



SZABO SCANDIC

Part of Europa Biosite

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

[linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic](https://www.linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic) 

Akt2 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-116831

BACKGROUND

The serine/threonine kinase Akt family contains several members, including Akt1 (also designated PKB or RacPK), Akt2 (also designated PKB β or RacPK- β) and Akt3 (also designated PKB γ or thymoma viral proto-oncogene 3), which exhibit sequence homology with the protein kinase A and C families and are encoded by the c-Akt proto-oncogene. All members of the Akt family have a Pleckstrin homology domain. Akt1 and Akt2 are activated by PDGF stimulation. This activation is dependent on PDGFR- β tyrosine residues 740 and 751, which bind the subunit of the phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI 3-kinase) complex. Akt proteins become phosphorylated and activated in insulin/IGF-I-stimulated cells by an upstream kinase(s), and the activation of Akt1 and Akt2 is inhibited by the PI kinase inhibitor Wortmannin. Taken together, this data strongly suggests that the protein signals downstream of the PI kinases. Akt3 is phosphorylated on a serine residue in response to insulin, and this activation is inhibited by prior activation of protein kinase C. Akt3 is expressed in 3T3-L1 fibroblasts, adipocytes and skeletal muscle and may be involved in various biological processes, including adipocyte and muscle differentiation, glycogen synthesis, glucose uptake, apoptosis, and cellular proliferation.

REFERENCES

- Burgering, B.M., et al. 1995. Protein kinase B (c-Akt) in phosphatidylinositol-3-OH kinase signal transduction. *Nature* 376: 599-602.
- Datta, K., et al. 1995. AH/PH domain-mediated interaction between Akt molecules and its potential role in Akt regulation. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 15: 2304-2310.
- Franke, T.F., et al. 1995. The protein kinase encoded by the Akt proto-oncogene is a target of the PDGF-activated phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase. *Cell* 81: 727-736.
- Cheng, J.Q., et al. 1996. Amplification of Akt2 in human pancreatic cancer cells and inhibition of Akt2 expression and tumorigenicity by antisense RNA. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93: 3636-3641.
- Barthel, A., et al. 1998. Protein kinase C modulates the Insulin-stimulated increase in Akt1 and Akt3 activity in 3T3-L1 adipocytes. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 243: 509-513.
- Nakatani, K., et al. 1999. Identification of a human Akt3 (protein kinase B γ) which contains the regulatory serine phosphorylation site. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 257: 906-910.
- Turinsky, J., et al. 1999. Akt kinases and 2-deoxyglucose uptake in rat skeletal muscles *in vivo*: study with insulin and exercise. *Am. J. Physiol.* 276: R277-282.
- Murthy, S.S., et al. 2000. Mapping of Akt3, encoding a member of the Akt/protein kinase B family, to human and rodent chromosomes by fluorescence *in situ* hybridization. *Cytogenet. Cell Genet.* 88: 38-40.
- Thrash, B.R., et al. 2006. Akt1 provides an essential survival signal required for differentiation and stratification of primary human keratinocytes. *J. Biol. Chem.* 281: 12155-12162.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: AKT2 (human) mapping to 19q13.2.

PRODUCT

Akt2 (h): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human Akt2 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 μ g protein in 200 μ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

APPLICATIONS

Akt2 (h): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive Akt2 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 μ l per lane.

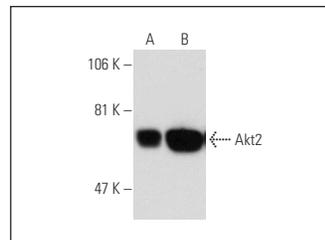
Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

Akt2 (1G8C12): sc-81148 is recommended as a positive control antibody for Western Blot analysis of enhanced human Akt2 expression in Akt2 transfected 293T cells (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000).

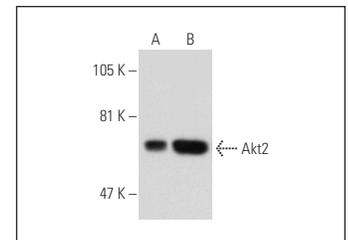
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended:
 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.

DATA



Akt2 (1G8C12): sc-81148. Western blot analysis of Akt2 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human Akt2 transfected: sc-116831 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.



Akt2 (8B7): sc-81436. Western blot analysis of Akt2 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human Akt2 transfected: sc-116831 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.