

Produktinformation



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SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

Chk1 (m): 293T Lysate: sc-119228



BACKGROUND

Cell cycle events are regulated by the sequential activation and deactivation of cyclin dependent kinases (Cdks) and by proteolysis of cyclins. Chk1 and Chk2 are involved in these processes as regulators of Cdks. Chk1 and Chk2 both function as essential components in the G₂ DNA damage checkpoint by phosphorylating Cdc25C in response to DNA damage. Phosphorylation inhibits Cdc25C activity, thereby blocking mitosis. Cdc25A, Cdc25B and Cdc25C protein tyrosine phosphatases function as mitotic activators by dephosphorylating Cdc2 p34 on regulatory tyrosine residues. It has also been shown that Chk1 can phosphorylate Wee 1 *in vitro*, providing evidence that the hyperphosphorylated form of Wee 1, seen in cells delayed by Chk1 overexpression, is due to phosphorylation by Chk1.

REFERENCES

- 1. Gautier, J., et al. 1991. Cdc25 is a specific tyrosine phosphatase that directly activates p34 Cdc2. Cell 67: 197-211.
- 2. Barinaga, M. 1995. A new twist to the cell cycle. Science 269: 631-632.
- Sanchez, Y., et al. 1997. Conservation of the Chk1 checkpoint pathway in mammals: linkage of DNA damage to Cdk regulation through Cdc25. Science 277: 1497-1501.
- 4. O'Connell, M.J., et al. 1997. Chk1 is a Wee 1 kinase in the G_2 DNA damage checkpoint inhibiting Cdc2 by Y15 phosphorylation. EMBO J. 16: 545-554.
- 5. Peng, C.Y., et al. 1997. Mitotic and G_2 checkpoint control: regulation of 14-3-3 protein binding by phosphorylation of Cdc25C on Serine 216. Science 277: 1501-1505.
- Matsuoka, S., et al. 1998. Linkage of ATM to cell cycle regulation by the Chk2 protein kinase. Science 282: 1893-1897.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Chek1 (mouse) mapping to 9 A4.

PRODUCT

Chk1 (m): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of mouse Chk1 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 μ g protein in 200 μ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

Chk1 (m): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for mouse reactive Chk1 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 μl per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

Chk1 (2G11D5): sc-56288 is recommended as a positive control antibody for Western Blot analysis of enhanced mouse Chk1 expression in Chk1 transfected 293T cells (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000).

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.

DATA



Chk1 (2G11D5): sc-56288. Western blot analysis of Chk1 expression in non-transfected: sc-11752 (**A**) and mouse Chk1 transfected: sc-119228 (**B**) 293T whole cell lysates.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.