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nardilysin (m): 293T Lysate: sc-125687

BACKGROUND

Aspartyl, serine, thiol and metalloenzyme proteases can be endoproteases, which activate protein precursors by cleavage at basic residues. Human nardilysin, also designated N-arginine dibasic convertase, NRD1 or NRD convertase, is a 1,147 amino acid metalloendopeptidase that cleaves pro-peptide and proprotein substrates at the amino-terminus of arginine residues in dibasic moieties. The nardilysin gene maps to chromosome 1p32.2 and is expressed as a 3.6 kb transcript primarily in adult heart, skeletal muscle and testis. In the testis, nardilysin appears to be restricted to germ cells. As a member of the Insulinase family, nardilysin is a specific receptor for heparin-binding epidermal growth factor-like growth factor (HB-EGF) that modulates HB-EGF-induced cell migration via ErbB1. Nardilysin exhibits a significant degree of similarity to Insulinase and to two yeast processing enzymes, Axl1 and Ste2. Defects in the gene encoding nardilysin are linked to inherited neuromuscular disorders.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Nrd1 (mouse) mapping to 4 C7.

PRODUCT

nardilysin (m): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of mouse nardilysin transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

nardilysin (m): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for mouse reactive nardilysin antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.