative diseases.
Synonyms:	Decorin-binding Protein A, Borrelia burgdorferi dbpA, control protein, DbpA Control Protein
Species of Origin:	Borrelia burgdorferi
Expressed in:	E. coli
Type:	Recombinant Protein

Target Details

Gene Name:	dbpA, BB_A24

Purity/Specificity:	DbpA is a fusion protein with an MBP tag and was expressed in E. coli. Analysis by SDS-PAGE resulted in a pattern consistent with purified Decorin Binding Protein A and was estimated to be greater than 90% pure.
Relevant Links:	• UniProtKB - O50917 • NCBI - WP_010890380.1 • GeneID - 1194347

Application Details

Tested Applications:	SDS-PAGE, WB
Suggested Applications:	Biochemical Assay (Based on references)
Application Note:	DbpA is suitable as a control in immunological assays. Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by the end user. Expect bands at 60.9 kDa for DbpA-MBP, (18.5kDa for DbpA and 42.4 kDa for MBP) in size corresponding to DbpA by Western blotting in the appropriate cell lysate or extract. Decorin Binding Protein A has been tested in SDS-page and western blot.
Assay Dilutions:	All assays should be optimized by the user. Recommended dilutions (if any) may be listed below.
ELISA:	User Optimized
WB:	User Optimized

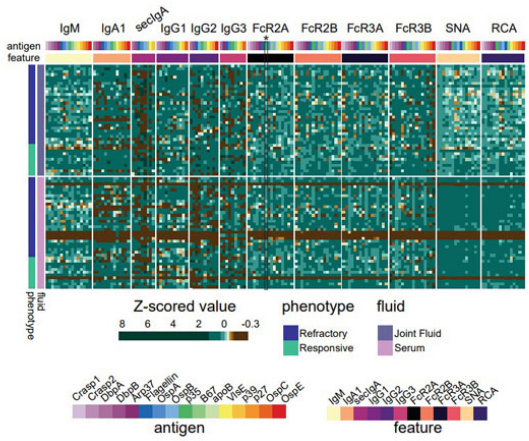
Formulation

Physical State:	Liquid (sterile filtered)
Concentration:	1.0 by BCA assay
Buffer:	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
Preservative:	0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide
Stabilizer:	None

Shipping & Handling

Shipping Condition:	Dry Ice
Storage Condition:	Store vial at -20 °C prior to opening. Aliquot contents and freeze at -20 °C or below for extended storage. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. Dilute only prior to immediate use.
Expiration:	Expiration date is six (6) months from date of receipt.

Images



Figure

Systems serology profiling with Borrelia-specific antigens reveals patient heterogeneity. The heatmap shows the Z-scored measurements for 12 features, across 16 antigens for both refractory and responsive patients, visualized with joint fluid measurements in the upper half of the heatmap and serum measurements in the lower half of the heatmap. Only antigens detected above background for at least 30% of samples were included for each measurement. Statistical significance was assessed using the Mann-Whitney nonparametric test, with p values then corrected for multiple hypothesis testing via Benjamini-Hochburg, *p < 0.05, **p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001, else not significant. CRASP1 (p/n 000-001-C18), CRASP2 (p/n 000-001-C19), DbpA (p/n 000-001-B98), DbpB (p/n 000-001-C16), Arp37 (p/n 000-001-C09), flagellin (p/n 000-001-C14), OspA (p/n 000-001-C13), OspB (p/n 000-001-C15), OspC (p/n 000-001-C11), OspE (p/n 000-001-C10), p27 (p/n 000-001-C30), p35 (p/n 000-001-C12), p39 (p/n 000-001-C17), VlsE (p/n 000-001-C33). Fig 1. PMID: 38303696.

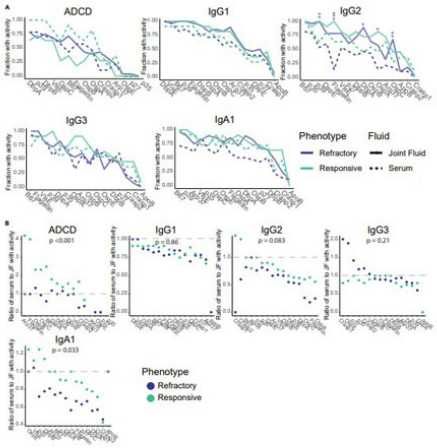
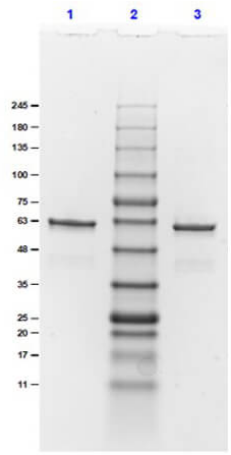


Figure
Antigen-specific IgG2, IgA1, and ADCD partitioning between compartments differs significantly across disease phenotypes. (A) Fraction of samples with non-zero measurements for ADCD, IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, and IgA1 for refractory (dark blue) and responsive (green) patients in the serum (dashed line) and joint fluid (solid line) for each antigen. Significant differences in distribution of non-zero measurements between fluids as assessed by a Fisher's exact test are denoted as *p < 0.05, **p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001 for refractory (dark blue) and responsive (green) samples after correction for multiple hypothesis testing via Benjamini-Hochburg. (B) Ratio of fraction of serum samples with non-zero measurements to fraction of joint fluid samples with non-zero measurements for ADCD, IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, and IgA1 for refractory (dark blue) and responsive (green) patients for each antigen. Significant differences in distributions of ratios between phenotypes are assessed by a Mann-Whitney nonparametric test, then corrected for multiple hypothesis testing via Benjamini-Hochburg. CRASP1, CRASP2, DbpA, DbpB, Arp37, flagellin, OspA, OspB, OspC, OspE, p27, p35, p39, VlsE: Rockland antigens. Fig 6. PMID: 38303696.



SDS-PAGE
SDS-PAGE Results of DbpA Control Protein. Lane 1: DbpA Control Protein Reduced (10µg). Lane 2: Opal Pre-Stained Molecular Weight Marker (p/n MB-210-0500). Lane 3: DbpA Control Protein Non-Reduced (10µg). 4-20% SDS-PAGE; Coomassie Stained. Expect bands at ~60.9 kDa for DbpA-MBP fusion protein.

References

- Bowman KA. et al. Borrelia-specific antibody profiles and complement deposition in joint fluid distinguish antibiotic-refractory from -responsive Lyme arthritis. *iScience.* (2024)

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