



**SZABO  
SCANDIC**

Part of Europa Biosite

## Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!  
See the following pages for more information!



### Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

### Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

### SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

[mail@szabo-scandic.com](mailto:mail@szabo-scandic.com)

[www.szabo-scandic.com](http://www.szabo-scandic.com)

[linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic](http://linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic)



# resistin-like $\beta$ (m): 293T Lysate: sc-123078

## BACKGROUND

The cysteine-rich, adipose tissue-specific, secretory factor resistin (resistance to Insulin, also known as ADSF) is a secreted hormone that potentially links obesity to diabetes. Resistin is rich in serine and cysteine residues and contains a unique cysteine repeat motif. Resistin and the resistin-like molecules share the characteristic cysteine composition and other signature features. Resistin-like  $\alpha$  is a secreted protein that has restricted tissue distribution and is most highly expressed in adipose tissue. Another family member, resistin-like  $\beta$ , is a secreted protein expressed only in the gastrointestinal tract, particularly in the colon, in both mouse and human. Resistin-like  $\beta$  expression is highest in proliferative epithelial cells and is markedly increased in tumors, suggesting a role in intestinal proliferation.

## REFERENCES

1. Kim, K.H., et al. 2001. A cysteine-rich adipose tissue-specific secretory factor inhibits adipocyte differentiation. *J. Biol. Chem.* 276: 11252-11256.
2. Dove, A. 2001. Resistin diabetes. *Nat. Biotechnol.* 19: 217.
3. Flier, J.S. 2001. Diabetes. The missing link with obesity? *Nature* 409: 292-293.
4. Steppan, C.M., et al. 2001. The hormone resistin links obesity to diabetes. *Nature* 409: 307-312.
5. Steppan, C.M., et al. 2001. A family of tissue-specific resistin-like molecules. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 98: 502-506.
6. Vendrell, J., et al. 2004. Resistin, adiponectin, ghrelin, leptin, and proinflammatory cytokines: relationships in obesity. *Obes. Res.* 12: 962-971.
7. Steppan, C.M., et al. 2004. The current biology of resistin. *J. Intern. Med.* 255: 439-447.
8. Banerjee, R.R., et al. 2004. Regulation of fasted blood glucose by resistin. *Science* 303: 1195-1198.
9. Patel, S.D., et al. 2004. Disulfide-dependent multimeric assembly of resistin family hormones. *Science* 304: 1154-1158.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Retnlb (mouse) mapping to 16 B5.

## PRODUCT

resistin-like  $\beta$  (m): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of mouse resistin-like  $\beta$  transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100  $\mu$ g protein in 200  $\mu$ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

## APPLICATIONS

resistin-like  $\beta$  (m): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for mouse reactive resistin-like  $\beta$  antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20  $\mu$ l per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

## STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.